Advertise YOUR WANTS AND GET ANSWERS.

St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

READ BY 100,000 READERS IN THE CITY

VOL. 37.—NO. 102. ST. LOUIS, FRIDAY EVENING, OCTOBER 29, 1886. PRICE, FIVE CENTS. BY CARRIER, FIFTEEN CENTS A WEEK.

The LORDS of CREATION

MUST

NOT BE ALLOWED TO FORGET

The Great Desideratum and Gold Mine for Them!!

The New Tailoring Department

—OF—

D. CRAWFORD & Co.

NOW IN FULL BLAST, AND

DOING THE BIGGEST BUSINESS

IN TOWN!!

PERFECT FIT OR NO SALE.

Prices 25 to 75 Per Cent BELOW Exclusive Merchant Tailoring Store Prices.

NOTE!

Men's Pants made to order from All-Wool Cassimeres, $5.00, $6.00 $7.00, $7.50, $8.00.
Men's Pants made to order from Imported Scotch, English, French and German Trouserings, $7.50, $8.00, $8.50, $9.00, $10.00, $11.00.
Men's Pants made to order from Imported Scotch Bannockburn Tweeds, $8.00, $8.50, $9.00.
Men's Pants made to order from English All-Wool Corkscrews and Diagonals, $7.50, $8.00, $9.00, $10.00, $11.00.
Men's Business Suits made to order from All-Wool Cassimeres, $19.00, $20.00, $21.00, $22.50, $24.00, $25.00.
Men's Heavy Suits, made from All-Wool Suitings, $27.50, $29.00, $30.00, $32.50.
Men's Suits, made from Finest Domestic Suitings, $35.00, $37.50, $40.00.
Men's Suits made to order from Imported English, Scotch and French Suitings, $35.00, $37.50, $40.00.
Suits made to order from Genuine Scotch Bannockburn and Galashiels Tweeds, $32.50, $35.00, $37.50, $40.00.
Suits made to order from Imported English Worsteds in Blue and Black, $30.00, $32.50, $35.00, $37.50, $40.00.
Overcoats made to order from Imported Chinchilla, Beaver and Melton, $30.00, $32.50, $35.00, $37.50, $40.00 and $45.00.

Much the Largest Stock of Woolens

In the city from which to make selections.

ONE TRIAL WILL CONVINCE YOU.

Leave Your Measure at Once

AT THE NEW TAILORING DEPARTMENT OF

D. CRAWFORD & CO.'S

GREAT BROADWAY BAZAAR.

WHEN

"In the state of exhilaration you went home, and you" VIVIDLY saw——that your wardrobe was deplete in Underwear, Hosiery, Shirts or Neckwear, or all, we can replenish same at a moderate cost.

When Clothing Store,

210 and 212 North Broadway.

Boys' Winter Caps!

We have them in every style, with wide double band to pull over the ears.

WE CAN SAVE YOU

From 25 to 50 per cent on every cap. The largest stock of Boys' Cloth Hats in the city.

Mammoth Hat Store | Warren Bros. 203 N. Broadway.

OFFICE ST. LOUIS EXPOSITION AND MUSIC HALL ASSOCIATION,
St. Louis, Mo., October 25, 1886.

EXCELSIOR MANUFACTURING CO., City:

Gentlemen—I hereby certify that I have carefully compared the answers received in the matter of the initials,

"A. U. T. B.,"

and find the following persons entitled to the premiums, as advised by your secretary, under seal, Sept. 6, 1886. The answer is:

ALWAYS USE THE BEST.

Date of receipt of answer:
Sept. 21—1. J. W. Sutherland, Third and Washington av.
Sept. 22—2. Jno. J. Traub, Letter Carrier No. 37, City.
Sept. 23—3. Mrs. Winston, 3006 Chestnut st.

Very respectfully, J. H. JOHNSTON, General Manager.

LOWEST Priced House in America for FINE DIAMONDS

Corner of 4TH and LOCUST.

(We ask you to come and see and verify this assertion. Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co.)

To Buyers of Diamonds:

Our Summer and Fall Importations of Diamonds are now classified and arranged, and we invite an inspection of our Choice Solitaires and Pairs, which we offer at SUCH LOW PRICES as to make them WHOLLY WITHOUT COMPETITION East or West.

Our settings are made almost exclusively in our own factory from original designs, by the most skillful Diamond Setters, and in elegance and finish are scarcely equaled in the world.

Our prices, we know, will meet your approbation, and we should like to show you what we offer in

DIAMOND

EAR-RINGS At $25, $30, $35, $40, $50, $65, $75, $90, $100, $125, $150, $200, $300, $400 and $500.

RINGS At $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25, $30, $35, $40, $50, $65, $75, $90, $100, $150, $200 and $250.

STUDS At $10, $12, $15, $18, $20, $25, $30, $35, $40, $50, $65, $75, $90, $100, $150, $200 and $250.

LACE-PINS At $25, $30, $35, $40, $50, $65, $75, $90, $100, $125, $150, $200, $300, $400 and $500.

We have some specially beautiful things in Pendants, Necklaces and Bracelets to show to those interested.

You will do neither yourselves nor us justice in purchasing before seeing the splendid goods and values we offer.

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO., Cor. of 4th & Locust.

Selection packages of Diamonds will be sent to known parties on receipt of proper references, or will be sent C. O. D. per Express on approval if desired.

Send for Grand Catalogue, 1,500 Engravings.

POLITICAL.

GEN. JOHN A. LOGAN

Will address the citizens of St. Louis upon political questions, at Exposition Hall, on Saturday, October 30, at 8 o'clock p. m. Ladies are invited.

F. W. MOTT, Sec'y. A. C. WIDDICOMBE, Chairman Rep. State Com.

PHILIP H. ZEPP

is the regular Democratic nominee

For Clerk of the Circuit Court.

Election---Tuesday, November 2, '86.

J. GAB. WOERNER,

Candidate for Re-Election as

Judge of the Probate Court.

Election, Tuesday, Nov. 2.

WM. A. HOBBS,

REPUBLICAN CANDIDATE FOR

Recorder of Deeds,

Respectfully solicits the support of the public at the ELECTION, TUESDAY, NOVEMBER 2, 1886.

LEROY B. VALLIANT

Is the Democratic candidate for

JUDGE of the CIRCUIT COURT

J. K. CUMMINGS

is a candidate for Congress from the Eighth District, having received the unanimous nomination from the Republican Convention.

JACOB KLEIN

is the Republican Candidate for

Judge of the Circuit Court.

Election, Tuesday, Nov. 2, 1886.

DR. SAMUEL H. FRAZER

IS THE REGULAR

DEMOCRATIC

NOMINEE FOR

CORONER.

Election November 2.

MICHAEL J. KENEFICK,

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATE FOR

Clerk of Court of Criminal Correction.

You Can Positively Save

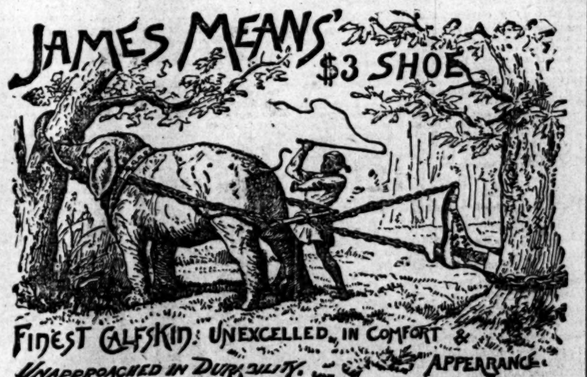
33 PER CENT BY BUYING YOUR

Cloaks and Wraps

OF US. WE ARE HEADQUARTERS.

SPECIAL BARGAINS FOR TO-MORROW

"Famous" Cloak Dept.



CAUTION.

Some dealers, in order to make a larger profit, will urge you to buy inferior goods. This is the original $3 shoe. Beware of imitations which acknowledge their own inferiority by attempting to build upon the reputation of the original. You cannot be sure of getting the genuine article unless you are careful to examine and see that this stamp appears plainly on the soles: JAMES MEANS' $3 SHOE.

If you have been paying five or six dollars for your shoes we should like to convince you that it will certainly pay you to at least try on a pair of the James Means' $3 shoes before buying a new pair. It will cost you nothing to try them on, and perhaps it will eventually save you a good many dollars to do so. Our celebrated factory produces a larger quantity of shoes of this grade than any other factory in the world. The JAMES MEANS' $3 SHOE is sold by the leading retailers throughout the United States. Made in Congress, Button, Lace and Congress. Ask your dealer for the James Means' $3 shoe; if he cannot supply you, write to us, mention this paper, and we will place our shoes easily within your reach, no matter in what State or Territory you may live.

JAMES MEANS & CO., 41 Lincoln Street, Boston, Mass.

For Sale in St. Louis at the Following Stores: T. J. Reid & Co., S. W. corner Fourth and Locust streets, also at 1030 Market street; 1208, 1511 Franklin avenue, 617 Morgan street; Hass Bros., 616 N. Broadway. Look for James Means & Co.'s yellow shoe card in store windows.

HOTEL BARNUM!

Sixth and Washington Avenue. Opposite Lindell.

Best located Hotel in the City. -:- Rates Reasonable.

Special Rates to Single Gentlemen and Families for the Winter.

LATEST EDITION

TROUBLE BREWING.

THE THREATENED DEMONSTRATION OF THE UNEMPLOYED WORKINGMEN OF LONDON.

Henry M. Stanley's Trip to America—Russell and the Government Programme—Gen. Kaulbars' Threatening Note to the Bulgarian Government—France and the Egyptian Occupation—Canadian Politics—Foreign News.

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, October 29.—It appears that the socialist leaders are determined to disregard the orders of the police, and that an immense body of unemployed workingmen will follow in the wake of the Lord Mayor's gorgeous procession on November 9, with black flags and bands of music playing the dead march in "Saul." Even if, contrary to general expectation, the day passes off without disturbance, the contrast between the thousands of starving men and women and the brilliant procession of the city magnates will be most painful and sufficient to arouse the most dangerous feeling of discontent among the masses. Millions of leaflets are being scattered throughout London urging the unemployed to leave their slums and to follow the pageant in silent and solemn order. "Show them your distress and their danger." On all hands it is agreed that never has greater distress prevailed in London than at present. It is not only among the unskilled, but the suffering extends to the skilled working class, and there seems to be no prospect of employment for them in the coming winter. Foremen who have been in constant employment in the same firm for fifteen and twenty years have been turned off, owing to bad times, during the past few weeks. By the riverside and in the vicinity of the docks, the crowds of unemployed are daily growing greater. Hunger and want have driven them almost to desperation. If some steps are not taken to relieve the distress the consequences during the coming months are likely to be terrible, in every sense of the word. All the thousands who are now sleeping in the Parks will be driven to seek shelter when the cold weather sets in and the work-houses and charitable institutions which are available are totally inadequate in number. The Socialist leaders are taking advantage of all this distress to press for the adoption of several measures, one of which at least is worthy of special mention and commendation. It is that one free meal a day in the board schools be granted to all children who desire to partake of it. It appears from a report published by the Daily Telegraph that over 80 per cent of the children who compulsorily attended school last winter were there without having had any food.

HENRY M. STANLEY.

Mr. Henry M. Stanley did not sail for New York last Saturday as reported, but is still lecturing in England. He will not sail till about the middle of November. Among the passengers on the Etruria arriving in New York on Saturday next not already mentioned are: Mr. Ed Heron Allen of London, Countess Bertinatili, Mr. and Mrs. Henry B. Hyde, Mrs. J. B. Lippincott, Gen. P. D. Roddy of Alabama, Gen. Rufus M. Smith of Philadelphia, Mr. and Mrs. R. Mc. Twombley and three daughters, Mrs. P. S. Van Rensselaer and Hamilton Fish Webster.

England.

RUSSELL'S SPEECH.

LONDON, October 29.—Charles Russell, M. P., home-ruler, speaking in London last evening, said it was evident that Lord Randolph Churchill realized that his party must be one of progress and in sympathy with the people. If the Tories dealt with Radical questions in a thorough and honest fashion, the Liberals would not grudge them credit for it.

THE EARL OF STAFFORD.

The Earl of Stafford is dead. He was 80 years of age.

A FALSE REPORT.

The statement that Lord Lytton would succeed Lord Lyons as British Ambassador at Paris was without foundation.

Sir Francis Philip Cunliffe Owen says it is impossible that he could have resigned from the Imperial Institute, as was reported, as he has never been appointed a member of that institute.

LAND REFORMERS.

A public meeting will be held in London on Monday of workingmen and land reformers, the object of which will be to support the policy of land restoration and to express sympathy with the American workingmen in their effort to elect Henry George as Mayor of New York. Among those who will sit on the platform are Dr. MacDonald and Dr. Clark, members of Parliament; Helen Taylor, Rev. Mr. Headlam, Mr. Saunders, an ex-member of Parliament, and Mr. S. Malnville of New York.

Ireland.

WANT OFFICE.

DUBLIN, October 29.—A deputation of Presbyterians called upon the Lord Lieutenant yesterday and complained that they had not a fair proportion of State honors and offices. The Lord Lieutenant replied that it was his earnest desire to have the most efficient officials, and that all creeds should be represented in the Government service.

LANDLORD VS. TENANT.

The Marquis of Headforth refuses to reduce the rents on his estates in County Cavan. The tenants have accordingly resolved unanimously to refuse to pay rents at the present rate, and each will subscribe a shilling for every acre of land he occupies towards a defense fund to be used to prevent their ejectment.

Bulgaria.

RUSSIA'S MENACE.

SOFIA, October 29.—Gen. Kaulbars, the Russian military agent, has addressed a fresh note to the Bulgarian Foreign Minister in which he says: "In view of the arrival at Varna of Government emissaries, who are spreading reports that the presence of the Russian gunboats there is without importance, I am compelled to inform you that those gunboats will vigorously affirm their importance if events render it necessary."

France.

IMPERIAL VISITORS.

PARIS, October 29.—The Russian Grand Duke Alexis has made a tour of the ports, dock yards and arsenals in the west of France. Grand Duke Michael is coming to France for a week's sojourn. Grand Duke Vladimir was expected to come but his visit has been postponed.

Central America.

NEWS FROM GUATEMALA.

NEW ORLEANS, La., October 29.—The steamer which arrived last night from Puerto Cortes, Guatemala, brings news of an interesting character from that country. The greatest excitement was caused in the town of Guatemala on the 10th instant by the exposure of an attempt to poison the President by two brothers, druggists in the city. They prepared the poison and gave it to a servant of the President with $2,000 as a bribe to administer it. But the servant proved honest and handed over to his master both the money and the poison. The druggists were both arrested and put to death. Railroad building is active throughout Guatemala and other Central American republics.

Egypt.

FRANCE'S DECLARATION.

PARIS, October 29.—The Journal des Debats says that England must understand that France will not surrender her share of influence assured her in Egypt by her past, her position as a great power and her colonial interests, and declares that as long as England refuses to satisfy the just demands of France, a cordial reciprocal British-French policy is impossible.

The Dominion.

THE FISHERY TROUBLES.

OTTAWA, Ontario, October 29.—It is evident that the Dominion Government does not look for an early settlement of the fishery difficulty, as it is its intention to construct two or three vessels during the coming winter to be added to the present fleet of cruisers for the protection of the fisheries. It is estimated that there will be an increase of $1,500,000 in the total value of catch this year as compared with last, which will bring the value up to $19,000,000. There are now invested in the Dominion $7,000,000, and Sir John Macdonald states that he is determined to give those who are engaged in the fishery every possible protection, and he will be backed up by the British Government. In round numbers it is estimated that there are upwards of 60,000 men who find employment in this branch of industry and 1,500 vessels valued at $2,250,000.

DISSOLUTION OF PARLIAMENT.

TORONTO, October 29.—At a Reform demonstration at Guelph last night Mr. Blake, leader of the Opposition, stated that within the last twenty-four hours he had received information that the dissolution of Parliament would be announced immediately.

MAY CRACK THE NUT.

Some Developments Expected in the Mascotte Matter—Custom-House Cullings.

There is a prospect of some new developments in the La Mascotte investigation and in the next few days some light ought to be thrown on the real cause of the explosion. It is not at all improbable that the Government inspectors, Capts. Schaffer and Gordon, who went yesterday to New Athens, Ill., to look at a towboat on the Okaw River, will cut across the country and go to the Mascotte wreck which is not many miles distant from that place, being twenty miles above Cape Girardeau. The likelihood of their going over is increased by the fact that the wrecking boat from Cairo arrived at the scene yesterday, and that Capt. Thompson with Hiram Hill, the diver, are also there. As it would take a day to raise the boilers, they are in a fair way to be examined this week.

ROGUS BUTTER BUSINESS.

The oleomargarine stamps have arrived at Collector Barnum's office but not one has been taken out as yet. The reason is given thus by Chief Clerk Atwood: "The State law prohibits the manufacture of oleomargarine and the purchase of a stamp would be an admission of an intention to violate the State law. The whole matter is involved in a great deal of controversy, and the most experienced officials are divided in regard to the application of the internal revenue law to bogus butter. The State statute takes precedence over everything else in this matter, so that practically the stamps might as well be in the bottom of the sea. Another point not very clear is how the retail dealers in oleo would have to be treated, whether they would have to post a notice to that effect, or could sell it without such notice."

FIREMEN AT THE CUSTOM-HOUSE.

Next Monday the winter season practically opens in the basement of the Custom-house. The heating apparatus has been thoroughly tested and preparations made for cold weather. Four firemen on that day will be added to the force, which will then be up to the full winter standard. The number added in the fall is usually six, and is the same this year, two having been taken on a few days ago.

The work of painting the Post-office lobby on the Olive street side has proceeded so far that the beauty of the finish can already be seen. A beautiful red trimming has been put on the ceiling and harmonizes so well with the other colors that a lovely effect will be produced. The painters' work is the occasion of a few facetious remarks on the part of one or two of the most offensive partisans who alluded to it as "a Democratic clearing off of Republican dirt."

RUINED BY RED TAPE.

It looks as if after all red tape would slaughter Sergt. Weber's hopes of erecting a shelter shed for the Signal Service instruments on the Custom-house roof, and would lay this desired improvement over until next spring. The bids for its erection have been forwarded to Washington, but they will no doubt be returned "unapproved," in accordance with the general way of doing. The opening of an official observatory in Forest Park would soon be accomplished if it were not that the Government demands all sorts of guarantees from those who have gratuitously placed accommodations and conveniences at the disposal of the local signal office. As givers don't like to be bound by formal pledges there is a hitch in the proceedings at present.

THE FRENCH DELEGATION.

Count De Lesseps and M. Bartholdi Annoyed by Autograph Cranks.

NEW YORK, October 29.—The French guests of the city to-day visited the apartments of the Board of Education on the invitation of Wm. Wood, President of the board. M. Bartholdi and Marshal Napoleon Ney alone remaining behind at the Hoffman House, where they they spent most of the day chatting with casual callers in the lobby. Among the callers were Judge Daly and Secretary Graviot Washburne of the Grand Council, American Exhibition of London.

Innumerable letters asking for the autographs of one or more of the distinguished Frenchmen have been received. Most of the requests are for the autographs of M. De Lesseps or M. Bartholdi, with the honors about evenly divided. Other letters, containing poems or pleas for aid were also received. All this correspondence goes into the waste-basket. Prince Napoleon saw the parade yesterday from his window at the Fifth Avenue Hotel, and to-day, like all the rest of the days, he has remained closely in his room, seeing no callers.

A STEAMER'S PERIL.

The Pavonia of the Cunard Line Ashore on Highpine Ledge.

BOSTON, Mass., October 29.—The steamer Pavonia, of the Cunard Line, got ashore near Duxbury in a thick fog last night on Highpine Ledge, three miles north of Gurnet Point. She lies in a very dangerous position. The Pavonia sailed from Liverpool for Boston October 19. She is a barkentine-rigged screw steamer of 3,490 tons burthen. Gurnet Point, near to which the Pavonia went ashore, is at the north side of the entrance to Plymouth Harbor, Mass. She has sixty cabin, forty-two intermediate and 300 steerage passengers on board. No further particulars are obtainable this morning, as the fog outside is very thick. A tug has gone to her assistance.

ROSSA AND ROOSEVELT.

The Irish Dynamiter Makes a Bid for Slush Money.

NEW YORK, October 29.—The Commercial-Advertiser says to-day: The following story, for the truth of which Mr. Roosevelt will vouch, is in circulation: On last Friday O'Donovan Rossa called upon Mr. Roosevelt and offered to furnish him the hearty support of his paper and the vote of the secret societies he could control, if Mr. Roosevelt would give him two checks, a small one for the cause of Ireland and a much larger one for the personal use of Mr. Rossa. One check for "the cause" was to be dated after the election, so that Mr. Roosevelt might cancel it if he were not elected; the check for Mr. Rossa, on the contrary, was to be dated properly, so that it could be used at once.

Bought by the Bondholders.

CHICAGO, October 29.—The Toledo, Peoria & Warsaw Railroad was sold by the United States Marshal to-day, for $4,970,000, to John M. Sonders, who represented Charles Moran and Thomas Denny, representing the first mortgage bondholders.

IVY COMMON, 1,607, American Legion of Honor, will give an entertainment to-night with a rattle for an elegant organ.

RILED AT ROGERS.

THE PRESIDENT'S FIGHT ON A CANDIDATE FOR CONGRESS.

Cleveland Contributes $500 to the New York Campaign Fund, But Will Not Go Home to Vote—The Turkish Mission—"Bishop" Oberly's Fix—The Johnson Court Martial—Naval Smuggling—Washington News.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, October 29.—It is stated upon what seems to be reliable authority that the President has contributed $500 to the New York State campaign fund to aid in the election of his candidate, Judge Peckham, for Judge of the Supreme Court. A friend who has just come from the White House says the President will not go to Buffalo on election day. The reason assigned is that he does not care to vote for Gen. Rogers, a Democratic candidate for Congress, who has fallen out with the President on account of the latter's promise to make Rogers Public Printer. In accepting the nomination for Congress Gen. Rogers said that he was not in accord with the Administration, and suggested that another candidate be nominated. This remark so angered the President that he now wants Rogers defeated.

The Turkish Mission.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 29.—There will be a lively contest for the Turkish mission resigned by Mr. Cox. Since the day Mr. Cox placed his resignation in the hands of the President there has been a constant stream of telegrams and letters from all sections, from Senators and Representatives, asking to be heard in the interest of some constituent. It is stated that almost every State in the Union has a candidate. The friends of Mr. Kelley of Virginia have been most enthusiastic and energetic and hardly a day has passed that the teams from Richmond have not brought to the city delegations to wait upon the President in Kelley's behalf. Gen. Francis Lawton of Georgia, law partner of Gen. Jackson, ex Minister to Mexico, is also a candidate for a mission. Gen. Lawton has written a letter to the Secretary of State saying he would not object to going to Constantinople. Gen. Young, present Consul-General at St. Petersburg, who is now in this country, is also a candidate. Gen. Young's physician says that it will not do for him to return to St. Peterburg, as the climate there will kill him in six months, and recommends that he ask to be transferred to some other consular post or be given a ministerial position. It is intimated by his friends that First Assistant Secretary of State Porter would be willing to accept the mission, and it is said the President would be glad to tender it to him, but Secretary Bayard seriously objects, as he does not want Mr. Porter to leave the department. The names of Col. Broadhead of Missouri and Col. J. Stoddard Johnson of Kentucky are also on the list furnished the President. While there is a general campaign to be waged for the place, there is little possibility of an appointment for some time.

The Johnson Court-martial.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 29.—The proceedings of the Johnson court-martial convened in this city for trial of Capt. William S. Johnson, United States Army, retired, have been made public. Capt. Johnson was tried upon charges of defrauding his pay accounts and the court-martial found him not guilty. Lieut.-Gen. Sheridan, who reviewed the proceedings, set aside this verdict, however. In his indorsement he says that the court should have admitted evidence touching the character of the accused. The Lieutenant-General further says: "That the accused admitted the execution of two sets of vouchers for his pay for the same month, is shown by the records, and the evidence also shows that he allowed these vouchers to pass beyond his control so that both were presented and paid. While it appears that the accused made certain private arrangements with the persons holding his vouchers, yet the United States was no party thereto and was in no manner bound by them; and although there may have been extenuating circumstances and the overdrawn pay was refunded, it nevertheless is shown that the Government is exposed to a fraud for which Capt. Johnson cannot be held excusable. The proceedings finding for acquittal in the case of Capt. William S. Johnson, United States Army, retired, are disapproved."

The release of the accused from arrest has been ordered and the Court-martial dissolved. This action of the Lieutenant-General in disapproving the findings of the Court acquitting the accused is said to be almost without precedent in the administration of military justice, although there can be no doubt as to its legality. The accused stands almost in the same position he occupied before trial, although he cannot be tried again for the same offense.

"Bishop" Oberly's Fix.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 29.—Civil Service Commissioner Oberly finds a difference between the positions of Chairman of the Illinois State Central Committee and Civil Service Commissioner. While he occupied the position of adviser to the Democratic ranks of Illinois, he could write letters of recommendation for such of them as he desired to have positions under the Government. One of these men secured a letter of the most fulsome praise, and it secured him a place in the Government printing-office. When Benedict came in the Illinois man was bounced among the other Democrats. The discharged Democrat went to "Bishop" Oberly and told him his sorrows. "Write me another letter of recommendation," said the Democrat, "for if you do, I can get a place in the Interior Department." "Bishop" Oberly was achast at the proposition. "Why sir," said he, "I am a Civil Service Commissioner, and cannot write letters of recommendation." It was the Democrat's turn to look dumbfounded. "But you don't go back on what you did write, do you, because you are a Civil Service Commissioner?" he asked when he got his breath. "Of course not," replied Mr. Oberly, "but you see it would be out of place for me to write such a letter now."

A Millionaire Senator's Stable.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 29.—Senator Stanford's $20,000 stable is rapidly approaching completion, and the contractors expect to have it ready for the Senator's horses and carriages early next month. The stable is a model one. For months past the Senator's representatives here has been overrun by cranks and inventors with all sorts of new ideas for the comfort or discomfort of the horses. It has been the hardest thing to convince these people that Senator Stanford is not building a dime museum for the exhibition of freaks or crank inventions. Men who have an idea that horses would be better if they slept in beds have come to Senator Stanford to ask him to put folding beds in his horses' stalls. One man had an idea that the Senator wanted to buy his patent fly driving machine and erect it over each horse to keep the flies off him. Another crank wrote a letter stating that it would be a good idea to paper the ceiling with fly-paper, and the horses would not be bothered.

"Bartholdi" Post-Office.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 29.—A post-office in Dakota to-day was named after the sculptor Bartholdi.

THE PRESIDENT'S RECEPTION.

The President held his usual afternoon reception to-day and shook hands with about four hundred persons, including a large delegation from the convention of the "Conductors' Insurance Association of the United States and Canada," now in session in Baltimore.

A $10,000,000 Bond Call.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 29.—Secretary Manning this afternoon issued a call for $10,000,000 3 per cent bonds. The call will mature December 31.

Secretary Manning.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 29.—Secretary Manning to-day assumed actual control of the Treasury Department for the first time since he was taken sick and signed all the mail requiring the signature of the Secretary.

Col. Lamont said to-day in response to an inquiry on the subject that it was not likely that the President would go to Buffalo to vote at the November election.

Secretary Manning did not write his signature on the Treasury letters, etc., but used a stamp containing a fac-simile of his signature. The Attorney-General gave an opinion that there is no legal objection to the use of such a stamp.

Naval Smuggling.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

WASHINGTON, D. C., October 29.—The matter of the bringing in of dutiable goods on the Saratoga and Portsmouth has been referred to the Solicitor of the Treasury, and any further proceedings will depend upon the character of his report.

1,000 CLOCKS, $1.20 TO $100.

Grandest Stock Ever Shown, at the Lowest Prices.

Adapted for parlors, chambers, dining-rooms, salons, libraries, kitchens, and every place where a clock is needed.

Come and see them at the

MERMOD & JACCARD JEWELRY CO.,

Corner of Fourth and Locust.

Remember in buying a clock here that it is warranted.

THE BARTHOLDI STATUE.

French Citizens Celebrate the Day by a Banquet.

Last night French citizens appropriately celebrated the unveiling of the great Bartholdi statue by giving a grand banquet at Christen's Hall, 620 Locust street. The festivity was opened by an eloquent and spirited speech from the President, Mr. Gustavus A. Pierrot, on "The Day We Celebrate," in which he graphically pictured the firmly cemented sympathy existing between two grand Republics, and then dwelt at large upon the beneficent influences which the noble gift is calculated to have on future generations of all countries.

This was followed up by an appropriate speech from Mr. J. H. Trembley on "Bartholdi, and France, our twin sister."

The following resolutions were then introduced and unanimously adopted among the greatest enthusiasm:

A resolution of thanks to Bartholdi for his noble design of a "Statue of Liberty Enlightening the World."

A resolution of thanks to the grand French nation for its generous action in so ably and effectually seconding the noble efforts of Bartholdi.

A resolution of respect for the great American Republic in so gratefully accepting the noble gift, and for the princely manner in which the noted French guests are being entertained in the United States.

The party then turned their attention to things that make the inner man rejoice, and it was not till the early hours of the morning that the toast, "Safe Return of the Guests," was offered.

The Great Sale of Men's Underwear Continues.

If you want good underwear at a very low price, don't fail to see the bargains T. B. Boyd & Co. are offering.

MATTERS IN COURT.

The Davis Case Goes to the Supreme Court—Federal Supervisors—Notes.

Messrs. Davis & Davis have determined to carry the question of surrendering papers belonging to clients up to the Supreme Court. As stated in another column, the Court of Appeals to-day denied them the writ of prohibition on Judge Lubke, who had ruled absolutely that the papers must be given up, the attorneys having no lien upon them for fees. A writ of prohibition will be applied for at Jefferson City.

Judge Barclay sitting in Court No. 4 to-day set aside the judgment in the case of Wm. Lakey vs. Edward Sanders and Jacob Sanders & others. The suit was dismissed by the plaintiffs.

Judge Brewer will sit next Wednesday morning in the United States Circuit Court.

The law docket will be called to-morrow morning in Court No. 5, Judge Thayer's division.

John Connors, Bartley Moran, R. P. Clemens, Thos. Bayley, Geo. W. Handy, Wm. Kimbrink, Henry Schroeder and Lafayette A. McClintock were recommended to-day to the Federal Court for appointment as Deputy Supervisors of Election.

The Cobb habeas corpus proceeding in the Court of Appeals has been dismissed. The Henseler application is still before the Court. In both cases witnesses had refused to answer before a notary. In the Henseler case parties were given until this afternoon to plead to the return filed.

DIAMONDS, Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., COR. FOURTH AND LOCUST.

BEER BREWERS' STRIKE.

The Employers Dictating Terms—Locomotive Engineers—Labor News.

DETROIT, October 29.—The brewers' strike in this city has arrived at that point where the employers are dictating the terms of settlement to their men. The strikers seemed anxious to settle their differences and asked a conference looking toward a settlement. They were told that a conference would be held after the men refunded and remitted the fines imposed on the employing brewers for not yielding to the demands of the men. The strikers held a mass-meeting last night and decided almost unanimously not to make the concession. Three or four hundred men are out. A bitter fight has been waged against the employing brewers, beer being imported from Toledo to supply the Union demands.

Still Out.

CHICAGO, October 29.—The employes of the packing firm of Craig & Fitzpatrick at the stock yards are still out. The firm will resume work at an early day. They have decided to allow the old hands to return to work if they prefer doing so, but at the ten-hour system. They will operate their house on the ten-hour system, and if necessary employ all new men.

The Locomotive Engineers.

NEW YORK, October 29.—The Convention of the Brotherhood of Locomotive Engineers have decided to decline all further invitations and will devote the remainder of their stay in New York strictly to business. Invitations to excursions have been received from the Delaware, Lackawana & Western Railroad and the New York & New Haven Railroad. Business of importance to the Brotherhood, but secret, was done to-day. The work of the convention will probably be completed next Tuesday.

THE DUSTIN FAILURE.

The Failure Assuming Greater Proportions—Heavy Liabilities and Small Assets.

LINCOLN, Ill., October 29.—The Dustin Bank failure assumes greater proportions as the days pass. A Chicago provision firm, A. S. Osborne & Co., sent a representative to-day to collect a claim of $5,500. Dustin's Montana liabilities now reach $95,000. The liabilities now foot up $200,000, with only $67,000 of assets in sight. The loss to the depositors is a cool $100,000 and falls with fearful effect. Dustin is preparing to assign, and it is barely possible he will pay 25 cents on the dollar.

The Weather.

A moderation in the weather has been felt all day, and last night was 2 degrees warmer than Wednesday night, the minimum being 37 degrees. But this morning the wind had been warmed by the rise in the temperature in the Northwest yesterday and with the unclouded sun managed to send the mercury to 51 deg by noon. The indications are that the warming up will continue.

A Lake Vessel Beached.

CHICAGO, October 29.—The Daily News' Montreal special says: The steamer Lake Huron of the Canada Shipping Company, grounded at Belle Chase, twenty miles below Quebec, this morning. Her forward compartments are full. The pilot succeeded in beaching the vessel in Indian Cove. The passengers were landed in safety.

A HARD JOB.

THE DIFFICULTY EXPERIENCED IN COLLECTING REPUBLICAN ASSESSMENTS.

Messrs. Chas. O'Brien and Albert Burgess Have Their Assessments Lowered and Are Given Hours to Pay Up—Pat O'Connell Indorsed for Justice of the Peace—An Interesting Meeting of the Republican Committee—A Kick on the Registration—Frank's Assessment—Political Gossip.

The Republican City Central Committee held an adjourned meeting at Central Turner Hall at 11 o'clock this morning. The committee was called to order by Chairman R. J. Delano, and immediately went into executive session.

At a meeting held yesterday afternoon the committee took a bold stand on the assessment question and announced to Messrs. O'Brien and Burgess, candidates respectively for Criminal Clerk and Assistant Prosecuting Attorney of the Court of Criminal Correction, that their campaign assessments must be forthcoming by 10 o'clock this morning or their names would not be placed upon the Republican ticket. When the committee met this morning, Messrs. O'Brien and Burgess had not turned over to Treasurer Kohring the amount asked of them, and to a casual observer they did not appear to be very much perturbed at the threat of the committee, O'Brien holding that the committee had no authority to remove him from the ticket. Mr John McFall and several other members of the committee entertained the same opinion on the subject as Mr. O'Brien and advised O'Brien to get together as much money as he could spare; pay it to the committee as his contribution to the campaign fund and leave the rest to his friends in the committee.

After the committee had been in session about half an hour, O'Brien was called before it. When the committee got through worrying him, a POST-DISPATCH reporter asked him if he had paid his assessment or if he had withdrawn from the ticket. Mr. O'Brien said that he had done his best to comply with the demands of the committee, and that he was still in the field. From his conversation it was gathered that the amount which he had actually paid over to the committee, including a bill for advertising in his paper, did not exceed $90, and that the committee at the urgent request of his friends had again extended the time for the payment of the balance of his assessment to 3 o'clock this afternoon. Mr. O'Brien admitted freely that he is unable to plank down the full amount, $800, asked of him by the committee, but says that he can and will give them $300 or $400. As for the threat to drop his name from the city ticket in the event of his failure to pay, Mr. O'Brien takes the ground that to carry out such a step would be to exceed the committee's authority, and he says that he will peacefully await its action.

In the committee meeting, after it became evident that very little in the shape of money could be charmed from the pockets of O'Brien and Burgess, a motion was made and carried to reduce their assessments to $300 apiece, or as much as the committee could get. In Burgess' behalf it was claimed that a majority of the candidates on the Republican ticket wanted him to make the race and a sub-committee was appointed to consider his case and render him every possible assistance. It is probable that O'Brien will be able to scrape together between $200 and $300 by the time the committee meets this afternoon and whatever he offers will be accepted and his name will figure upon the Republican ticket as candidate for Criminal Clerk.

O'CONNELL INDORSED.

At the exception of the committee yesterday afternoon a motion was made to indorse the independent candidacy of Pat O'Connell for Justice of the Peace and Patrick McMahon for Constable in the Seventh Judicial District. An animated and somewhat acrimonious debate followed, and finally O'Connell's case was referred to a committee composed of Messrs. McFall, Halzgreber and Kohring, with instructions to report at to-day's meeting. The statement in a morning paper that the committee decided finally not to place O'Connell on the Republican ticket is without foundation.

When the committeemen gathered in Schweickhardt's saloon this morning, before the meeting the O'Connell matter was the principal topic of discussion. Ed Butler and a number of his First Ward adherents were present, and took a prominent part in the preliminary skirmish. They worked and talked against O'Connell's indorsement. Ed himself took Committe-man John McFall off to one side and endeavored to convince him by forces of argument that "a Republican ticket with a Democrat's name on it would not be legal and would be thrown out at the polls." McFall is a pretty firm friend of Pat O'Connell, and while he received Ed's remarks with the respect and attention due to that political manipulator's reputation, yet it was clear that Ed's blacksmith logic did not have the desired effect.

After the adjournment of the committee it was ascertained that the warmest contest in the meeting occurred over the report of McFall's special committee, who favored the indorsement of O'Connell's and McMahon. Speeches pro and con were made by almost every committeeman present, and after a hard fight McFall and Secretary Carmichael carried the day, and the names of Pat O'Connell, candidate for Justice of the Peace, and Patrick McMahon, candidate for Constable in the Seventh District, will grace the regular Republican city ticket next Tuesday.

It is what pledges O'Connell and McMahon made in return for the benefit of the Republican indorsement is kept a secret by all parties concerned, but after the committee adjourned, one of its members remarked in a positive manner that the Hendricks Club (which has indorsed O'Connell) and another Democratic Club in the Second Ward, will cast their votes and exert their influence in favor of Frank and against Glover and other Democrats, which at least is very significant under the circumstances.

Frank's Assessment.

The Ninth District Republican Congressional Committee met at 3 o'clock this afternoon at Central Turner Hall. It was generally understood on the outside that the object of the meeting was to determine the amount of Mr. Nathan Frank's campaign assessment and a great deal of curiosity was expressed as to the amount which Mr. Frank would be called upon to contribute towards making the canvass entertaining for the festive Republican voter. Mr. Chas. Schweickhardt, a prominent member of the committee denied the report that the committee had been called for the purpose of assessing Mr. Frank and stated that Mr. Frank would not be asked for any money by the Congressional Committee.

Members of the Republican City Central Committee converse with pride that J. H. Pohlman continues his work in the Ninth District in Frank's interests. Everywhere Mr. Frank's friends are busy spreading reports that Filley is not concerned in Frank's election, and is not making an active canvass in his behalf, but Pohlman's presence in the district tends to create a contrary impression.

Vastine Knocked Out.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

JEFFERSON CITY, Mo., October 29.—In the Supreme Court this morning the application of Judge Vastine for a peremptory writ of mandamus to compel the Republican Central Committee of St. Louis to print his (Vastine's) name upon he ticket for Judge of the Criminal Court was refused.

Mr. Glover Talks.

Mr. Glover was met this morning and asked in regard to the numerous threats made by Butler and Lancaster and the predictions of the Globe-Democrat as to his defeat. Mr. Glover smilingly replied that the reputation of the Globe-Democrat was so well established as a political prophet that it was hardly worth while to differ with it. He said: "The other gentlemen are merely repeating the performance which preceded the collapse of the Overall movement. They had sixty-seven votes in the newspapers and none in the convention. It's the same way now. So far as the sentiment of the voters is concerned the district is mine now by 3,500 majority. To reverse this two things are relied on. It is foolishly believed that Butler and Lancaster can deliver 1,000 votes to the Republican nominee. This is to be done by a trade in which Frank is to benefited at the expense of the rest of the Republican ticket. But what will my friends be doing if this programme is attempted? And what will the candidates on the city Republican ticket be doing? It is very evident that the sharpest side of this two-edged sword will be towards those who project the enterprise. The other project is to buy twenty votes in each precinct, and to this end a list of purchasable men has been secured. But any politician knows this can't be done, not to speak of such accidents as the penitentiary for agents selected for the work who will receive the diligent attension of my friends and agents. I look to see my majority increased from 800 to 1,200 votes, but to accomplish this my friends must go to the polls and watch for frauds concocted on our side of the fence by certain well-known gentlemen who are experts in that work."

The Registration Howl.

The subject of registration is a sore spot with members of the Republican Central Committee. It is generally admitted now, with regret by Republicans and satisfaction by Democrats, that the work of the Board of Registration Revisers has been very favorable to Democratic, and correspondingly hard on Republican, voters. The result in the Sixth Ward in particular is cited as an example of the superior activity and political sagacity of the committee having in charge the Democratic registration and in their chagrin the Republican Central Committeemen are very free with threats against the supposed offenders in the opposite party.

From conversation with members of the Republican Committee this morning it was ascertained that a committee had been at work for several days past collecting evidence to prove that Republicans have been improperly stricken off of the list of voters. When approached upon the subject, a prominent member of the Committee said: "If it is true, as I believe it is, that a number of Republicans have been unlawfully dropped from the list of voters, I don't see how we can remedy the evil, unless we get the affidavits of the persons so stricken off, and present them to Mr. Hobitzelle with the request that their names be put back on the list. We are at work now getting these affidavits together, but I hardly think that we will, at best, get back over 500 of our 2,600 voters in the Tenth Ward. It has been proposed to station a Republican Supervisor in every polling place whose business it shall be to note down every challenge made and take account of the Republicans disfranchised by improper registration. But what's the use talking. The Democrats got the start of us in this matter, and it's too late to correct the evil at this day."

Betting on the Results.

Betting on the results of the elections has been rather lively at Roche's pool-room, where at least $1,000 have been laid upon the Glover-Frank contest. Most of this money has been staked at good odds on Glover and last night odds of 150 to 100 were offered on him as against Frank and nearly all of it was taken. When the betting began again to-day these terms were taken up a little more ra pidly than at first and by noon the odds had dropped off and even money was wagered with the odds a trifle still in the favor of Glover. It is said that loads of Glover money is forthcoming and will be ready to-night when it is expected that the elections will be played extensively. Shortly before noon $500 were placed with the pool-room with orders to put it out on Frank at even rates.

Odds of 80 to 50 and 60 to 25 were offered and taken on Dr. Sam Frazer, Democrat, against Dr O'Reilly, Republican, for Coroner, and from $400 to $600 were wagered on this basis. Considerable speculation is also indulged in on the result of the Harrington-Mason race. Mason has plently of friends who have been willing to risk their money at even rates on their man and about $400 of this kind have been placed. A combination board has been opened on the Sheriff, Recorder and Coroner, and while few tickets have been purchased as yet, it is said that more money will probably be put into it than in other bets. The tickets sell at $1 each. Most of the betting on the election is done at night and a livelier time is promised as the deciding day approaches.

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Judge L. B. Valliant yesterday received a letter from Gov. Marmaduke as follows:

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DEAR JUDGE—By the St. Louis papers of today I learn that you have received the nomination for Judge of the Circuit Court of the City of St. Louis. I congratulate you, the party and the people on this nomination and sincerely hope you will be elected.

It will give me pleasure to appoint you in Judge Horner's place for as long a time as my appointment will hold good. Very respectfully. [Signed] JOHN S. MARMADUKE.

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Marshal Couzins will appoint Deputy United States Marshals to-morrow.

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Worthy of Careful Consideration

are the statements made on our first page regarding diamonds by the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., corner Fourth and Locust. No one intending to purchase diamonds can afford to ignore them, if one is desirous of doing well in their purchases.

AT THE CITY HALL.

The Health Department Opens War on Diphtheria.

To-day Health Commissioner Stevenson prepared quarantine rules for diphtheria, which has become prevalent. Mayor Francis called a conference of the Joint Ways and Means Committee of the Municipal Assembly to discuss the advisability of setting aside $20,000 for the purpose of taking steps against the spread of diphtheria. The members of the committee empowered the Mayor and Comptroller Campbell to draw $20,000 and direct the Health Commissioners to take steps at once. Speaking of the disease Gen. Stevenson to-day said: "The rules and directions are already in the hands of the printer and will probably be done to-night. Assistance will be hired to do the work as it is of course necessary to have the services of men who are acquainted with the disease. It is our object to secure isolation as much as possible, to see that children do not attend sch ol from houses where children are down with the disease. One very common way of spreading the disease is by funerals, which should be discouraged. You see the death of a child in the papers; friends of the family are invited to attend. If they go there and inquire they will find that the child died of diphtheria. This should be stopped."

The Board of Public Improvements will meet to-morrow at noon to consider the telephone pole question. The Court of Appeals, which has final jurisdiction, having upheld the company's case, the board will be compelled to reverse its action of a year ago, from which the company appealed. Originally the application to place poles was made by the Bell Telephone Company, but the decision of the court covers all such applications and in effect is that the rules of the Board will not bind the company. This not yet known what action will be taken by the Board, but it will probably be as directed by City Counsellor Bell.

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The Number of Victims Greater than First Reported.

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MURDER IN EAST ST. LOUIS.

A Quarrel Over Payment for Drinks Results in a Killing.

This afternoon shortly after 12 o'clock Ed. Blake, a saloon-keeper in East St. Louis, shot Wm. C. Vanderough, an engineer in the employ of the I. & St. L. R. R. The engineer was instantly killed. The affray occurred in Blake's saloon, which is a well-known resort in the First Ward of East St. Louis. The story of the killing as collected by the police is as follows: Vanderough, who ran a switch engine in the I. & St. L. yard, went to Blake's saloon during the noon hour. He quarreled with Blake over the payment for drinks and wanted to fight. He moved toward the saloon-keeper with the evident intention of executing a threat to thrash him, but Blake fired at the approaching engineer with fatal effect. Blake was arrested and locked up at the police station. He is a married man and has lived in East St. Louis for many years. He is generally reputed to be a peaceful man. The dead engineer was not known to the police. He was 24 or 25 years old and unmarried. Blake when he was taken to the station, claimed that he had shot Vanderough in self-defence, and regretted much that the man was dead. He said Vanderough had threatened to kill him and started behind the bar. Blake had reason to believe the engineer intended to execute his threat. He picked up the latter's revolver and, laying on the floor behind the bar and ordered Vanderough to get out. As the latter did not obey the order Blake fired.

FELL FROM A LADDER

And Died in an Hour From the Effects of the Fall.

John M. Waggoner, the foreman at Heideman & Benoist saddlery establishment, 419 North Sixth street, was ascending a ladder on the second floor for the purpose of getting something from a shelf this afternoon, when the ladder slipped and he fell backwards, striking on his head. He was sent to his home, 916 Russell avenue, in an ambulance, and died in about a half hour.

CARONDELET JOTTINGS.

Last evening the United Labor Party held a very enthusiastic meeting at St. Boniface Hall and by 9 o'clock it was utterly impossible to gain admission into the building. Hon. Michael Ratchford, Dr. B. Bribach, Max Stoerr and Rudolph Kirchner addressed the meeting.

In the Police Court to-day Justice Von Gerichten disposed of the following cases: Wade Terry, a mild sinner, was fined $10 for being drunk and disturbing the peace and sent to the Work-house. Thomas Owens, colored, against whom were two cases for pilfering and disturbing the peace, was fined $5, which he paid.

Miss Louisa Steinbruegge of St. Louis was united in wedlock to Mr. John Kisty, a well known young business merchant of this locality last evening, at the residence of the groom's parents, 7513 Michigan avenue, the Rev. Dr. Berger officiating. After the ceremony the couple proceeded to Gillick's Hall, where they were received by their numerous friends.

What might have proved a disastrous conflagration was prevented by the prompt work of Engine Company No. 26 to-day. About 6 o'clock this morning an alarm from box 46 called the department to Minnesota avenue and Quincy street, where the roof of a two-story brick building was enveloped in flames. Within a half hour the fire was under control and a few minutes later was entirely out. The building is owned and occupied by H. Heinberg. The damage to the house and household goods is estimated at $100, fully insured in the Carondelet Mutual Insurance Company.

BELLEVILLE.

In the Circuit Court this morning Wm. Manning pleaded guilty to grand larceny and was sentenced to two years in the Penitentiary. Andrew and Thos. Fagin pleaded guilty to a misdemeanor and were fined $25 and costs each and sentenced to ten days in jail.

Chief Supervisor Scheeb will meet all his assistants at the City Court-room to-morrow morning at 11 o'clock.

Mrs. Reuben Berry died at the County Farm yesterday.

The Evangelical Lutheran Church of O'Fallon will hold a festival on Monday evening.

Philadelphia's Mayor.

PH

DELAYED ON THE ROAD!

We are pleased to announce to the public that the balance of the Bankrupt Stock of the Great Eastern Clothing Company of Philadelphia has arrived, and will be on sale to-morrow at the GLOBE. ASTONISHING! SURPRISING! Men's Durable Suits, $1.75; Men's Heavy Winter Suits, $2.95; Men's Good Corkscrew and Cassimere Suits, $4 and $4 95; Men's Heavy Durable Overcoats,$1.75; Men's Imitation Chinchilla Overcoats,$2.15; Men's Good Fur Beaver Overcoats, $4 and $4.75; Men's Fine Corkscrew Suits and Overcoats, $7.50; Men's $25 Tailor-Made Suits and Overcoats, $15; Children's Good Heavy Suits and Overcoats, $1; Children's Fine Suits and Overcoats, $2.50 and $3.50; Boys' Heavy Overcoats, $1; Boys' Good Durable Suits, $1.95; Boys' Good Cassimere Suits and Overcoats, $2.50 to $5; 100 dozen Boys' Hats at 5 cents; 50 dozen Nobby Polo and Tam. O'Shanter Caps, 10 cents; 100 dozen Jersey Caps, 5 cents; Men's $3 Stiff Hats, $1.50; 100 dozen Knee-Pants at 20 cents; 50 dozen Umbrellas at 25 cents; All-Wool Red Flannel Shirts and Drawers, 45 cents; Heavy Undershirts and Drawers at 15 cents; Fine All-Wool Blue Flannel Shirts at 85 cents; Men's Good Cassimere Pants at 95 cents; Men's Good Vests at 50 cents; and Thousands of Dollars' Worth of Men's and Boys' Fine Clothing proportionately cheap. ☞ All goods marked in plain figures. STRICTLY ONE PRICE.

GLOBE, 705 TO 713 FRANKLIN AV.

Open until 9 p. m.; Saturdays until 11 p. m.

M'ARTHUR

For Saturday and Saturday Night,

Will offer the Best Bargain you ever have had the chance of before, namely: A GENTS' ALL-WOOL SCARLET UNDERSHIRT at

43 CENTS

No remarks needed as to what it's worth. Just as good a bargain will be a lot of Ladies' Hose we offer at 5c, 10c, 12½c and 15c. We guarantee this lot at just half price. Also, one lot of Ladies' fine All-Wool Cashmere Hose at 20c per pair; actually worth 20c per pair. Boucle Jerseys at $1.50. Direct from Berlin, a sample line of

Jerseys at 50c on the Dollar.

Inspection will show you that the Lowest Priced Cash House of the City is the Store of the People.

W. I. McARTHUR,

1520, 1522, 1524 and 1526 Franklin Avenue.

Store open till 10 o'clock on Saturday.

HAWAII'S LAVA LAKES.

Some Results of the Volcanic Eruptions in the Sandwich Islands.

From the Hawaiian Gazette.

The molten lava is visible in three different places, all of which I visited. Two of the three places are quite difficult of access, the approach being a circuitous route up and down over masses of loose rocks, and possible only in the day time. These two places are quite near each other in the neighborhood of what was formerly the new lake, though some little distance south. They can hardly be called "lakes." I should call them wells. One of these is where liquid lava was first seen after its disappearance in March. This is somewhat irregular in shape, being, perhaps, thirty feet wide and sixty to seventy-five feet long, and not less than one hundred feet in depth. To obtain a view of the bottom one must go to the very verge of the well and look over, and this can be done with safety at only one point. Immediately beneath this point at the bottom of the well, but where it could not be seen without too great a risk, there was an immense noise and evidence of intense activity. Over the portion of the bottom of the well that was visible the lava was hardened, except in one place, where it could be seen, as it was puffed out and thrown up a little distance every few seconds.

The other well was nearly circular in shape, perhaps thirty feet in diameter and 100 feet deep. This could be approached only at one point, and this point was on the leeward side, so that the fumes of sulphur dioxide would allow one to remain there only a few seconds at a time. At the bottom of the well a partial cone was formed, perhaps ten feet across, and in this lava was boiling with immense violence, now and then throwing up a spray of lava quite a hundred feet to the mouth of the well and almost into the face of one standing on the edge and looking over.

The third place where the liquid lava could be seen was in the lake below the west wall. It is possible to get down to the edge of this lake and get specimens, but it is not precisely hazardous undertaking. There are or were two lakes here, but they seem to have merged into each other, the act vity being confined to the last part formed. Small lava flows were constantly breaking out, and in the evening there was a general breaking up of about one-third the surface. This lasted only one or two minutes, but was followed by quite extensive lava flows. I saw no fountains and no cones here. The best point for observing the lake is 800 or 1,000 feet distant from it. One can get on the edge of the perpendicular wall immediately above it 150 or 200 feet, but this is unsafe, as landslides are constantly taking place at all points. When I visited this lake two days later its surface had evidently risen, and it was more active than when I saw it before. There were signs of activity in other places, but no fire could be seen. About the middle of July some lava appeared in Halemaumau, but it has not continued in activity. The activity of Kilauea is evidently increasing, and while the sight at present is well worth seeing, there is promise of even much more in the future.

The Linguistic Powers of English Statesmen.

From the Pall Mall Gazette.

This little revelation naturally suggests reflections upon the astonishing lack of linguistic ability possessed by our politicians and statesmen. Mr. Chamberlain, of course, does not speak any language except his own, but he is by no means alone in this, and the fact goes a long way to explain the general awkwardness and frequent acerbity and isolation of our foreign relations. It was once said that there were only two public men in England who could carry on a conversation in really good French, Lord Granville and Lord Arthur Russell, and it is doubtful whether there are many more now. In German the percentage is probably still lower, and perhaps Mr. Bryce is the only man in the House of Commons who can speak it fluently. When from French and German we pass to Italian and Spanish, those who know much of them are indeed nigro fimillissimi cygne, and as for Russian, we might safely offer a prize to anybody who would come to our office and say "Good day" in that tongue. In these days of competitive examinations, why should not all Cabinet Ministers be required to "pass" in at least three European languages?

In a Sentence.

From the Boston Globe.

The heavier the taxes the greater the prosperity," is the Republican gospel stated in a sentence.

MONEY.

NEW YORK, October 29, Wall Street, 11 a. m.—The stock market opened active and strong this morning, first prices showing advances of from ¼ to ½ per cent over the closing figures of last evening, Erie, which was off being the only exception. Reading, Jersey Central, Richmond & West Point and Louisville & Nashville were most active, with a fair distributed business in the remainder of the list. Prices were heavy in the early dealings, and declines of from ¼ to ½ per cent were made, but later the market rallied and losses were generally regained, and in a few instances fractions in addition. Jersey Central and Lackawanna were conspicuously strong, rising 1¼ and 1½ per cent respectively. The West Shore, after advancing ¼ and declining ¾ per cent, recovered to opening fig-

ures, At 11 o'clock the market is quiet and firm.

NEW YORK, October 29, noon.—Money is active at 5@6 per cent. Bar silver, 90¼. The stock markets after 11 o'clock remained firm, and small fractions were gained, the market becoming again active. A slight reaction occurred but was quickly over, and the market continued firm to noon. Government securities: United States 3s, 99⅝; 4s, coupons, 124⅝; 4½s, coupons, 111½; Pacific 6s of '95, 126¼.

NEW YORK, October 29, 2 p. m.—The stock market was heavy during the first hour of the afternoon, but the declines were for small fractions only. During the next hour the market rallied and the losses were recovered, but only to be lost again in the last hour. The market closed heavy on moderately active business.

BOSTON, October 29.—Mexican bonds, 4s, 46⅞; 6s, 74@75; scrip, 74@75; common, 11½@11⅝.

LONDON, October 29, 12:30 p. m.—Consols opened at 100 15-16 for money and 101 1-16 for the account.

4 p. m.—Consols closed unchanged.

New York Stock Quotations.

Corrected daily by Matthews & Whitaker, bankers and brokers, 121 North Third street, St. Louis, Mo.

STOCKS.	Opening.	Highest.	Lowest.	Closing.
Canada Southern	63½	63⅝	63	63
Canadian Pacific	70¾	71⅛	70⅜	71⅛
Central New Jersey	51½	51½	49⅝	49⅝
Central Pacific				
C., St. P., M. & O.	50½	50½	49⅝	50
do pfd				
C. R. I. & Pac	125⅜			125⅜
C., B. & Q	138¼			138¼
C., M. & St. P	94¼	94⅝	94⅛	94
C. & N. W. com	117⅜	117⅜	117	117⅛
Del., Lack. & Wes	141⅝	141⅝	140½	140⅝
Del. & Hudson	106⅜	106⅜	105¾	105¾
Denver & Rio Grande	32½	32⅝	32⅛	32½
East Tenn. com				
East Tenn. pfd				
Erie com	33⅝	33⅝	33⅛	33⅛
Erie pfd	76	76¼	75½	76
Erie 2d mtg. bond	101	101⅛	101	101
Houston & Texas		39⅜		39⅜
Illinois Central	134⅛			134⅛
Ind., B. & West	19½	19⅝	19	19
Lake Shore	93⅜	93⅝	93¼	93½
Louisville & Nashville	58⅜	58⅝	57⅜	57⅝
Michigan Central	86	86⅛	85½	85⅝
Missouri Pacific	116¾	117⅛	116¾	117
M., K. & T.	36½	36⅝	36¼	36½
Manhattan Elevated	165¾	165¾	165	165
N. Y. & New Eng	61	61⅛	60¾	60¾
New York Central	112⅜	112⅜	112⅜	112⅜
N. Pacific com	29	29	28⅝	28⅝
do pfd	63⅜	63⅜	62⅝	63
Ohio Southern	19¾	19¾	19	19
Oregon & Trans	94⅛	94⅜	94⅛	94⅛
O. N. & Trans. Co	106	106⅛	106	106⅛
Ohio & M. com	128⅜	130⅜	128⅜	130⅜
Pacific Mail	53¾	54¼	53¾	54¼
Phila. & Reading	37⅞	37¾	36½	36⅝
Pullman Palace Car	144½	145	144½	145
St. Paul & Duluth com	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝	60⅝
do pfd	110	110⅛	110	110⅛
St. L. & S. F. com	34	34		34
St. L. & S. F. 1st pfd	115½			115½
St. L. & S. F. 2d pfd	69⅝	69⅝	69	69
St. L., K. & N	84.75			84.75
Texas & Pacific	21⅞	22⅛	21⅝	21⅞
Texas & Pacific Income				
Union Pacific	60⅛	60⅜	60	60⅜
Wab., St. L. & P	19⅝			19⅝
Wab., St. L. & P. pfd	35⅜	35⅜	35⅜	35⅜
Western U. Tel	77½	77⅝	77½	77⅝
West Shore Bonds	101½	101⅝	101½	101⅝

Local Bonds.

Corrected daily by James Campbell, Banker and Broker, 307 Pine street.

U. S. BONDS

	WHEN DUE.	INTEREST PAYABLE.	BID.	ASK.
3 ₰ cent bonds	1898	J. A. & O.	100⅜	100⅝
4½ ₰ cent bonds	1891	J. S. D. & M	111⅜	112
4 ₰ cent bonds	1907	J. A. & O.	128	128½

ST. LOUIS CITY AND COUNTY BONDS.

City 4s sterling	1902	May and Nov	101½	103
City 6s sterling, 10-20s	1903	Jan. and July	102½	103½
City 6s sterling, 10-20s	1900	June and Dec.	103½	104½
City 5s	1900	Jan. and July	109	110
City 6s currency	1886-90	Various	101⅛	102
City 6s gold	1892-93	Various	110½	111
City 6s sterling	1898	June and Dec	117	118
City 6s water	1897	June and Dec	101⅜	102
City 6s water	1890	June and Dec	107½	108½
City 6s water	1892	Apr. and Oct.	110½	111
City 5s funding approach	1892	June and Dec	110⅜	111½
County 6s gold	1895-96	Jan and July	114½	116
County Park	1903	April and Oct.	123	125

RAILWAY BONDS.

Mo. Pac 1st m 6s	1888	Feb. and Aug.	103⅜	104
Mo. Pac. Consols	1920	May and Nov.	115½	116⅛
Mo. Pac. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. and July.	108½	110
Mo. Pac. 3s	1906	May and Nov.	90	90½
No. Mo. 1st m 7s	1895	Jan. and July.	117	117½
K. P. 1st m 6s	1896	Feb and Aug.	108	113½
K. P. 2d m 7s	1891	Jan. and July.	108	110
K. P. D. Ex 6s	1899	May and Nov.	104½	105½
K. P. Consols	1910	May and Nov.	98½	99
St. L. & M. 1st 7s	1892	Feb. and Aug.	111½	112½

(CLEARING-HOUSE STATEMENT.

Clearings	$2,214,920
Balances	326,795

Special Stocks.

[Quotations furnished by Leon Goldman, No. 210 North Third street.]

Cotton Oil Trusts, 54¾c bid.

Name.	Bid.	Offered.
Granite	$37 00	$38 00
Small Hopes	4 75	5 00
Adams	5 75	6 00
Sheridan	4 50	4 75
Peacock	3 00	3 50
Tavapai	1 20	1 25
St. L., M. L. & I.	1 40	1 50
Ideal	1 17½	1 20
Laclede	65	70

There is a good demand for Granite, notwithstanding the passing of the dividend.

A small lot of Ideal sold at $1.17½ and 800 shares sold at $1.20.

Three hundred shares Small Hopes sold at $3.00.

Two thousand shares Quincy at $20.

COMMERCE.

ANOTHER BACK-SET.

The Markets Ease Off, Wheat Taking the Lead.

By Telegraph from Jones, McCormick & Kennett, Chicago, to the POST-DISPATCH.

CHICAGO, October 29, 1 p. m.—Fine weather and weak cables gave us a lower opening at put prices, where quite a volume of trade resulted. Easter, "Hutch" and Seymours were free sellers, and later Bloss, who proved to represent Northwestern parties, was a seller. In the absence of outside news either way the bulls steadied the price, and later on a senseless rumor of lower consols worked it up ⅛c, but closed with the advance lost.

Corn shows much less activity in to-day's dealings, which were very moderate at medium prices of yesterday.

Provisions were dull and lower. The demand from the shorts appeared to be satisfied and other buying was small. Receipts of hogs were moderate and prices higher, but corn was lower, and provisions followed it.

Closing Prices—3 P. M.

Reported daily by S. W. COBB & CO., 317 and 319 Chamber of Commerce, St. Louis.

ST. LOUIS:	Closing Yesterday.	Highest To-day	Lowest To-day.	Closing To-day.
WHEAT.				
Nov.	75⅛	75⅝	74⅜@74½	75
Dec.	77	77⅝	76⅜@76⅝	76⅝
Jan.	79	79⅝	78⅛	78⅜
May	86	86⅝	85¼@85⅜	85¾@85⅞
CORN.				
Nov.	34⅜	34⅜	34	34 b
Dec.	34⅜	34⅜	34⅛	34⅜
Jan.	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛	35⅛ b
Feb.	36⅛			36⅛ b
May	39½	39½	38⅝	39⅛ b
OATS.				
Nov.	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛	26⅛ b
Dec.	26⅝			30⅝
May	31			
CHICAGO:				
WHEAT.				
Nov.	73½@73⅝	73⅝	72⅜	73 b
Dec.	75¼	75⅝	74⅝@74⅞	74⅝ a
Jan.	76⅛	76⅝	75½@75⅝	75⅝ a
May	82⅜	82⅝	81⅛	81½@81⅝
CORN.				
Nov.	30⅝	30⅝	30⅜	30⅜@30⅝
Dec.	27⅞	27⅞	27⅝	27⅝
Jan.	27⅞	27⅞	27⅝	27⅝ a
May	29⅝	29⅝	29⅜	29⅜

OATS.				
Nov.	26	25⅝	25⅜	25⅜ a
Dec.	27⅛	27	26⅞	26⅝
May	31¼@31⅜		30⅛	30⅝ a
PORK.				
Nov.	9.07	9.05	8.95	8.97 a
Dec.	9.10	9.05	8.92½	9.02 a
Jan.	10.07	10.05	9.95	10.02 a
LARD.				
Nov.	5.82	5.82	5.80	5 80 b
Dec.	5.87	5.87	5.82	5.85
Jan.	6.00	5.97	5.92	5.95 b
SHORT RIBS.				
Oct.	6.45	6.35	6.32	6.35
Jan.	5.10	5.10	5.10	5.10 b
Feb.	5.15	5.15	5.10	5.15

NEW YORK—Wheat— October 84¼c; November, 84¼c b.; December, 85⅝c a; January, 87¼c b.; May, 93⅛c b. Corn—October, 45½c; November, 45¾c b; December, 47⅛c; January, 48¼c; May, 50⅝c b. Oats—October, 32⅜c; November, 32¼c b; December, 33⅛c a; January, 34½c a; May, 36½c b.

TOLEDO—Wheat—November, 77c b.; December, 78¼c b; January, 80c; May, 86⅝@87c.

DULUTH—Wheat—November, 73⅛c b; December, 75½c; May, 82¾c.

Movements of Wheat and Corn To-Day.

PORTS.	RECEIPTS.		SHIPMENTS.	
	Wheat.	Corn.	Wheat.	Corn.
St. Louis	32,229	41,785	570	141,548
Chicago	75,926	106,720	10,492	186,856
Milwaukee	49,868	2,880	885	200
Baltimore	26,356	29,714		
Toledo	25,454	3,933	58,948	29,600
New York	382,960	241,750	51,909	16,649
Detroit	15,518	5,888	104,000	6,579
Minneapolis	221,100		31,900	
Duluth	99,302		47,000	
Kansas City	29,000	22,000		2,500
Philadel'hia	31,893	12,558	25,361	6,761

Stocks of Grain in St. Louis Elevators.

	Wheat	Corn	Oats	Rye	Barley
	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.	bu.
To-day	4,630,176	967,647	533,685	39,209	203,067
Yes'dy	4,648,379	1,019,193	533,655	39,025	207,308
	No. 2 Red.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.	No. 2.
To-day	3,941,324	639,073	417,840	33,447	
Yes'dy	3,959,571	692,696	415,137	33,596	

Exports of Provisions

From Atlantic ports from October 26 to October 23:

	1885-86	1884-85	Increase.
Pork, lbs	40,755,600	51,962,000	*11,206,400
Lard, lbs	288,878,26	292,225,103	*3,346,877
Meats, lbs	461,755,385	433,575,045	28,180,340
Total	791,184,211	777,784,748	13,399,463
*Decrease.			

Exports of Breadstuffs

From Atlantic ports from September 1 to October 23:

	1886.	1885.	Increase.
Flour, bbls	3,472,772	1,6 9,243	443,529
Wheat, bu	14,965,915	7,193,000	7,772,915
Corn, bu	4,659,351	9,053,524	*2,394,173
*Decrease.			

St. Louis Markets.

FORENOON SESSION—CLOSING 1 P. M.

The damage to crops in Scotland alluded to in yesterday's POST-DISPATCH is confirmed by still later reports. These are that heavy rains in all sections have spoiled the grain remaining in the fields, of which there is a large quantity.—Last week's shipments of wheat from India were 500,000 bu to the United Kingdom and 860,000 bu to the Continent, a total of 1,360,000 bu, against 1,296,000 the week before.—Exports of flour and wheat from Atlantic ports since September 1 were equal to 17,855,000 bu, or 9,155,500 bu larger than for same time last year. If the same rate of exports could be maintained throughout the year, the total from these ports alone would be 125,000,000 bu.—Primary receipts of wheat for the past week were nearly 300,000 bu, but of corn less than 150,000 bu.—The Chicago Tribune report on corn that scared shorts so badly yesterday was as follows: "Complaints come in th ck and fast to the effect that the new corn is not panning out anything like so well as has been expected. It is dry enough, what there is of it, but the ears are small and rule, and contain but little corn to each cob. Some parties say the estimates will have to be revised by as much as 20 per cent, and several others place the falling off at fully 10 per cent from previous estimates of a five-eighths crop."—Bingham of New York says he sold No. 2 red wheat to-day 1@2 above the public sales.—New York wires to-day that Russia and the French tariff measures are the unsettling elements.——New Orleans reports 40,000 bu wheat and 56,000 bu corn exported to Rouen.

Cincinnati wires: "Speaking of corn, a merchant here lately appeared in a morning paper with a trading bull in wheat, a well-known operator remarked: "Last year about this time wheat was quoted at 81 to 81.10 on spot 350,000,000 bu, the smallest crop in years; yet, with this small crop, our markets went down to the lowest point ever known up to that time. On a much larger crop this year the bulls expect the market to sell up to three prices again. On what? They say on export demand, but what has our export demand consisted of in large parts? In facts that crop has been and has been exported so far on this crop as during the same period last year, but how much of this has been flour, and how much of this flour has been consigned to order? Ask the millers of the northwest and of the West, and note the stock of flour in England and in Scotland. Can you call consignments an export demand? That is one of the weakest features of the whole market. The New York market is four to five cents above an export basis, yet when Liverpool, or London, or Paris, or Antwerp or any of these European markets go up 1 to 2 pence, we put our markets up a shilling, and thus we keep eternally out of line with them. Sixpence advance is equal to 1½c a bushel, and we go up 2 to 3c. Can we expect Europe to keep on buying our wheat if we continue this? Years ago the United States held the keynote in cotton and commanded her own prices. The war came and cotton sold up to $2 a pound, and the English spinners said: 'Here, we can't stand this,' and they started cotton growing in other countries. Now the United States occupies really a secondary position in cotton. It has been the same in wheat. The prices demanded by the American speculator, or the American gambler, as Europe calls them, have been such as to drive buyers on the other side to other countries, and India, Australia and South America compete successfully with the States. These are a few facts, but they represent more than the last year to depress the markets and are in force at the present time as they were then. As to the statement that the carrying charges are a 'bugbear' and 'a big item,' I am free to say, that any merchant who would pay 32 to 35 per cent for carrying his goods is stupid and deserves to lose money."——A Chicago telegram says: "Speaking of carrying charges, stated, "May is at an extraordinary premium, the difference between cash and May exceeding the carrying charges by 4½c. It is said that this is a bearish feature." Well, we should say.

J. A. Edwards, Chicago, wired Tom Barthol ow: "Russian Consul says the Russian wheat crop averages 90 per cent, against 60 last year."——"Only some old story," said Chas. F. Orthwein, the exporter, "and we are doing nothing. I see that freights are easier in New Orleans," pointing to the 66½d rate quoted on the blackboard, "but they are still very high."——A sale of 3,500 bbls flour in one lot straight out to go East created considerable talk on the floor. The party who purchased the would not give no particulars, but said that we had sold 2,500 bbls the other day in our lot. Another of 1,000 bbls was heard of. Most of our local millers, however, report trade very quiet. E. O. Stanard said that there was possibly some improvement to orders from the South since the spurt in wheat of a few days ago, but that trade with the East was very slow. At old prices, say around 72c, they could sell flour to the East. Henry Wenze of the Camp Spring Mills reported that the southwestern trade quiet, and though they are able to place their output, they find it difficult to find holes enough to put their flour. He also thought that at around 72c or 73c they could sell more flour, Will J. Smith of the Plant Milling Co. only looked disgusted and said business was dull and the only orders came from the South. "Why," said one miller I know of hasn't received an order for one barrel to-day." Geo. Bain said the late cut in freights helped them some, but since Tuesday the lines again have been virtuous and they will not give anything below the tariff, and so trade has slackened again. Alex Smith and John Grangie confirmed the above. It should be stated that the 3,500 bbls sold was from a country mill and made outs of 62c wheat.——New York reported export purchases of 5½ loads wheat and 15 loads corn.

Wheat—After bulling the market for two days, the crowd came down this morning and found prices off ½c. Cables came in very unfavorable, all reporting quietude or dullness, and most of them declines. The public cable was 6d lower on California and 1s lower on red winter to arrive, and private advices were that buyers were holding off and that Indian wheat was ½@1d lower, the supply exceeding the demand. This was discouraging enough to those who have been banking upon European markets, but that the other side is not taking our wheat to any extent is shown by the export clearances from the Atlantic seaboard, which so far foot up only 538,000 bu from the principal ports. With all the talk, too, of decreasing movement from farmers' hands, arrivals here were larger than for a long time past and over 500 cars came into Duluth and Minneapolis. So far the indications are for a large increase in the next visible, the receipts at primary points for five days exceeding shipments by 3,100,000 bu. There was consequently not such a confident feeling among the bulls and they were not so ready to buy as they have been, yet there was no particular pressure to sell, and the market thus escaped anything like demoralization. Late in the session there was something of a flurry over a false report that consols were lower and of export purchases East, and the market quickly advanced 1@1½c, but the close was weak at ½@¾c below yesterday. Spot No. 2 red declined ½c, but was in good milling demand, as were sample offerings at the same decline. The supply of samples was large, and 74¾c, the rate fixed by millers as the top, but 75@75½c was paid for foreign. No. 2 red 74⅜@74½c; No. 3 red, 71½c bid for A. and U., 72c for this side, 73½c for D.; No. 2 red winter 74½c in St. L., 69c bid for D.; No. 2 Mediterranean, 73c bid; No. 3 do, 70c bid.

Corn was supposed to work downward in price, the crop scare of yesterday having been gotten over. Early cable advices were again strong, though no higher, but the close in Liverpool was said to be lower. Receipts were moderate and it is expected will remain so until the new crop begins moving, and this will be shortly. Trading was light and there was none of the activity and excitement that characterized yesterday's market. The close was at ¼@¾c decline. Spot grades were easier, but not much lower and the offerings sold without difficulty. No. 2 red 33⅜c regular, 34c in A. and U.; No. 3 red 31¼c in U., 32c in C.; No. 4 31½c bid for C.; No. 2 white 35c in C., and bid E. side; No. 3 do 33½c this side; no-grade 30c bid this side.

Oats—Not a trade was made in future, no one seeming inclined to either buy or sell. The feeling was barely steady, and that is said about all. Spot grades were firm, and Sheridan & Ryan bought all that was offered, which was not much No. 2, 25c regular; No. 3, 25c in U. and bid for C.

Rye dull. Grade No. 2 was offered in E. at 48¾c, while for U. as high as 49¼c was bid.

Barley sold fairly, and about steady rates were obtained. Quotations and sales as follows: Common and rejected, 32@55c; No. 3, 40@45c; prime, 50@55c; choice, 60@62c; fancy, 65@67c.

Flour was the same as it has been, the demand running small and sellers obtaining steady rates with some difficulty. We quote: Patents, $4.00@4.30; straights, $3.80@3.90; clears, $3.10@3.50; mediums, $2.30@2.65; low grades, $1.80@2.25. Quotations of the St. Louis Flour Dealers' Association were: XX, $2.10@2.30; XXX, $2.30@2.40; family, $2.60@2.75; fancy, $3.05@3.15; fancy, $3.40@3.50; extra, $3.55@3.80; patents at $4.00@4.30. These prices are for lots on arrival at the depot or levee; order lots higher.

Rye prices—Quiet at $1.20@1.30 per bbl.

Cornmeal—Dull at $2.00@2.05 for city on orders del.; pearl meal, $2.50; grits and hominy, $2.60@2.70.

Bran—still in small supply and in demand. Sacked, 50c at mill and E. track, 52c t. o. b.; bulk, 41@43c at country points.

Hay unchanged, but quiet, all grades below fancy timothy meeting slow sale, as there was only a local feeding demand. Sales ranged as follows: This side—Prairie, $7 @9.50 for prime to fancy—top rate for fancy quarters; mixed timothy, $7@9.50; prime to fancy timothy, $9@13. East track stock sells about $1@2 per ton below the above rates.

Provisions were traded in to a fair extent, though it cannot be said that the demand was any better. Small offerings of pork and lard made them firm, especially the latter, which was in good demand. A sale of 250 tcs prime steam lard made up country to go East, but nothing heard of in spot, which was worth 5.80c. Standard mess pork sold in a small way at $9.37½. Loose 25 day c'ribs sold spot at 5¼c, and boxed longs at 6¼c, c'ribs at 5.50c, and shorts 6¾c; loose 15@25 days, f. o. b. on cash orders—shoulders 5¼c, longs and c'ribs 6¼c, and shorts 6.55c. For green hams, future delivery, there was a demand, but packers not disposed to sell, though a lot of 5,000 pieces, averaging 15 lbs or under, sold from the block this week's delivery at 9c. Bacon packed shoulders sold at 5¾c, longs were scarce and wanted at 7@7¼c, c'ribs brought 6¾@7¼c and shorts 7¾@7¾c. Country lard, 5@5¼c per lb. S. c. hams, 9½@ 11¾c. Breakfast bacon, 9@10c. Beef—Family, $9@10 per bbl; extra mess, $6.50@7; 25 lb pcs, dried, 12½@13c; selected, 15c per lb; smoked tongues, $4.25@5 per doz. Tallow—Prime summer rendered, 3¾c in oil bbls; No. 2, 3¼@3½c; in irregular packages, ¼c less. Grease—Brown and yellow, 2½@3¼c; white, 3½@4c; straight lots held higher. Salt—Domestic, 90c ₰ bbl, on East and 95c this side. Ground alum, $1.10 ₰ sack—small way higher.

Highwines—Steady at $1.13 in St. Louis and Cincinnati, $1.14 in Peoria. $1.18 in Chicago.

Lead firm and demand steadily improving, evidenced by the larger sales, but the New York market, where $4.05 is asked and $4 bid, tends to check any advance here. Sales 300 tons ordinary (part chemical hard) at $3.87½ this side, and 4 cars chemical at $3.90 east track.

St. Louis Afternoon Board.

Wheat unsettled, closing easy. Corn dull and weak. Oats nominal. New York wires: "English freights trifle easier; Liverpool 4¼d, London 4¼d, Hull 4¼d. Glasgow 4½d; engagements fifteen loads wheat and twenty corn." It seems that the two round lots flour sold here lately went to Eastern cracker bakers, who are laying in stock for the holidays, Chicago—Puts, 75⅜c on December and calls 75¼c.

Cotton.

The speculative markets started in firm enough, but gave way later and were weak, Liverpool losing all it had gained and closing the same or a point below yesterday, while New York's later figures were at six points decline. Liverpool sports were dull and favored buyers. Manchester reported cloths firm and light demand and yarns steady, but somewhat inactive. Locally the market was unchanged, with good sales, 1,800 bales up to 3 p. m. Hill, Fontaine & Co., in their yesterday's circular, pertinently say: "Cotton is steadier. There was a killing frost last night in Tennessee, Alabama, Georgia, Mississippi and Arkansas, and this should stop 'top crop' nonsense. Middling to-day a year ago was 9¾c in New York, and 9½c in St. Louis; ½c higher than now. Manufactured goods are from 10 to 15 per cent higher than then. It seems the mills have a fine showing for prosperity, while the cotton raisers pay for the profits.

LOCAL SPOT QUOTATIONS—Low ordinary, 5¾c; ordinary, 6¼c; good ordinary, 7½c; low middling, 8¼c; middling, 8¾c; good middling, 9c; middling fair, 9½c.

RECEIPTS, SHIPMENTS AND STOCKS—Gross receipts to-day, 1,730 bales, against 4,908 bales last year; since September 1, 1886, 75,797 bales, against 102,452 same time last year; shipments to-day, 1,965 bales, against 3,156 bales last year; since September 1, 1886, 59,763 bales, against 79,738 bales same time last year; stocks in compresses and warehouses to-day, 26,948 bales, against 28,335 bales.

CLOSING PRICES, 3 P. M.

LIVERPOOL—Uplands, 5 3-16d; Orleans, 5 5-16d. Futures closed sales, 8,000 bales. Futures closed easy. October and November, 4 63-64d; November and December, 4 62-64d; December and January, 4 62-64d; January and February, 4 62-64d; February and March, 4 61-64d; March and April, 4 60-64d; April and May, 4 59-64d; May and June, 4 58-64d.

NEW YORK—Futures quiet at 9.12@9.21; spot, quiet; middling uplands, 9.25; middling Orleans, 9.25; sales, 300 bales; net receipts, 1,000 bales; gross receipts, 1,000 bales; exports to Great Britain, 1,000 bales; stock, 183,000 bales. Futures closed steady; sales, 75,000 bales; October, 9.12; November, 8.89c; December, 8.96; January, 9.04c; February, 9.12c; March, 9.22c; April, 9.31c; May, 9.40c; June, 9.49c; July, 9.59c; August —. Sales —— bales.

Country Produce.

APPLES—Large and sound in brisk demand and firm; common damaged, still slow. Choice and fancy at $1.75@2; fair to good at $1.25@1.50; inferior and common at 75@1.00 per bbl.

DRIED FRUIT—Sun-dried apples scarce and wanted at 1¾@2¼c for common, 2½@2¾c for good to prime, and 2¾@3¼c for choice bright quarters; peelings and cores, 1@1¼c. Evaporated slow at 5@6c for common and 7@8c for rings. Peaches—Few coming in; quarters and mixed, 3½@3c, and halves 5@3½c for old and 4½@5c for new; evaporated, 10@12½cfor unpeeled, and 12@16c for peeled. Blackberries, 8c.

POTATOES—Slow, as too much poor stock offering. We quote at 30@35c for rose and Ohio, 38@40c for peerless and New York Burbanks, 50c per bu; poor stock less.

ONIONS—Good demand; at $2.50@2.30 ₰ bbl, and 80@82½c for yellow and red ₰ bu.

GRASS SEEDS—Dull; small offerings and demand; timothy, $1.35@1.65; clover, $4.30@ 4.80; red top, 35@42c.

FLAXSEED—Receipts, 500 bu. Steady at 94c on basis of pure.

CASTOR BEANS—Sale of prime at $1.35.

HEMPSEED—Quote at 87@88c for pure test.

COTTON SEED—Quiet at $9@9.50 per ton.

BUTTER—Receipts, 63,341 lbs. Quiet and unchanged; demand light from local trade for choice and fancy, supply of which is ample; low and medium grades in large offering and dull We quote: Creamery —Choice to fancy, 24@25c; Elgin and some fav ite makes higher. Dairy—Choice to fancy, 18@ 20c; fair to medium, 12@16c; common, 7@8c; near-by country make at 6c to 10c, according to quality.

CHEESE—Wisconsin choice full cream, 11½@ 12c; Illinois do, 10@11c; skims, 7@8c; Young America, 12@12½c.

EGGS—Receipts, 554 pkgs. Firm and in demand; good, guaranteed stock at 14½@15c per dozen.

LIVE POULTRY—Supply still in excess of the demand, though inquiry better for fresh stock. Old mixed at $1.75@1.90, and hens 2@2.25 per dozen; Spring—Small at $1@1.25 and medium to good $1.40@1.60; choice large, $1.75@2 per dozen ducks at $1.50@

St. Louis Post-Dispatch,

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JOSEPH PULITZER, President.

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THE WEEKLY.

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FRIDAY, OCTOBER 29, 1886.

AMUSEMENTS TO-NIGHT.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—Kate Forsyth in "Marcelle."
OLYMPIC—R. B. Mantell in "Tangled Lives."
POPE'S—McNish, Johnson & Slavin's Minstrels.
PEOPLE'S—Geo. U. Boniface in "Streets of New York."
STANDARD—Two Johns Comedy Company.
PALACE MUSEUM—Daily from 1 p.m. to 10 p.m.

AMUSEMENTS TO-MORROW.

GRAND OPERA-HOUSE—"Marcelle."
OLYMPIC—"Tangled Lives."
POPE'S—Minstrels.
PEOPLE'S—"Streets of New York."
STANDARD—Comedy Company.

THE Globe-Democrat continues its advice to its readers to go a-fishing. It remains to be seen whether its piscatorial influence is more potent than its political influence.

THE public uncertainty as to the composition of the Law and Order League is partly relieved this morning by the exclusive publication of its announcements in the Globe-Democrat. This leads us to believe that the Law and Order League is a fishing club.

OUR private weather bureau informs us that Tuesday will be a bad day for fishing. The wind will be unfavorable, the bait will not be in good condition and the fish will not bite on election day. Our advice to all good citizens, regardless of party, is to cast a vote which shall reflect credit on the city.

MR. FRANK has now been in the field some two weeks without having furnished the people of his district with a single reason why he should be elected. If he has any ideas he keeps them jealously to himself, and his contributions to the sum of our political knowledge are limited to his letter of acceptance.

UP to date the POST-DISPATCH is the only paper in the city that has succeeded in extracting an interview from Messenger FOTHERINGHAM in reference to the great train-robbery; and the public may be assured that when the suspected messenger again unbosoms himself, his statements will appear first in our columns.

IT is very probable that ED BUTLER'S support will contribute as much to the defeat of several Democratic candidates as FILLEY'S support will contribute to the wrecking of Mr. FRANK'S hopes. A certain kind of indorsement does a candidate no good when the people have time and opportunity to look into the merits of the contest.

THE rumor that Secretary LAMAR permitted the canvasser for the Life of Gen. LEE to solicit orders from the clerks in his Department and refused to grant the same privilege to canvassers for Gen. GRANT'S Memoirs, has been exploded as a straight-out lie; but the circulation of the clumsy slander has not been entirely checked.

MR. CHARLES O'BRIEN, Republican candidate for Clerk of the Court of Criminal Correction, wishes the Republican City Central Committee to accept the influence of the American Celt as the equivalent of his assessment; but the needs of the campaign will require a contribution in a more concrete form. The committee needs an assessment that is potent enough to conjure the cork out of a bottle.

THE misfortunes of Chicago never come singly. The citizens of that big town had just become resigned to the loss of the base ball championship and the obstinate prevalence of the pleuro-pneumonia, when CARTER HARRISON flatly refused to represent the city in Congress. This is a gloomy state of affairs for Chicago, but it shows that HARRISON maintains a residuum of dignity amidst the disfiguring splotches on his political record.

JUDGE SHERWOOD of the Supreme Court has just pronounced an extra-forensic decision in which he declares that he has taken judgment by default against Senator COCKRELL, and that by that judgment the Senator stands declared a Prohibitionist. Such a decision would be remarkable under any circumstances, but as it is given in a case in which the eminent Judge also appeared as Prosecuting Attorney against "St. Francis of the Garden" it cannot be expected to hold.

THE report comes from Washington that the Democratic campaign book, which is sold to the public for a $1 a copy, has been offered to all the clerks in the War Department for $100 a copy, the liberal offer being made through the medium of printed circulars. If it can be proved that there has been an actual attempt to revive the abandoned custom of levying campaign assessments on clerks in the War Department, it becomes the duty of the Secretary of War to give the matter instant attention with the view of correcting the abuse and punishing offenders. It is probable that a bogus assessment circular has been mailed to the clerks by some unscrupulous and irresponsible outsider in the hope that some of them would be scared into forwarding the amount demanded without first asking questions about it.

THE NINTH DISTRICT.

Hon. JOHN M. GLOVER is not only the candidate of the Democratic party for re-election in the Ninth District, but he was so obviously the candidate of the business interests of St. Louis that he received the nomination without opposition. What opposition there was, was so plainly personal and born of personal griefs and grudges that it could not induce any Democrat to contest the nomination with him. He is, therefore, still the candidate of the business interests of St. Louis as well as the nominee of the Democratic party. He is so because the same combative energy, pluck and persistence with which he fought his way to the front in his own party mark him as the kind of Democrat that can be most useful to St. Louis in Congress.

The metropolis of a Democratic State, St. Louis needs Democrats to work for her in a Democratic House under a Democratic Administration, but she also needs the kind of Democrats there who will do her work unswerved by patronage and unawed by the party bosses, State or National.

It was this quality in Mr. GLOVER that commended him to the business interests for re-election. A few ward bosses and patronage brokers may object to his return because they cannot control him nor make him useful to them in selling out St. Louis interests to corporations and to manipulators of conventions, but he will be re-elected because the people who elected him before have found him frank, brave, energetic and useful, and because they respect him all the more for the enemies he has made.

The Republican nominee, Mr. FRANK, is a new man, unskilled in public affairs, pronounced unfit for the position by his party's organ and opposed by a large element of his own party because he is the candidate of an unholy combination of CHAUNCEY I. FILLEY with such Democrats as ED BUTLER and DICK LANCASTER. The great business interests of the district can not afford to be lukewarm in such a contest, and will probably take care that Mr. GLOVER is returned by an increased majority.

WHAT HE WAS THERE FOR.

Of Mr. BLAINE'S campaign speeches in Pennsylvania the Boston Herald says:

The attempt of Mr. BLAINE to prejudice northern labor against the colored labor of the South, as a cheaper competitor with it, is a dastardly piece of demagogism. Its ostensible object is to create animosity toward the whites of the Southern section, but it is entirely apparent that its effect, if it has any, must be to stimulate aversion toward the laborer himself who works for low wages. This is a fair specimen of the depth of Mr. BLAINE'S regard for the colored man. It extends no further than his usefulness to him as a tool for political uses, and he does not hesitate to invoke rivalry to the injury of the colored race whenever it suits his purposes.

What else could Mr. BLAINE do? He was there to help the railroad monopolies keep under their feet the Pennsylvania Constitution, upon which, with the aid and consent of the Pennsylvania Republicans, they have trampled for twelve years. He was there to help the protected monopolists maintain their right to prosper by taxation at the expense of labor. He was in a State where there are more imported pauper laborers, larger masses of men working for starvation wages, more store-order swindles upon labor, more labor troubles, more discontent and disquietude among wage-earners than in any other State of the Union. In order to reconcile the poor victims of his political nostrums to their hard lot, he painted shocking pictures of the harder lot of the negroes down South, and ascribed that to Democratic rule. To prevent Northern wage-earners from opposing the policy of monopolists and moneycrats, he sought to array them against the colored masses at the South as their most formidable competitors in the wage market—as another inferior race like the Chinese, menacing them with starvation.

But surely intelligent workingmen must see through this "dastardly piece of demogogism." If they are dissatisfied with the low wages they are compelled to take at times under the present tariff in the very paradise of protection, will it console them to be told how much lower wages are in the South where the same tariff is in full force? If protection neither protects the laborers of the South nor the laborers of the North, why should they be afraid of tariff reformers who propose to relieve them from needless and oppressive taxation without depriving them of any protection which is a real benefit to the industries of the country?

SOME of the candidates on both sides for seats in the General Assembly of Missouri have, like Mr. GUS THOMAS, one of the Republican candidates in the Third District, had the nerve to declare themselves publicly and pointedly in favor of enforcing the railroad provisions of the Constitution rigidly, mentioning especially that provision which forbids a greater charge for a short haul than for a longer which includes the shorter, and that other provision against discrimination in charges by abatement, drawback or otherwise. But as there are other candidates who have neglected or refused to pledge themselves to this extent, we advise all voters, Republicans and Democrats alike, to scratch as a nullifier of the State Constitution every candidate who refuses or neglects to declare himself in favor of its provisions with reference to railroad regulation. Those of the candidates who have served in the Legislature since the present Constitution was adopted, and who are more or less responsible for the failure of that body to enforce the railroad provisions, are under peculiar obligations to speak out explicitly on this subject now, and thus to show that they can be trusted to make amends for past failures.

THE apologists of the naval officers who were detected in smuggling at Newport claim that Americans who go abroad have a right to buy and bring back clothes for their own use; but in this case it seems that each officer had about twenty-five pairs of ladies' silk hose, besides silk shawls, kid gloves for ladies and gentlemen, in addition to wines and liquors. A man has a legal right to go abroad and recruit his wardrobe without paying duty on his new clothes when he comes home; but the average man, and especially the average bachelor, is straining the legal privileges to which he is entitled when he returns from Europe equipped with twenty-five pairs of ladies' hose. It is well for one to be provided for emergencies, but no one should overlook the law in looking ahead. It is feared, also, that such a profuse abundance of silk goods and costly wines will sow the seeds of effeminacy and enervation among the gallant officers of the navy.

It takes about five dollars to get up a "popular revolt" against a candidate.

AS MR. BLAINE has given Pennsylvania a magnetic hand-bath, the salvation of the State is assured.

IT is rumored that American cashiers in Canada will celebrate the next Fourth of July with fireworks.

BILL NYE is writing humorous matter for the Century Magazine. He will not begin on the war articles till he gets his hand in.

THIRTY-NINE young Apaches will be sent to Carlisle, Pa., to be educated. If they are all BLAINE men they will get along very smoothly.

IT will be found an up-hill business creating an adverse sentiment against Secretary LAMAR for the alleged act of protecting his employes from book agents.

A FRENCHMAN named ERLATH has fasted sixty days. It is not stated what Mr. ERLATH'S profession is, but he is evidently qualified to shine as a tramp.

BOB INGERSOLL favors HENRY GEORGE for Mayor of New York. If HENRY is defeated he should borrow BOB'S ranch long enough to recoup him for campaign expenses.

THE Republican candidate for Governor of Massachusetts is a millionaire in his own right, while the mugwump candidate is a millionaire by marriage. You take your choice, but you don't pay your money; the candidate pays that.

THE even-handed readiness with which ED BUTLER is prepared to manage either a Democratic or a Republican campaign creates a suspicion that he is something of a mugwump himself, even if he is a mugwump for revenue only.

Ghost-Seeing.

From the New York WORLD.

The ghost of the French Revolution need have no terrors for an American citizen. There is no relevancy in the sinister suggestions of imported Socialists that such a revolution may become necessary in this country. Neither do we share in the fears of conservative citizens that there is danger of the wild scenes of a hundred years ago being repeated here. The social and political conditions which caused the French Revolution do not exist here, and can have no counterpart in a government that has a hundred years of "Liberty, Equality and Property" back of it. That terrible outbreak was the result of long years of oppression. Property and privilege were alike monopolized by the few. A profligate, heartless and odious aristocracy trampled upon the rights of the people. But here there is no oppression, for the people govern. The "rulers" this year may be private citizens next year, and are the servants, not the masters, of the people. Property and privilege are more widely diffused and equally shared than is the case anywhere else in the world. America has made Presidents of rail-splitters, tailors and canal boys; millionaires of ferrymen, peddlers and day laborers, and aristocrats (such as they are) of cod-fishers, traders and everybody else who chose to order a crest of his carriage painter or jeweller. Not one of the animating causes of the French Revolution exists here.

Why Benton Was Removed.

From the Kansas City Times. (Dem.)

The United States District and Circuit Courts are now in session and Col. Benton is the authorized attorney to represent the Government in all cases wherein the Government is interested. He is paid for this service and it is his duty to give it his personal attention. This he has not done, but has relegated the duty to others, and spent his time in the service of a political party. And he has done this in direct contravention of an order of the President warning all Government officials against neglecting their official duty and taking an active part in politics. He has therefore, laid himself open to disapproval by his violation of the positive instructions of the President, and it is little wonder that he has received a reprimand.

As a Democratic newspaper and a friend of Col. Benton the Times exceedingly regrets the unfortunate dilemma in which he is placed, and hopes that his suspension may only be temporary, and that he may be soon reinstated. But at the same time we most unequivocally indorse and sustain the President in his action.

Socialist Agitators.

From the Boston Herald.

In our opinion, the scare that has been started in New York over Mr. George's candidacy is altogether foolish and unnecessary. It will not do to approach the social problem with the notion that all those who do not think as we do, or who cherish what may be termed advanced ideas, are necessarily bloodthirsty anarchists. If those who have in the past represented the wealth and intelligence of the community, and who have hitherto had control of its political destinies, make the mistake of grouping all of those who would modify or change existing social conditions into one class, and visit upon them a general and sweeping condemnation, then, indeed, the condition of public affairs in this country may well be called serious.

The principal leaders of the social agitation in this country are honest, well-intentioned men; such errors as they hold are errors of the head, and not of the heart; they are not bloodthirsty ruffians; they would not inaugurate a saturnalia of murder; and, so far as we can discover, they have no intention of making any change except by legal and constitutional methods. Under such circumstances, the part of prudence and justice is to give to them the credit of their good intentions, and meet them in fair, manly discussion. To take any other course would be to sink a gulf between two great classes in this community which would eventually be bridged by fire and sword.

Two Esteemed Contemporaries.

From the Heppner (Ore.) Gazette.

The Bogus Dutchman who serves on the sponge staff of the Gimletville Ghost, the bogus patent-outside rag fraudulently dated down the krick, wants to know why the Gazette man has not more "friends." One reason probably is because he has always attended to his own legitimate business, has paid 100 cents on the $, and exacted the same from other men as far as possible.

If the Bunchgrass Bladder has any legitimate circulation or anything else to blow about, it is time it were paying a dollar or two of tax toward supporting the county in which it assumes to become a shining light, or a mutton-tallow dip or something.

The President and the Babies.

From the Washington Evening Star.

During his stay at Gov. Lee's mansion President Cleveland played with Mrs. Lee's 3-months-old girl baby, talked infantile talk and imprinted a Presidential kiss upon the little cherub's red lips. He fondled the Governor's children, and as the train was about to steam out of the station this evening a lady presented her baby to the President to kiss, which he did.

Hewitt and Cleveland.

From the Baltimore American.

There is a deeper significance in the nomination of Hewitt than appears on the surface. Hewitt is opposed to Cleveland. If he is elected he will so organize the city, while Hill attends to the country, that when delegates from New York are elected to the next Presidential convention they will be for anyone but Cleveland.

MEN OF MARK.

BARNUM'S show took in $14,000 at Charleston one day since the great quake.

MR. BRYAN, Secretary Bayard's private secretary and friend, receives an annual salary of $1,800.

THOMAS GARRETT, of Alabama, is 119 years old, and has voted the Democratic ticket all his life.

GEORGE ALFRED TOWNSEND'S new story, "Katy of Catoctin," will be issued by the Appletons this week.

JOHN BRIGHT'S latest exploit was the landing of an eighteen-pound salmon from the frothing waters of the Tay.

BY the death of Gen. de Havilland in England, the office of York Herald is vacant. It is worth $800 a year.

WILLIAM GILLESPIE WALKER, nephew of James G. Blaine, has entered the order of Jesuit Fathers at Santa Clara, Cal.

HARRY GARFIELD, the eldest son of the late President Garfield, is soon to marry his cousin, Miss Mason, of Cleveland, O.

CONGRESSMAN TIM CAMPBELL modestly says in answer to his critics: "Why, d—m 'em, I know more about the science of government than any other man in America."

THOMAS BAILEY ALDRICH protests against the name Dollar street, on which his house is located in Ponkapog. "There are," he says, "at least 150 scents in it, and it should be named Dollar-and-a-half street.

GEN. JAMES W. DENVER, a Democratic candidate for Congress in one of the Republican districts of Ohio, is famous as having denounced a briber who offered him $40,000 for his vote while in Congress over thirty years ago.

JOHN DOUGLASS, a South Carolinian of whitened locks and dim eyes, kicked twice at something which he recently felt in bed, then called for a light, and when it came found a cheerful-looking rattlesnake asleep near his feet.

KING MENILEK of Shoa, a vassal of King John of Abyssinia, makes all the priests at his capital wear the uniform of Italian grenadiers, and his favorite amusement is playing with paper balloons and blowing penny trumpets.

MR. CLEVELAND, according to a Boston Traveller correspondent, is fond of having the members of his Cabinet dine informally with him, and it is seldom that his board hasn't one of them discussing the mysteries of his kitchen.

PRINCE ALEXANDER BATTENBERG, late of Bulgaria, has just bought the Charlottenfeld estate, near Schaffouse, Switzerland. It is situated half way between the city and Neubausen, and overlooks the valley of the Rhine. The Prince paid $100,000.

ADIRONDACK MURRAY has again scandalized the Puritan East by publicly insisting that if a show of hands could be compelled the people would discover that two-thirds of the Congregational clergy of New England have not believed for the past ten years in the old-fashioned hell as a place of torment.

KATKOFF, the famous leader of the Russian Pansiavist party and the editor of the Moscow Gazette, has been decorated by the Czar with the Order of Saint Vladimir. This has caused a flutter at Berlin. According to the North German Gazette, Bismarck's recognized organ, the Order of Vladimir conferred by the Emperor is more eloquent than any Red Book, and reveals the private opinion of the Czar.

WOMEN OF THE WORLD.

"LOTTA" will shortly appear as an authoress in a story of "Experiences."

MISS FANNY DAVENPORT is engaged in writing the life of her father, E. L. Davenport.

THE wife of the new Postmaster of Boston, Gen. Corse, is a niece of President Pierce.

THE widow of the late Secretary Chandler is one of the most lavish entertainers in Detroit society.

MRS. THEO'S presentation of "Adam and Eve" is reported as one of the Paris season's most conspicuous failures.

MISS ALICE J. SANBORN has been nominated for Superintendent of Schools in Brule County, Dak., by the Democrats.

ELLEN TERRY wears an Indian "luck stone" whenever she faces a new audience. She got it from the Prince of Wales.

IT is believed that the Empress Carlotta, the widow of the unfortunate Maximilian, is dying from the effects of an acute recurrence of her mania.

MISS LEDNAR RHODES and Miss Cora Smith, who are described as the two most beautiful and accomplished young ladies of Grand Forks, Dak., are said to be the best female marksmen in the Territory, both as short and long range.

IT is intimated that the Duchess de Luynes will figure prominently in New York society during the coming season or a part of it at least.

QUEEN VICTORIA is said to possess a set of the autographs of the signers of the Declaration of Independence, which is the first in existence.

MRS. JAMES BROWN POTTER will sail for Europe November 6 and go directly to France, where she will pass the winter studying the language of the Parisians.

A YOUNG woman of Harrisburg, Pa., utilized her wire bustle the other day as a cage for a flying squirrel that she caught while in the country and wanted to carry home.

THE National Women's Christian Temperance Union has planted an oak tree over the grave of Dr. Benjamin Rush at Philadelphia and erected there a memorial tablet.

A LONDON publisher has received answers from 1,000 school girls to the question: "Who is your favorite author?" Dickens received 330 votes; Scott, 256; Kingsley and C. M. Yonge, 91 each; Shakspeare, 73; George Eliot, 41, and other prominent authors a less number.

MARY ANDERSON advises young women not to have anything to do with amateur theatricals, as they are "a tremendous strain on the nerves and do not pay one who has a high ideal of dramatic art." What in the world would become of many of our feminine conversationalists if that one word ideal were ever to get stolen or lost?

ELLA WHEELER WILCOX has written a poem adapted to recitation for Mrs. James Brown Potter that illustrates the tendency of society to forgive a man that goes wrong while it remains unrelenting toward a woman who errs. Its title is "Two Sinners," and Mrs. Potter expects by means of it to heighten the fame she achieved by reciting "Ostler Joe" last winter.

THE METROPOLITAN PRESS.

What the Editors of the New York Journals Are saying this Morning.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, October 29.—The WORLD says to day: "Mr. Blaine tells the people of Pennsylvania, 'the trouble about Pennsylvania is that you are too rich.' This is true of the coal barons and the iron kings, but how about the miners who are working at 90 cents to $1 a day, as much of the time only as the protected monopolists decree that the mines shall be operated? Are they 'too rich?'"

THE SUN.

The Sun says: "We remarked some time ago that Mr. Bayard would deserve the gratitude of our shipping interest if he could succeed in some mode of getting back the money unjustly taken from our merchants by discriminating duties which we, on our part, had abolished. The Spanish Minister has shown us exactly how this may be done, if it be true that he has asked for the refunding of the imports levied on Spanish vessels arriving from Cuba on October 25 and the two succeeding days. The refunding process should be carried out all around."

THE TRIBUNE.

The Tribune says: "Attorney-General Garland was absent from the reviewing stand yesterday. As it was only a statue of Liberty that was to be unveiled, he did not come on from Washington. If it had been a statue of Reform Enlightening the World with a Panelectric torch, he would have been on hand to doff his cap to the Goddess. Not satisfied with saluting her he would have winked at her very hard."

THE TIMES.

The Times says: "The arch which spanned Park Row yesterday and under which the procession defiled was not the only thing the WORLD newspaper had in the event of the day. Our contemporary is fully entitled to all the credit it may claim in connection with the efforts which culminated in the celebration of yesterday. The pedestal fund, which languished for a long and weary season, might be languishing yet but for the vigor and public spirit with which the WORLD took it up and carried it to completion."

ANSWERS TO CORRESPONDENTS.

E. J. B.—The French spell it "rigueur."

READER.—February 20, 1882, was a Friday.

SUBSCRIBER.—The Morrison tariff bill was not taken up in the last session of Congress.

SUBSCRIBER.—An insurance company could cancel a policy under the circumstances you mention.

READER.—Kelly is now manager of the Louisvilles but last umpired in the American Association.

OLD SUBSCRIBER.—There is no law to prevent your studying the steamboat advertisements of the daily papers.

ANXIOUS ENQUIRER.—If the doctors cannot cure your cuticular ailment you cannot expect an editor to do it for you.

A READER.—It is not necessary to have a wedding cake, but if there is one, the bride should cut it after the ceremony.

G. O. M.—Capitalization is merely a matter of taste, but it is now discouraged. In the examples given the capitals are used to personalize the objects.

E. S.—The amount of coal consumed by a passenger car between St. Louis and Chicago depends on the time of the year and the corresponding temperature.

NO. 1627 BIDDLE STREET.—The open part of a dice box is generally taken to be the top. Still it is purely an arbitrary matter and you can call it the bottom if you want to.

He Can, But Will He?

From the Fall River Advance.

A walk into the woods just now is a ramble into a realm of bronzed beauty. And when a young fellow happens to see a pretty girl laden with autumn leaves waltzing toward the umbrageous shade in which he is resting, and smoking, and enjoying the delicious golden-tinted scene, he can easily shin up a tree out of danger and defy her to follow him.

Getting Even with Phelps.

From the Kansas City Times.

There is one way in which Mr. Rice can get even with Minister Pheips for the slight put upon him in England. He can refuse to introduce Mr. Phelps to the people of the United States when his term is up.

Progress of the Hayti Campaign.

From Tid-Bits.

Another revolution is reported in San Domingo. At last accounts the army was chasing the insurgent, but, owing to a misstep in which he tripped over his sword, the former was forty rods in the rear.

Gould's Brakemen.

From the Baltimore Herald.

Jay Gould, after a triumphant tour over his vast network of Southwestern railways, is rapidly returning Eastward. He says all his lines are making money, but his brakemen are still working for $1 a day.

And None of Them Dare.

From the Philadelphia North American.

The European nations that are going about with chips on their shoulders seem to be in mortal terror lest somebody will dare to knock them off.

To Keep His Hair Dry.

From the Philadelphia Call.

It has been remarked that the youth who wears the tallest collar and carries the largest stick wears the smallest hat, but why it is nobody seems to know.

Can Marry, Divorce, and Marry Again.

From the New Haven News.

A Philadelphia Press poet asks: "Why cannot I both harmers wed?" We don't know unless it is on account of the law regarding the matter.

Culture in the Schuylkill Wilds.

From the Shenandoah Sunday News.

What is the name of the present candidate for Senator who said: "Ten dollars per diem is good enough for me?"

MR. W. C. STEIGERS

Will call on merchants wishing to contract for advertising in the POST-DISPATCH. Telephone 556.

THE FESTIVE CLEW.

DETECTIVES PULLING ON FORTY THREADS FOR THE EXPRESS ROBBER.

Manager Weir Says the Loss Is Over $81,000—Twenty-Five $1,000 Bills Missing—The Morning Papers Still Unable to Interview Fotheringham—The Messenger Will Go Home with His Mother To-Day.

The Adams Express Company has met with no more success so far in hunting up the train robber than the reporters of the morning papers have had in their search for the messenger. Fotheringham is at the Southern Hotel, but is not under arrest, as has been intimated. He has repeatedly expressed his willingness to remain with the company and to give them any assistance he can in hunting up the robber. As yet no officer authorized to make an arrest has seen him. The fact that the shipment of currency on this 'Frisco car was the largest that had been made over that road for several months seems significant. Fotheringham still adheres to the statements he made to a POST-DISPATCH reporter and has not departed from the story in any important particular.

WHAT MANAGER WEIR THINKS.

"People on the street think we are wasting time," said Manager L. C. Weir this morning, at the Southern. "They think it is easy enough to get at the bottom of this mystery."

"When do you expect to reach the bottom?"

"I don't know. My experience with these affairs is that it takes two or three weeks to get anywhere near the bottom. It is easy enough for outsiders to say 'the messenger did it,' but how are you going to prove it? Where's the evidence that he did it? You may have any opinion that pleases you, but opinions are not evidence. Suppose Fotheringham did have something to do with the robbery, there was another man in it."

"Where is that other man?"

"There is the question. We must find him. We are working on the clews that have been obtained. We take a silk thread and pull on it to see if there isn't a hawser at the other end. There are about forty of these threads."

"They would make a rather strong cable."

"If we could get the threads together, but they are all separate now."

"Fotheringham hasn't made a confession then?"

"No, and I guess he has told all that he can tell—at least, all that he will tell."

"A morning paper says Fotheringham wanted to talk to one of its reporters, and on being prevented by his detective companion in dramatic despair said: 'My God, they won't let me talk. What truth was there in that?'"

"That's all bosh. He is too phlegmatic to do anything like that, and you know we haven't objected to his talking. Why don't you let those morning paper fellows alone? You got your scoop. He talked to you. There was no detective with Fotheringham when the morning paper reporter saw him; he was with a stenographer, a little fellow."

"Fotheringham is in the hotel now?"

"Yes, we had him down here so we could see him easily whenever he was needed. He won't stay here though. His mother will be here to-day and it is probable that he will go home via Chicago and Litchfield, I believe, on the 'Frisco. There is no use keeping him here incurring expense all the time. We want him near though in case anything should turn up. We may want to ask him about things that are brought out. If he is sufficiently near to avoid delay in getting information that is all we want."

"Do you believe there was a conspiracy in the express office to rob that car?"

"No, there is nothing in that, I am sure."

"The shipment of such large sums of money on Monday night was known in the office?"

"Certainly. Shipments are never kept secret from the employes in the office, but you're on the wrong tack there."

"Can you tell now the total amount stolen?"

"Yes; it is over $81,000, but will not reach $82,000."

"Of that total the Continental Bank's shipment amounted to $37,500—that is known. Can you tell the other shipments?"

"No; the banks consider their business with us as confidential and I could not violate that confidence. The Continental's total of shipments was given out by some of the bank people before we said anything about it. There are a number of reasons why these shipments should not be published, and in addition to that was an envelope stolen from the car containing twenty-five $1,000 bills. The envelope was not as thick as this key, for all the money it contained. It was sent that way for reasons best known to the shipper and was intended for the purchase of a mine. Now if it was published who made that shipment the purchaser of the mine might get into trouble. No, the aggregate of money stolen is all that can be given out. We have settled with all shippers except may be a few, who do not amount to much. They will be settled with immediately."

"Do you think any of the silk threads referred to are growing thicker as you pull upon them?"

"No; I can't say they are."

"Fotheringham still remains your most considerable clew?"

"He is the center of attraction. The other clews are revolving on the periphery of the wheel. Fotheringham is the hub. Our work now is to connect the periphery with the hub." Mr. Weir is addicted to metaphor when dealing with subjects that are too delicate for homely facts.

HE PAID THE FINE.

Lee Overstreet Answers Officer Pohl's Charges in the Police Court.

The case of Lee Overstreet, charged with trespass and carrying concealed weapons, was called in the Second District Police Court before Judge White this morning, and was disposed of very quickly. The City Attorney informed the Judge that he had entered a nolle prosequi in the charge of trespass, and when the charge of carrying concealed weapons was put to Overstreet he pleaded guilty and was fined $10. Officer Pohl was present as witness for the State, but evidence of no kind was called for or taken. The case, it will be remembered, grew out of a disturbance which occurred October 21, when Officer Pohl on arriving at his home, No. 1410 Penrose street, very early in the morning, found young Overstreet on his wife's room with the door locked upon them. No response was made to his knock for some time and when at last the door was opened, Mr. Overstreet walked out from the house. He immediately arrested the young man, who when searched at the station was found to carry a revolver on his person. The officer entered two charges, trespass and carrying concealed weapons. The latter was nolle prossed because of Mrs. Pohl's invitation to Overstreet to call. Overstreet pleaded guilty to the latter charge by the advice of his attorney.

OUR NEIGHBORS.

Items of Interest and Gossip from the Adjacent Towns.

Joplin, Mo., October 28.—Miss Caddie Goodwin has returned from a visit of several weeks to friends in Saline County, Mo.——Miss Cora Nevins has returned from a short visit to Carthage friends.——Mr. and Mrs. Edwin Ellis of Lebanon are visitors in Joplin.——Mrs. Thos. Connor has returned from a visit of several weeks to friends in the East.——Messrs. J. O. Van Riper of Decatur, Ill., C. G. Cunningham and F. W. Miller of St. Louis, also Mr. L. B. Jones of St. Louis, the owner of a large tract of mineral land southeast of the city, are visitors here.——Mrs. J. W. Arnold is reported much improved after her recent serious illness.——Rev. Father Wood of Neosho this week paid a visit to Rev. Father McCormack of St. Peter's Catholic Church here.——Mr. Chas. Schifferdecker, Mrs. L. Riseling and Mrs. C. Henckel left yesterday morning for a few days' visit at Osage Mission, Kan.——Miss Sadie Jones, daughter of Mr. E. C. Jones, left yesterday for Utica, N. Y., to spend the winter with her aunt.——A leaking Mikado company has secured the Opera-house for Monday next, and already nearly every reserved seat is taken.

Let Off With a Lecture.

Abe Diggs was before Judge Cady this morning on a charge of disturbing the peace and representing himself as an officer. He is the Negro who was with the colored ex-convict Scott Anderson when the latter attempted to get Louisa Brown, a white girl, to accompany him to a cellar by representing himself to be an officer and threatening to lock her up in the Four Courts if she did not submit to his desires. The girl identified him positively, and Diggs admitted he was the man, but she could not say much against him. Diggs was given a good character by people who knew him and the City Attorney informed the Court that he had heard that since the trial and conviction of Anderson the girl had gone to live with a negro. On this statement of the case Judge Cady let Diggs off with a lecture on the evils of keeping bad company.

REAL ESTATE.

Sales Which Have Occurred During the Week—Other Items of Interest.

The past week in the real estate market has been marked by some very satisfactory transactions. Not only have the sales consummated been sufficient in size and number to be encouraging, but the inquiry for suitable residence property has been very gratifying and promises a fair harvest in the immediate future.

Among the agents the following transactions are reported:

Terry & Scott sold 50x130 feet on the north side of Henrietta street east of Nebraska avenue for $1,250. The property was owned by Sickels et al., and purchased by Wm. Baurlein.

The same agents for Mrs. M. F. Barrett sold to Elizabeth Evans 25x125 feet on Gratiot street east of Boyle avenue at $10 per foot.

Fisher & Co. report the sale of 3 10-100 acres of quarry land on South Broadway at the intersection of Termination street. The property belonged to Britton A. Hill and was bought by R. A. Willis for $2,400.

J. E. Griffet sold to John Meehan 25x160 feet on Chagett avenue, one-half block north of Taylor avenue, at $12 per foot. Mr. Meehan will improve at once.

J. A. Duffy & Co. of 806 Chestnut street report the following sales:

Twenty-five by 134 feet 8 inches from the heirs of the Gartside estate to E. Tumalty & Bro. at $50 per foot.

Twenty-five by 134 feet 8 inches from the same estate to John Johnson for $1,250.

Thirty-five by 134 feet 8 inches from same estate to Peter and Chas. Steinman at $50 per foot.

All of the above property is on the south side of Franklin avenue in city block 996. It will be improved at once with handsome dwellings.

Lot 21 in city block 3,761, 25x160 feet on the south side of Bell avenue from Henry Young and wife to Christ Von der Ahe at $20 per foot.

Forty by 132 feet 6 inches, in city block 4,562 on the south side of Finney avenue at $5 per foot from Joseph O. Duffy and wife to Wm. J. Hegel. Mr. Hegel will at once erect a handsome residence.

The same agents report also the sale of the two-story eight-room frame house on east side of Grand avenue in city block 9 of Lindell's second addition to the city with lot 50x160 feet. This was leased property, and was sold by Christ Von der Ahe to Henry Young for the sum of $2,000.

Messrs. McCann, Rice & Farrington report the sale of lot 25x150 feet with three-room cottage at 4100 Lucky street, from Judge Wm. H. Horner to Wm. Mykins for $520.

M. A. Wolff & Co. sold the three-story, terra cotta brick house at 3812 Pine street with lot 33x218 feet from Joseph Specht to Culver F. Collins for $15,000.

The same agents sold the two-story brick house at 4109 Natural Bridge road, belonging to Mrs Maria McShanahan, to Caroline Kuhlman for $2,000.

Delos R. Haynes sold the eight-room brick house, 2911 Pine street, with lot 18 feet 6 inches by 131 feet for $5,200. The property was owned by N. S. Gray and bought by Sarah H. Farley.

A SOLITARY TOURIST.

William Dennis' Long Trip in a Clinker-Built Boat.

MEMPHIS, Tenn., October 29.—A young man named William Dennis arrived here yesterday in the clinker-built boat, Dauntless of Buffalo, en route down the river. Mr. Dennis left Buffalo twelve weeks ago in his open boat with no companion, bent on making a trip by way of Lake Erie, the Miami canal, the Ohio and Mississippi rivers, the Gulf of Mexico, the Atlantic Ocean, the Hudson river and the Erie canal back to his home in Buffalo. He has come this far without accident, and is positive of his ability to finish the trip. He will winter on the St. John's River, in Florida, and in the spring coast up to the mouth of the Hudson, up which river he will go until he reaches New Albany, where he will enter the Erie Canal, by way of which he will go to Buffalo. His boat is a beautifully-modeled little craft, 18½ feet 6 inches over all, and 4 feet 10 inches beam, and carries an eleven yard sail. Dennis has a rifle, a single-loading shot-gun and fishing tackle in abundance and has kept his table well supplied with fish and game since he started on his trip.

HOTEL PERSONALS.

Thos. F. Kilkenny, Providence, R. I.; L. P. Cunningham, Joplin, Mo., are at the Planters.

J. K. Lape, Moberly, Mo.; G. D. Haden, Alton, Ill.; E. W. Stafford, Urbana, O.; J. W. Lyon, Cleveland, are at the Everett.

W. C. Trusty, Equality, Ill.; H. Thompson, Macon, Mo.; H. Irwin, Maxwell, Mo.; A. E. Wiley, York, Pa., are at the St. James.

W. L. Hite, Louisville; Mrs. P. J. Kennedy, New Orleans, La.; F. J. McTaffe, Nashville, Tenn.; A. B. Brixton, Munroe City, are at Hotel Hunt.

John J. Keating, Hannibal, Mo.; D. Michels, Springfield, Mo.; E. A. Johnson, J. C. Blayner, Council Bluffs; F. D. Tyrell, Moberly Mo., are at the Laclede.

G. O. Bishop, Hannibal, Mo.; W. N. Reeds, Kansas City; A. Stevens, Milwaukee; C. M. Finch, Jamesburg, N. J.; C. H. Henbower, Reading, Pa.; C. Bowman, Wooster, O.; J. B. Eagen, W. J. Sweeney, Jersey City, N. J.; Pressbury West and wife, Jefferson City, are at the Lindell.

Geo. Saarthof and wife, Las Vegas, N. M.; J. K. Farley, Dubuque, Io.; L. B. Davidson, Auk City, Kan.; N. D. Ward, Grand Rapid, Mich.; H. McPherson, John G. Elliott, Boonville, Mo.; Ed. Ridgley, Springfield, Ill.; A. J. Tulloch, Leavenworth, Kan.; A. H. McClurg, Council Bluffs, Io., are at the Southern.

EAST ST. LOUIS.

George Cunningham was fined $5 and costs this morning by Squire Dragoon for disturbing the peace and resisting an officer.

The County Sunday-school Convention will be held here to-morrow and preliminary services will be held at the Presbyterian Church this evening. Rev. Wm. H. Black of St. Louis will preach at the church to-night, and to-morrow evening Dr. Boyd of St. Louis will deliver an address. The ladies of the church will furnish a dinner for the delegates who attend the convention to-morrow.

St. Patrick's Church fair, which was held at Baughan's Hall, closed last night. The attendance during the three evenings which the fair was in progress was not so large as had been exp

NEW MATERIAL.

THE LEAGUE CHAMPIONS WILL HAVE PLENTY OF IT NEXT YEAR.

Kelly's Announcement that He May Join His Brother in the Trotting Business—Cincinnati's Efforts to Gather a Good Team—McCaffrey's Methods of Training—A Call to Wheelmen—Sporting News—Base Ball Chat.

CHICAGO, October 29.—The Chicago base ball team has disbanded for the winter season and the players have gone their several ways to pass the winter months. President Spalding said, regarding next year's team: "I have signed Burns, Sunday, Daly, Pyle, Pfeffer, Baldwin, Ryan, Clarkson, Flynn and Darling."

"Who is Darling?"

"Why, Darling is the famous catcher of the Toronto club, and I signed him yesterday. He is 22 years old, 5 feet 10½ inches in height and weighs 170 pounds. He has the reputation of being a fine base runner and a heavy batter. He can throw a ball with any of the long-distance throwers, being swift and accurate. He is temperate, which is another thing in his favor."

"How is it that you have not signed Williamson, Gore, Flint, McCormick or Kelly?"

"I have not seen Williamson, Gore or Flint since I left them in St. Louis, but I shall probably hear from them at no distant day. As for Kelly, I am not sure that he will play ball next season. His brother is a horse owner of some prominence and he wants Kelly to go into that business with him. If he does play ball it will be in Chicago. McCormick is not ready to say whether he will play ball next season. Dairymple will probably retire from the ball field and devote his attention to his ranch."

Mike Kelly was seen in the office of President Spalding. He said: "McCormick and I leave for Paterson, N. J., this evening. I am not sure that I shall play ball again. My brother has a large stable of trotters and wants me to join him in the business."

The impression here is that the club which has won the League championship for three successive years will be composed largely of new and untried material next year.

THE INFUSION PROCESS.

Cincinnati's Management Will Carry a Big Club Next Year.

Mr. A. S. Stern of the Cincinnati Base Ball Club arrived in the city this morning and registered at the Southern. To a POST-DISPATCH reporter who saw him there Mr. Stern said that the new management is making every endeavor to secure new players and that they have already signed Robeau, the fielder and catcher of the Denver club, and Watson of Middleton, O., who has played with the Zanesville (O.) club. "Manager Schmelz," said Mr. Stern, "is at present in the East with instructions to secure several young men if possible, and I presume he will do it. We propose next year to carry a club of sixteen players, of whom five or six will be pitchers. We will get a couple of catchers, too, if possible. None of the old players will be released until we see what they can do." In reference to Mr. Caylor's departure Mr. Stern said that the management were not at all dissatisfied with his work, but that they had concluded there were enough of the management's relatives around to do all the work necessary. Mr. Caylor, he believed, was about to accept a position on the Sporting Life of Philadelphia. "You can deny," added he, "that Mr. Weidon has been elected as Secretary of the Cincinnati Club, as was reported, and say that that position will be filled by M. Lewis Hoost. Mr. Weidon is under contract with the Brown Stockings Club and will be its Secretary next year."

Mr. Stern's trip to St. Louis was for the purpose of securing Crothers, the pitcher, and his catcher, Buckley, and he made propositions to them this morning to which they were to reply late this evening. Mr. Stern said, however, that he had no doubt that the men would sign with him. He has also signed Serad, who pitched with Utica last year, and John O'Connor, another promising ball player. Mr. Stern said he would leave the city for home to-night in case his transactions terminated favorably.

Manager Sullivan Mad.

Manager Ted Sullivan is very indignant over the statement made in a morning paper to the effect that he had signed as manager of the new Maroons. "The statement is made," said he, "that I've managed certain clubs without much success. Well, everybody in St. Louis knows how I've succeeded as a manager. So far as the Maroons are concerned, they've made no overtures to me, nor I to them, and I never sold anybody anything of the kind. I've been acting simply in the capacity of an agent, but nothing more."

Next to Last Game.

The Browns and Maroons play at Sportsman's Park to-morrow. It will be next to the last game of the season. Healy and Myers, and Caruthers and Bushong will be the batteries.

Base Ball Briefs.

It is stated that Wiman paid the New York manager $2,000 for Esterbrook's release. The question now is, who will play third base for Mutrie?

The exhibitions of the Winans Trophy, the medals of the Browns, the championship banner, etc., at the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Company store are attracting large crowds.

The reception and presentation of medals which has been prepared for the Browns will be probably tendered them to-morrow night a week, as the gold badges will not be ready until that time.

If the Chicago Base Ball Club "jockeyed" any of their games with the St. Louis nine it was expensive business, for it cost them the entire gate receipts, amounting to nearly $14,000.—[Chicago Tribune.

The St. Louis Browns have just defeated the Chicagos four out of six, and the St. Louis League team, a strong club, five games in succession. The St. Louis Browns have evidently been underestimated.—[Detroit Free Press.

All sorts of rumors about the champions of the world have been flying around for the past few days. One was that the Browns' share of the receipts would not be divided equally between the players; another was that the Browns and Chicagos had gone into a stake saving scheme or an agreement to divide the players' share between themselves no matter which won, and another was to the effect that the Browns had all struck for higher pay. The majority of the club is in Little Rock, Ark., and their opinion cannot be obtained.

HOW McCAFFREY TRAINS.

Dominick Gives a Detailed Description of His Original Method.

Dominick McCaffrey is training at Atlantic City for his coming fight with "Sparrow" Golden. A friend of Dominick's, who knew the pugilist had original ideas on the subject, wrote to him for a description of the methods by which he trains, and McCaffrey replied:

"In the first place I supply myself with plenty of good flannels—two or three pairs of walking shoes, plenty of good socks, in fact two or three changes of clothes all through. I always, if I can, train near salt water; some people differ as to training quarters, but I think I know what my system needs. I must say I like this place very much. I arise about 5 a. m., wash myself, scrape my tongue and clean my teeth thoroughly, then put two or three flannel shirts on, also two pair of drawers, then the outside clothing; eat one slice of toast with about a half a cup of tea, and start out about 6 o'clock with a woolen mask on my face, do about one hour's walking, then turn back, and the last mile I run as fast as I can; then strip, dry all the perspiration off, don my bathing suit and plunge into the sea, stop in it from five to ten minutes (as long as it is comfortable); then proceed to my bath-house, take about a half hour's good hand-rubbing from my trainer (I use water only in rubbing; some, or most use bay rum and alcohol); then I take breakfast, which consists of chops, dry toast, a bottle of Bass' ale, but no grease of any kind, probably one or two soft boiled eggs; I rest about two hours; then I take one hour in leisurely walking about; then I generally row on the inlet for about an hour. After that I put on my mask and flannels and fight the bag.

The bag is a football suspended by a short cord from a large wooden disk. I fight it three minutes as hard as I can and then rest a minute, just as though I were in a Queensberry contest. I generally fight it eighteen or ten rounds, according to how I feel. When I sweat freely from my exertions I am wiped off with soft towels until I am perfectly dry, and then I take another plunge into the ocean. Then I get another good hand rubbing, after which I dress and go to supper, which consists of about the same food as my breakfast, only I vary the menu with chicken and steak, cold tomatoes, but no sugar or milk. I eat but two meals a day, for I contend that we, as a rule, eat so much food that we overtask our digestive powers, and I find, by experience, that a man can do more and better work on two good meals a day than he can when he eats three. The amount of food a person should eat should be just enough to maintain his strength and health. The time it should be taken depends altogether on a person's constitution. One should never abstain from food long enough to crave for it or to feel weak or famished. Some people require to eat oftener than others, but most people eat by half more food than is good for them.

After supper I rest an hour, and I then walk around easily for an hour longer, after which I am hand-rubbed again, and then I go to bed, my hour for retiring being from 8:30 to 9 o'clock. I do "running and punching the ball" for my principal work, and keep on my feet mostly all the time. I drink nothing but the two bottles of ale the whole day, unless I am very thirsty. I keep away from fluids as much as possible, eat all I like of solids (that is, within reason). I always keep dry clothes on; change my shoes two or three times a day. I train to suit my own ideas. I claim a man ought to know what his own system needs, and act accordingly in training. I expect to reduce my weight to about 160 pounds, which is lighter than I usually box at. I feel as fine as silk, and like a winner.

Myers and Daly.

L. Cheney is at present in Bloomington, Ill., where he is trying to arrange a fight to a finish between Billy Myers of Streator, Ill., and Charley Daly of St. Louis. Cheney is Daly's backer and writes that Myers has expressed himself as overanxious to meet the St. Louisan in a contest to a finish for $500. Yesterday he telegraphed Daly asking him if he would be willing to meet the Streator man on these terms, and Daly replied that he would. Myers, it will be remembered, is the middle-weight who knocked out Paddy Welch in Chicago last spring. He fights at from 135 to 140, and is nearly Daly's weight. The fight, if arranged, will take place six weeks from date of signing articles.

Fall Races at Memphis.

Yesterday was the third day of the fall races at Memphis. The first race was a selling purse, all ages, three-quarters of a mile; Dawn of Day was the winner; Probus was second, and Simoom, third; time, 1:20½. Second race, purse for all ages, one mile; Katie A., won; Fiorimore was second, but, having fouled Hattie Minnie, the judges placed the latter in the place; Lucas was third; time, 1:45½. The third race was a free handicap, for all ages, one mile and three-sixteenths. It was won by Anna Woodcock, with Skobeloff second and Emma Manley third. The time was 2:06¾. Fourth race, selling purse, all ages, three-quarters of a mile; Warrenton, won; Lisland was second; Cuban Queen, third; time, 1:15¾.

BICYCLE BUDGET.

The Road Tax Amendment—Chief Consul Rogers' Call—Notes.

Chief Consul Rogers' call to the Missouri wheelmen is as follows: "November 2 you will be called upon to vote upon the following amendment to the State Constitution:

"'In addition to the tax to be levied for county and city purposes, under and by virtue of Section 11 of Article X of the Constitution of this State, the County Courts of the several counties of the State are authorized to levy for road and bridge purposes an additional tax, not to exceed 15 cents on each $100 of valuation, and the inhabitants of cities are hereby authorized to levy for street purposes an additional tax not to exceed 15 cents on each $100 of valuation. The rate herein allowed is to be levied and collected the same as other taxes for county and city purposes, and subject to all existing constitutional restrictions as to the valuation of property.'

The importance of the amendment to all desirous of good roads will at once commend it to you, and it is unnecessary to urge you to do all in your power to see that it receives a favorable vote. Do not be satisfied with casting your own vote for it, but influence your friends and the newspapers of your district in favor of it.

"In the same connection I would call attention to the fact that members of the Legislature are to be elected at the same time, and that it is important that we should have men favorable to progress and good roads—synonymous terms perhaps. Ascertain the standing on this subject of the man for whom you vote."

Notes.

The weather is delightful for cycling, and there will be lots of riding Sunday if the weather holds good.

The Racing Board, L. A. W., has refused several applications for reinstatement to amateur standing despite the American Wheelman's edict that "the amateur rule must stand."

Rowe rode his twenty-two miles in the hour with a raw, gusty wind blowing over the track. His average for the twenty-two miles was 2:43 per mile. He rode his last mile in 2:38 2-5. Some idea of his speed may be judged from the way he cut the world's records previously made by himself. The five-mile was lowered four seconds, the ten-mile thirty seconds, the fifteen-mile fifty seconds, and others accordingly.

Quoits.

A match was made and deposits staked for a game of quoits, 100 points, the first half at a distance of ten yards and the latter half at eighteen yards, for a purse of $300, between Sandy Ferguson and an unknown, this morning—the game to occur in this city, November 7, at some point hereafter to be made known, and of which due notice will be given.

QUOITS VS. BULLETS.

A contest is being arranged between Sandy Ferguson, the quoitist, and a well-known crack rifle-shot of this city wherein, at a distance of eighteen yards, Ferguson shall pitch his quoits at a given target, as against the rifle shots of the second party.

Sporting Notes.

Joe Acton is to be given a benefit in New York before his departure for the West.

A telegram was received this morning from J. A. St. John now in the East that he will be in St. Louis on Monday.

Louis Shaw, the fancy shot billiard player of the world, is in Chicago, and has made an engagement to give an exhibition at Slosson's during his shots and finger billiards.

Dick Roche has engaged Masonic Hall for the St. Louis cushion billiard match games, November 27, between Slosson and Schaefer. Jake did not practice as usual last night. Slosson is practicing nightly in Chicago.

The news comes from New York that Zavier Oriwogolski, who went by the name of August Schmidt in St. Louis, and Capt. Grant of the British army "have signed articles" for a hundred a-word and lance contest. A stake of $1,000, it is alleged, is up.

Joe Murphy, the local sprinter, has been awarded second prize in the 440-yard race at the fall meeting of the M. A. A. C. at Union Park. Murphy claimed the prize on the grounds that Smith of Chicago fouled in taking a short cut across the turf at the farthest turn, and the claim was allowed.

J. S. Mitchell of Limerick, Ireland, recently made new records for the weights and hammer. He threw the 14-pound weight, with follow, 58 feet 8 inches, thereby beating the best previous record of 57 feet 2 inches. He subsequently threw the 16-pound hammer (5 feet 6 inches handle, 7-foot circle) 112 feet 6½ inches, and the 16-pound hammer (4-foot handle, 7-foot circle) 118 feet 10 inches.

An international pigeon-shooting match is to be arranged between William Graham, the champion wing shot of England, and Dr. F. W. Carver, the champion of America. Ever since Graham has been in this country he has had a forfeit of $250 posted to shoot at 100 birds against any man in America. Carver at last agreed to shoot Graham upon the same conditions and terms on which the rival champions contended when Carver was in England, and as Graham is in earnest for a match there will be no hitch in arranging the preliminaries. Carver will be in New York in a few weeks, when articles will be signed for a match at 100 birds, Hurlingham rules, for $2,500 a side.

Genuine English Merino Half Hose, 35c Per Pair.

T. B. Boyd & Co. are showing a beautiful line of choice Merino hose at the above low price.

SICK CHILDREN.

A NOBLE EFFORT IN THEIR BEHALF BY THE LADIES.

Only a Few Hundred Dollars Needed to Equip a Hospital for Them—The Building Finished and Patients Awaiting Treatment—A Call for Small Donations.

An appeal to the charitable public is being made by the managers of the Augusta Free Hospital for funds with which to finish the beautiful building, now completed, and to make the final payment of $1,800 on its construction debt.

The charity is one of the best and most commendable of all the unselfish movements of the good ladies of St. Louis, the object of whose work in this instance is the care of the sick children of the poor, by taking them into the hospital and giving them proper medical attention, good nursing and nourishing food, and by establishing a dispensary where children may receive treatment for special diseases.

Three years ago when the charity was first inaugurated several prominent citizens gave generously to its aid and it was thought that enough was on hand to complete the work. Misfortune, however, overtook some of those who had thus promised assistance and the receipts from this source have in consequence fallen slightly below the expectations.

THE HOSPITAL BUILDING,

which is a perfect and unique architectural gem, is located on the southwest corner of Channing avenue and School street. It was designed by Messrs. Eames & Young especially for the purpose to which it is to be devoted and is a model of of simplicity, beauty and economy in its interior arrangement. Besides two general wards capable of holding twenty patients each, there are two small memorial wards. One of these has been endowed through the personal work of Misses Florence Fulton and Edith Powell. These memorial wards are intended for one patient each.

A great, generous and recommending beauty of the institution is that it is entirely nonsectarian and free in all of its departments. Children of the poor between the ages of 3 and 15 years will be taken into the hospital for skilled and tender care; the only disqualification will be a contagious disease. The best medical talent of the city will be in charge. Among the members of the comprehensive board of physicians are Drs. Gregory, Lemoine, Briggs, Moses, Boisliniere, Glasgow, Spencer and many others.

In making their call upon the public the lady managers have issued a circular asking for the subscription of $1 only. It is thought that the modesty of the request and the absence of all penance required of the giver in the shape of attendance upon the usual literary and musical entertainment will win the gratitude of those addressed. Acknowledgment of contributions will be made through the daily papers. The following are the names of the

OFFICERS AND BOARD OF MANAGERS.

Officers—President, Mrs. Wm. E. Ware; Vice-Presidents, Mrs. G. A. Moses, Mrs. M. F. Scanlan, Mrs. Adolphus Busch; Secretary, Mrs. W. A. Hardaway; Treasurer, Mr. J. M. Good; Attorney, Mr. Dexter Tiffany; Managers, Mrs. C. E. Briggs, Mrs. Dwight Tredway, Miss Boisliniere, Mrs. H. H. Tittmann, Mrs. A. Frank, Mrs. Edmond Norris, Mrs. Miles Vaile, Mrs. G. M. Sloan, Mrs. J. Harting, Mrs. H. Reinhart, Mrs. Edmund Blair, Mrs. J. Rice, Mrs. J. L. Patterson, Mrs. Marcus Bernheimer, Mrs. M. A. Fanning, Miss Glasgow, Miss McGreery, Mrs. Henry Overstolz, Mrs. J. P. Weil, Mrs. O. Von Schrader, Mrs. J. C. Richardson, Mrs. H. D. Laughlin, Miss L. Q. Scott.

It is desired that the call be impressed on the minds of the public, as but $2,500 are needed to clear and equip the building. There are now nearly a dozen little ones awaiting admission, all of them poor, most of whom probably hang upon the character of the care and treatment they receive.

THE SUBSCRIBERS.

The following are those who have sent in $1 or more in response to the appeal of the institution:

Mr. Geo. H. Little, Mr. M. J. Lipmans, Mr. Henry Seelenbon, Mr. Herman A. Haeussler, Mr. Ezekiel Jones, Levy Stern, Mr. R. Bresenwetter H. and L. Chase, Mrs. H. G. Tiedmann, Mr. R. C. Kerens' Mr. L. L. Butler, Mr. Wm. Johnson, Mr. W. H. Stevenson, Mrs. A. Shapleigh, Mrs. James Chambers, Mrs. C. M. Thornburgh, Mr. Wm. D. Henry, Mr. Geo. A. Castleman, Mr. Frank C. Case, Mr. F. W. Schemerte, Flebbe, Schrivtz & Pamperin, Mr. James Sharp, Mr. Chas. C. Nicholls, Mr. M. L. Forbes, Mrs. August Taussig, Mrs. John J. O'Fallon, Mrs. R. Baer, Mr. B. N. Drake, Mr. Jos. Otten, Mr. Fred. Lephardt, Mr. R. S. Billinger, Mr. Wm. Smith, no name, Mr. B. Sherman, Mr. Ashley D. Scott, Mr. Hy. Block, Mr. Claude H. Smith, Mr. W. H. Pelsifer, Mr. W. C. Steigers, Mr. W. H. Langdale, Mr. and Mrs. J. D. Bascom, Mr. J. E. Diekenga, Mr. Benj. W. Clark, Miss F. Bacon, Mr. Leopold Mohr, Mr. J. C. Howe, Mrs. S. P. Reves, Mr. Robert Rankin, Mr. F. Coester, Mr. Edgar Miller, Mr. Charles P. Burr, Mr. A. Bosck, Mr. G. H. Moll, Mr. R. W. Hess, Mr. J. C. Francisous, Mr. Geo. H. Morgan, Mrs. Chas. L. Dean, Mr. T. D. W. Clifton, Mr. Martin Collins, Mr. Frank Shapleigh, Mr. E. J. Cuendet, Mrs. Scanlan, Mr. Asa Kellogg, Mr. H. Morell, Mr. L. E. Snow, Werner & Dieckman, J. W. B., Mr. Ed. Balmer, Mr. M. J. Steinberg, Mr. Fred Heman, Sr., Mr. H. G. Provines, Mr. James Berry, Mr. C. D. Blossom, Mr. J. M. Dickson, Mr. Hugh Ferguson, Mrs. Anna Hunt Hopkins, Mrs. Agnes Valle, Mrs. E. Sanford, Mrs. Cornelia S. Scott, Mrs. A. J. Smith, Dr. F. R. Eversole, Mr. G. P. Jones, Mr. L. D. Dozier, Chapman & Hatton, Mr. Fred Hellmann, Mr. Carl E. Fuchs, Mr. Henry C. Moore, Mr. W. P. Bushnell, Mr. M. A. Morseman, Mr. P. Brockman, Mrs. Agnes Kennett, Mrs. Rosa Tittmann, Mrs. E. Tittmann, Mrs. Dr. Polaski, Mr. W. G. Espy, Mr. John Alden, Mr. W. H. Glasgow, Mr. F. D. Hirschberg, Mr. E. R. Feuerborn, Mr. D. G. Evens, Mr. R. R. Scott, Mr. Wm. Stroble, Mr. H. B. Bilbro, Mitchell's candies, Mrs. H. T. Sims, Mrs. Geo. W. Milling, Mr. W. E. McHenry, Dr. C. A. Todd, Mr. J. J. Sylvester, Mrs. De Montaign, Mrs. J. F. Scott, Beard & Bros. Safe Lock Company, Miss Mabel D. Patterson, H. C. B., Messrs. W. Trelease, G. S. Forster, G. C. Pironi, Louis Spelbrink and Isaac M. Mason, Mrs. M. Schuyler, Mrs Elias Michaels, Messrs. Given Campbell, H. Hemphill, J. W. Donnell, John P. Boogher, Barnes and John Maguire, George and Margaret Barner, Messrs. E. Devoy, Phil Burg and George A. Baker, Mrs. R. J. Lockwood and Mrs. Silas Bent.

Fancy Chairs and Rockers.

An endless variety of unique and graceful styles of chairs and rockers in reed, cane, rush, leather, plush and wood can always be found at lowest prices at

BURRELL, COMSTOCK & CO.,
402-404 North Fourth st.

RATHER MIXED.

The Political Situation in Congressman Stone's District—A Farmer Candidate.

Special Correspondence of the POST-DISPATCH.

CARTHAGE, Mo., October 29.—The political outlook in this section is mixed. In matters Congressional a fight was precipitated months ago against W. J. Stone, and is continued as hot as ever. The Republican candidate, E. E. Kimball of Nevada, has made a canvass of the district and his chances are deemed good. Stone's enemies charged him with selling patronage to the Frisco Railway attorney, and not heeding the people's wishes in the matter. A fight is also being waged on Senator Claycomb of Joplin, the Democratic nominee. Franklin Griffith, a farmer living near Carthage, is the Republican candidate. How the contest will result is not certain, as the farmers seem tired of lawyers and talk as though one of themselves would suit better. Griffith is a man of good character, whose honesty and integrity are not questioned, and is also a man well read and of sound judgment, with a clear perception of the legislation needed to secure the State's best interests. It is often the case that the farmer candidates are not up to the mark in ability and become tools in the hands of unscrupulous and designing politicians, but Franklin Griffith does not belong to that class—he has mind enough to see through a brick. Of Claycomb, it is said he is shrewd and a hard worker, but he is charged with a readiness to pander to the demands of the railroad influences. How much the farmers mean when they cry for reform will be learned after the election is over. Our country tickets are composed of good men on both sides. The Democrats are partially indorsed by the labor element, while the Republicans are strong in the county and expect to sweep all. But this is considered boasting and time alone will tell the truth. Of M. E. Benton's suspension a great deal has been said and all Democrats say the President was right in his action. Benton made enemies in the county by his breach of the civil-service rules in actively engaging in the judicial fight of the district. He is charged with defeating Sam McReynolds at the first Pierce City Convention, and also with taking part in Congressional matters in Wade's district.

MCARTHUR'S special bargains for Saturday are worth coming to see what is offered.

A CLEVER LAWYER.

How a Legal Shark Defrauded the Heirs to an Estate.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, October 29.—Catherine E. White died August 11, 1883, leaving an estate valued at $9,500. Sarah A. Foster, Emma E. Jarvis and Catherine V. Searles were the residuary legatees. The will was admitted to probate in the Kings County Surrogate's Court in November, 1883. An attempt was made by Mrs. Searles to revoke the probate, and after two hearings in which two witnesses were examined in favor of the will, and four in opposition, the probate was sustained. Lawyer F. K. Clark, whose office is in the Bennett Building in New York, appeared for the executors, and he received a fee of $175 out of the estate. The result has been that now Clark and his wife, Belle, and Ida Barnes are defendants in a suit in the Supreme Court, in which Sarah A. Foster and Emma E. Jarvis are plaintiffs, and in which the charges are conspiracy and fraud. The matter was before Judge Cullen Wednesday on an application which was granted for an order allowing the plaintiffs to serve an amended complaint. According to the allegations made by the plaintiffs in their complaint, Lawyer Clark came to them before the contest over the probate of the will was begun, and told them that he was the attorney for the executors and thoroughly acquainted with all matters appertaining to the estate, urging them on that account to employ him to look after their interests. He represented to them, they allege, that their interests would differ materially if the probate of the will was revoked, although he knew perfectly well that it would be to their advantage to have the probate revoked. Relying upon these representations, and being ignorant of the real facts in the case, the plaintiffs consented to employ Mr. Clark to represent their interest in the contest. They say that he represented to them that his fee would be $1,000, and that they could not possibly get a competent and trustworthy lawyer for less. They did not want to pay so much for a lawyer's services, but Mr. Clark assured them that he would make the executor pay one-half, or at least one third of the account, and they finally consented. Clark, according to the allegations of the plaintiffs, in his efforts to induce them to consent to the scheme, offered to take a mortgage upon their undivided interests in the estate as security for his fee, payable when the estate was finally settled. One-half or one-third of that, he further assured them, would come back from the executor, and on the strength of these representations they gave him what they supposed to be a mortgage of the character mentioned. In due course of time, as alleged by the plaintiffs, Clark presented them with a paper which he said was the mortgage they had agreed to give. It was accompanied by a bond, payable to Clark's wife, who they say Clark told them had advanced the money on the mortgage. They signed both documents. The mortgage had to run one year, Clark telling them it was necessary in order to make it legal, but it was understood that it was not to be paid until Mrs. White's estate was settled. The bond and mortgage were recorded July 15, 1884, and were due June 10, 1885. Instead of being a bond and mortgage, the document is in reality a conveyance of and a lien upon all the right, title and interest of the plaintiffs in law and equity in the property described therein, a part of which Sarah A. Foster owned in her own right and did not obtain through the estate of Mrs. White. (The plaintiffs, Sarah A. Foster and Emma E. Jarvis, are sisters and Mrs. White was their mother.) There is also a clause in the mortgage absolutely assigning a one-sixth interest in the estate to Clark, and makes the payment of the entire $1,000 fee an absolute lien on their estate. No mention is made of the alleged stipulation that any part of the $1,000 would be paid by the executors. On this statement of facts the plaintiffs allege that

CLARK AND HIS WIFE CONSPIRED

to induce them to sign the bond and mortgage, with the design to cheat and defraud them. Both the bond and mortgage, plaintiffs allege, were without consideration, and they claim that Mrs. Clark threatens to foreclose the mortgage and sell the estate. They therefore ask for an injunction restraining the defendants from disposing of or foreclosing the mortgage; that it be corrected and modified to confirm to the agreement, and that the value of Mr. Clark's services as attorney be established. The plaintiffs also ask permission to make Ida Barnes a party to the suit, on the ground that she claims to have some interest in the transfer of the bond and mortgage subsequent to their maturity, and that she has made a demand on them for the payment of the mortgage, with the notice that it would be foreclosed unless the money was paid at once. As an interesting addition to the story already told, it may be stated that for a number of years before Mrs. White died, she was the housekeeper for Joseph Cousins, the Greenpoint ship-builder. Cousins was the first administrator of her estate, but he was removed on the ground of mental incapacity, and soon afterward died. His daughter, Mrs. Harriet Snedeker, and George A. Mott were appointed administrators of his estate, and Sarah A. Foster, Emma E. Jarvis and Catharine V. Searles began an action, which is still pending, to foreclose certain mortgages held by Mrs. White on property belonging to Cousins. The defense claimed that Mr. Cousins was mentally incapable of transacting any business, and that Mrs. White, taking advantage of this fact, had induced him to convey his property to her without consideration. Recently, when the heirs of Mrs. White cited Mr. Moss, as administrator, to render an account of his stewardship, he answered by submitting an affidavit in which he claimed that Cousins left no property, Mrs. White having got possession of all he had.

Hello, Hello, Choice Fall Scarfs, 25c.

The handsomest line of scarfs ever offered in this city at 25c can be seen at T. B. Boyd & Co.'s, 309 North Fourth.

MARRIAGE AND DIVORCE.

The Gage Failure—Renounced the Faith—Accidentally Killed—Illinois Items.

CHICAGO, October 29.—The Protestant Episcopal Convention adopted a resolution last evening as follows: "Looking to the restoration of American civilization, attacked at its roots, and for the stability of the church, social purity and order, natural good morals and the advancement and glory of the Lord, this house will not abandon the subject of marriage and divorce until legislation be effected in full accordance with the law of God." A committee on necessary legislation was appointed. The Eastern creditors of A. G. Gage & Co. have agreed to accept 45 cents on the dollar.

DECATUR, October 29.—S. S. Hibbard, pastor of the Universalist Church at La Crosse, formerly of this city, has renounced the faith and will leave the ministry.

ANNA, October 29.—Owen Boyd was accidentally shot and killed yesterday in the branches of a tree. He was out with a hunting party.

Provident Savings Bank.

Receiver's sale of engravings, etchings, etc., at Redheffer & Koch's, 3000 Olive street.

BRILLIANT NUPTIALS.

The Marriage of Dr. A. B. Hughey and Miss Cora B. Gunn at Carthage, Mo.

Special Correspondence of the POST-DISPATCH.

CARTHAGE, Mo., October 28.—Last night Dr. Arthur B. Hughey, M. D., was married to Miss Cora B. Gunn of St. Louis at the M. E. Church by the father of the bridegroom, Rev. Dr. G. W. Hughey, who is pastor of the church here. The marriage was performed in the presence of a large congregation after the evening prayer-meeting, also the groom's family. Dr. Hughey has been practicing in this city for several months and has proven himself very competent, and will doubtless make his mark in the medical world. The bride and groom have a large acquaintance in St. Louis and Western Illinois who will wish them every joy the world can give.

Killing Frosts.

NEW ORLEANS, October 29.—White frost is reported at all points along Mississippi Sound and within ten miles of this city. At Baton Rouge the mercury fell to 40 deg. above zero yesterday. There was a killing frost at Jackson, Miss.

The RUSH CONTINUES

IF YOU WANT

Wilton Carpets, Lace Curtains,
Velvet Carpets, Portiere Curtains,
Moquette Carpets, Madras Curtains,
Brussels Carpets, Silk Curtains,
Ingrain Carpets, Velour Curtains,

AT BANKRUPT PRICES,

—GO TO—

J. KENNARD & SONS'

GREAT SALE OF THE STOCK OF THE

Beck & Marshall Carpet Co.

420 and 422 NORTH FOURTH STREET.

WARRING CAB DRIVERS.

A Couple of "Cabbies" Settle Their Difficulties Before Judge Cady.

Thos. McWade and Ed M. Wilson, two cab drivers at the Union Depot, had each other up before Judge Cady this morning on countercharges of disturbing the peace. Wilson loaned McWade a shirt and a pair of stockings and Wednesday the latter returned them in a dirty condition. This enraged Wilson who expressed himself about McWade in a rather forcible manner and the latter offered him a quarter to pay for having the articles laundered. Wilson indignantly threw the money back at him, and McWade struck him twice, knocking him down, and then kicked him in the face after he was down, cutting him so that he bled freely and blacking both his eyes. McWade himself was cut twice in the melee, once just over the heart and once on the hand, although he did not know this occurred whether he had been cut first or struck Wilson first. Judge Cady fined them $10 each.

CLERK MANSION HOUSE, Buffalo, N. Y., cured a bad cold with a bottle Red Star Cough Cure.

Alton Atoms.

The base ball season is over here.

The Post-office will be repainted soon.

The ball given by the A. O. U. W. last evening was a decided success.

THE ONLY PERFECT BREAD BAKERS & MEAT ROASTERS

—ARE—

The HOME COMFORT

HOTEL & FAMILY RANGES.

Our Ventilated Oven and Drop Oven Doors, with other recent improvements, make this the most complete range on the market. Write for Catalogue.

SALESROOM .....1003 OLIVE STREET.
Office and Factory.....1901-1918 Washington Av., St. Louis.

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Finest Stock Ever Shown of

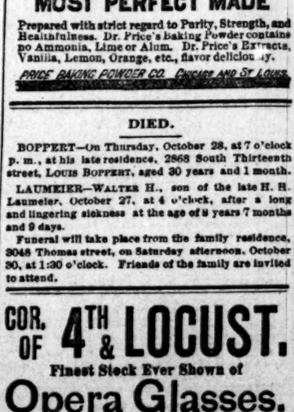
Opera Glasses.

PRICES.....$3.50 to $25.00

Call and see our Splendid Goods and Low Prices.

Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co.,

Cor. of 4th & Locust.



MOST PERFECT MADE

Prepared with strict regard to Purity, Strength, and Healthfulness. Dr. Price's Baking Powder contains no Ammonia, Lime or Alum. Dr. Price's Extracts, Vanilla, Lemon, Orange, etc., flavor delicious.

PRICE BAKING POWDER CO., CHICAGO AND ST. LOUIS.

DIED.

BOPPERT—On Thursday, October 28, at 7 o'clock p. m., at his late residence, 2868 South Thirteenth street, LOUIS BOPPERT, aged 30 years and 1 month.

LAUMEIER—WALTER H., son of the late H. H. Laumeier, October 27, at 4 o'clock, after a long and lingering sickness at the age of 8 years 7 months and 9 days.

Funeral will take place from the family residence, 3048 Thomas street, on Saturday afternoon, October 30, at 1:30 o'clock. Friends of the family are invited to attend.

AMUSEMENTS.

GRAND OPERA HOUSE.

The Distinguished American Actress,
MISS KATE FORSYTH,
And her Talented Company, in the highly successful Comedy-Drama,
MARCELLE.
By J. C. Roach and J. A. Khox (Texas Siftings). Magnificent Costumes by Worth.
Every Evening AND Saturday Matinee.
Sunday, October 31—Roodman Blind.

OLYMPIC.

TO-NIGHT, during the week, Matinee Saturday,
ROBERT B. MANTELL
In the New Emotional Play,
TANGLED LIVES!
Monday, November 1—JOS. K. EMMET.

POPE'S The "Bon-Tons" of Minstrelsy
Society's Preference Everywhere!
McNish, Johnson & Slavin's EXPINED MINSTRELS,
Under the immediate supervision of W. S. Cleveland.
A mighty Spectacular First Part! Beautiful Society Ball! Gorgeous Pioneers' Clog! Funny Burlesque "Little Joe Cook!" All the greatest Artists! All picked from the pinnacle of fame!
Sunday, October 31—WAGES OF SIN.

PEOPLE'S THEATER
TO-NIGHT—Usual Matinees.
The Representative American Actor,
GEO. C. BONIFACE,
IN THE
STREETS OF NEW YORK.
Sunday Night, Oct. 31—THE LONG STRIKE.

STANDARD.

To-night, Wednesday, Saturday and Sunday Matinee. "How much Lies in Laughter." J. C. Stewart's
TWO JOHNS COMEDY COMPANY.
Coming Next Week—Augustin Daly's Great Sensational Play, "Under the Gaslight."

CASINO,

Fourth street, opposite Southern Hotel. The only theater presenting first-class specialties, comedies novelties and sketches nightly, superbly rendered in our own peculiar way. New faces and programme every Monday.
ADMISSION.....10c
N. B.—Matinees Tuesdays, Thursdays and Sundays. Admission at all matinees, 25c.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

Real Estate Office of Jas. Cummiskey, No. 13 North Eighth Street.

To the Editor of the Globe-Democrat:

ST. LOUIS, Mo., October 24, 1888.—Having recently withdrawn from the firm of Booth, Barada & Co., I have opened an office at No. 12 North 8th st., where I will conduct a general real estate business.

With an experience of 22 years, and having the necessary facilities for the proper management of real estate placed in my charge, I am confident of rendering satisfaction to all favoring me with the care of their interests. The buying and selling of real estate, the negotiation of loans on real estate, the collection of rents, and general management of estates, will receive careful and prompt attention. Respectfully,
JAS. MIKE CUMMISKEY.

OFFICE Standard School Book Company, 321 Locust, corner 4, St. Louis, Mo., October 26, 1888.—The annual meeting of the stockholders of the Standard School Book Company for the election of Directors and for the transaction of such other business as may come before it, will be held at the office of the Company, No. 321 Locust, St. Louis, Mo., on Wednesday, November 7, 1888, at the hour of 2 o'clock p. m.
G. E. PERKINS, President.
G. M. BARNEST, Secretary.

Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey AND Duffy's Formula.

ABSOLUTELY PURE STIMULANT.

WM. T. CUTTER, State Chemist of Connecticut, New Lyme, July 15, 1886.

Gentlemen—A few weeks ago a friend sent me a half dozen of your Duffy's Pure Malt Whiskey, and as favorable impressions were made in its quality and purity it gives me pleasure to subjoin herewith the result of an analysis of it made by me in my official capacity as Connecticut State Chemist. Perhaps you will better appreciate this analysis when I inform you that some years ago, while residing near the manufacture of whiskey in Kentucky, I received a letter from twelve of the most eminent surgeons and physicians of New York city, expressing that the great difficulty they had experienced in procuring pure whiskey for medicinal purposes, and asking from my long residence in the vicinity of the manufacture of whiskey in Kentucky, as well as my skill as a chemist, if I would furnish them a pure article of whiskey for the use of the sick. I did so, they requested, and for several years furnished them with as a whiskey as nearly

THE ST. LOUIS POST-DISPATCH

Is delivered by Carriers at 15 Cents a week in more than 400 Cities and Towns in the surrounding States.

BRANCH OFFICES IN THE CITY.

The following branch offices have been established where Want Advertisements and Subscriptions will be received and where the paper is kept for sale:

EXPOSITION BUILDING—Geo. Scherer, Book and News Co.

BROADWAY, 7631 S.—Walbel's Carondelet Drug Store.

BROADWAY, 2001 N.—Otto D'Amour, Druggist.

BROADWAY, 2613 S.—E. Geisler, Druggist, Telegraph and Post-Office.

BROADWAY, 3907 S.—Francis Hemm, Prescription Druggist.

BELL AV., 3901.—Paul E. Piquet, Drug Store.

BENTON ST., 1501.—Otto Sutter, Druggist.

CASS AV., 1527.—C. W. Tomfohrde, Fine Drugs.

CHOUTEAU AV., 1500.—H. F. A. Spilker, Druggist.

CHOUTEAU AV., 2837.—W. E. Krueger, Druggist.

DODIER ST., 2248.—G. H. Wagner, Prescription Pharmacist.

ELEVENTH ST., 4201 N., cor. Penrose—H. W. Barkhoefer, Druggist.

EASTON AV., 3128, cor. Compton.—F. C. Pauley, Pharmacist.

FRANKLIN AV., 1600.—C. Kilpstein, Drugs.

FRANKLIN AV., 3342.—A. Szerenyi, Druggist

GAMBLE ST., 2631.—Braun's Pharmacy.

LAFAYETTE AV., 1800. Emile Kuenster, Druggist.

LAFAYETTE AV., 2601.—John J. Harris, Druggist.

MARKET ST., 2846.—St. Louis Pharmacy Co

NORTH MARKET ST., 3522.—W. D. Temm, Druggist.

OLIVE ST., 1500.—Russell Riley, Druggist.

OLIVE ST., 2000.—C. E. S. Macdonald, Prescription Pharmacist.

OLIVE ST., 3500.—Kirkbride & Roth, Drug Store.

PARK AV., 1937.—G. H. J. Andreas, Druggist.

SIDNEY ST., 2100.—E. DuFour, Confectioner.

SALINA ST., 2870, cor. Pestalozzi.—August P. Kaltwasser, Druggist.

WALNUT ST., 2200.—Walnut Street Pharmacy.

WASHINGTON AV., 2328.—Thos. G. Glenn, Druggist.

EAST ST. LOUIS, op. Post Office.—Oscar F. Kresse, Books, Newspapers, Fancy Goods, etc.

BELLEVILLE, ILL.—(Chandler Building), Kaercher & Stolberg.

ROCK SPRINGS.—One block east of Cheltenham Station) Chas. Harris, P.-D. carrier and dealer in periodicals.

It is for sale on all trains and Steamboats leaving St. Louis, and at the following, among other, leading points:

Burlington, Kan.—Victor Kinz, Post Office.

Cherryvale, Kan.—J. T. Asdel.

Chicago, Ill.—Palmer House, Sherman House, Leland House, Brentano & Bro., 102 State st.; Tremont House. Grand Pacific Hotel.

Cleveland, O.—News Stand in Depot.

Columbus, Kan.—Branin & Sease.

Columbus, Ky.—E. F. Drace.

Cincinnati, Ohio.—J. R. Hawley, 154 Vine st.

Canton, Miss.—J. G. Fellows.

Dallas, Texas.—J. Jackson.

Denver, Col.—S. D. Wright, 385 Larimer and 391 Sixteenth; C. W. Paradice, 392 Lawrence st., and St. James Hotel.

Evansville, Ind.—G. C. Smith & Co., 129 Main st.

El Paso, Tex.—Grand Central Hotel.

Ft. Smith, Ark.—C. A. Tillis and T. Phillips & A. Son.

Ft. Worth, Tex.—H. S. Kratz.

Girard, Kan.—McNaught & Springer.

Hannibal, Mo.—N. V. Wollner, 211 Broadway; L. Morris and D. L. Hubbard.

Hastings, Neb.—Allen, Winch & Co., Post Office.

Hot Springs, Ark.—Hotels and News Stands.

Jackson, Miss.—Eyrich & Co.

Kansas City, Mo.—Union Depot News Stand; J. F Cleveland, 556 Cherry st.

Kenton, Tenn.—J. D. Graham.

Keokuk, Io.—D. Lowry, 523 Main st., and R. B. B. Wood.

Leadville, Col.—B. F. Gardner & Co., 608 Harrison av.

Louisville, Ky.—C. T. Dearing, corner Third and Jefferson av.

Memphis, Tenn.—R. M. Mansford, 298 Main st.

Milan, Tenn.—W. W. Horner.

Minneapolis, Minn.—Nicolette House News Stand

New York, N. Y.—Brentano & Bro., 5 Union Square, Metropolitan Hotel, Windsor Hotel.

New Orleans, La.—Geo. Ellis, opposite Post Office, and W. F. Goldwaite.

Omaha, Neb.—Barkalow & Bro., Union Depot, and J. J. Frushaut, 308 South Fifteenth st.

Owego, Kan.—B. F. Harrison and J. H. Boulter.

Pilot Point, Texas.—J. B. Pondrom.

Palestine, Texas.—Louis Durr.

Pittsburg, Kan.—Thomas Elliott.

Quincy, Ill.—T. G. Spindler, 19 N. Sixth st.

San Francisco, Cal.—Scott's Bookstore, 22 Third st., and R. C. Wilber, Palace Hotel.

St. Paul, Minn.—J. W. Sawders, Merchants' Hotel.

Tyler, Texas.—A. F. Hunt.

Union City, Tenn.—G. W. Griffin.

Van Buren, Ark.—L. W. Jacques.

Vincennes, Ind.—T. Robinson.

Vicksburg, Miss.—A. G. Tillman, next door to Post Office, and Clarke & Co., 149 Washington st.

Washington, D. C.—Brentano Bros., 1015 Pennsylvania av.; Willard's Hotel.

Wichita, Kan.—Wichita News Company.

The POST-DISPATCH is on file in Europe at American Exchange, 449 Strand, and C. A. Gilligs, 9 Strand, Charring Cross, London, Eng., and American Exchange, 35 Boulevard des Capucines, Paris, France.

The Post-Dispatch, with the largest circulation in the City of St. Louis, offers advertising in its Want Columns at lower rates than any other paper.

Situations Wanted, three lines for ten cents.

Help Wanted, Board, Boarders, Houses or Rooms Wanted, five cents a line.

Marriage and Death Notices, three lines for twenty-five cents.

Personals, ten cents a line.

Above rates are for solid agate. Full rates will be charged for display.

Advertisements for each day's issue must reach the office not later than 1 p. m.

Parties advertising in these Columns and having the answers addressed in care of POST-DISPATCH, will please ask for check, to enable them to get their letters, as none will be delivered except on presentation of check. All answers to advertisements should be inclosed in envelopes. Parties answering advertisements must have their replies directed to their own POST-OFFICE address.

SITUATIONS WANTED—MALES.

Clerks and Salesmen.

WANTED—Situation in a retail grocery store by a young man not afraid of work; good penman. Address J 94, this office. 37

Coachmen.

WANTED—A situation to take care of horse and cow; can furnish best of ref. Ad. B 95, this office.

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation by a man competent for any branch, mill or lumber business. Address R 92, this office. 43

WANTED—Situation by a young man of any kind; can keep books; good city reference given. Address R 94, this office. 43

WANTED—A young man of 22 years would like a situation of any kind; can give best of reference. Address A 95, this office. 43

WANTED—A situation by a steady, sober young man to work in private family or drive. can come well recommended. Address K 94, this office. 43

WANTED—A steady, sober and trusty man wants situation in city or country; can drive, milk and is handy with most kind of tools. E 93 this office.

WANTED—Situation by a European; speaks English, German and French; an experienced fit grocery salesman; willing to work for small wages. Address R 93, this office. 43

HELP WANTED—MALE.

Stenographers.

WANTED—A thoroughly competent stenographer and typewriter; good salary and permanent position for an A 1 man. L 93, this office. 60

The Trades.

WANTED—A barber at No. 6 S. 14th st. 58

WANTED—Two good tinners at 112 N. 12th st. H. N. Snyder. 58

WANTED—A white barber, with or without tools, at 410 Spruce st. 58

WANTED—A forwarder in a bindery at once. Apply at 214 Chestnut st., St. Louis Bank Note Co.

WANTED—Cutlers and lead glaziers; steady work; state wages wanted. Brown & Haywood Stained Glass works, Minneapolis. 58

WANTED—A molder that understands getting out iron and brass castings for small repair shop. Address, with reference, Lock Box 109, Greenville, Miss. 58

Cooks.

WANTED—Good order cook at Werner's Hotel and Restaurant, 906 Pine st. 56

Laborers.

WANTED—Five quarryman and ten laborers, also teams. Apply Theresa av. and Hickory st. 59

WANTED—Stone-cutters and paving rock dressers, John Bowdern & Son, Papin and Ashland ave. 59

WANTED—Quarryman and laborers. Inquire at quarry of Glenwood Lime and Quarry Association, below City Work-house. 59

Boys.

WANTED—Cash boys with good recommendations, 706 Franklin av. 61

WANTED—A good boy 14 to 16 years of age to run elevator; references required. Address D 95, this office. 61

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A young man to nail cigar-boxes. The Moser Cigar and Paper Box Co. 62

WANTED—Six good pole climbers. Apply at Edison's Electric Light Co., Room 17, Turner Bldg.

WANTED—A man that understands green-house work; also men for grading and sodding. Apply at once to Y. Nurnane, Florist, 1402 Taylor av 62

WANTED—A young man, must be a good picture frame maker, understand the picture business and salesman. Address C. Thomas, 43 W. 3d st., St. Paul, Minn.

WANTED—Nov. 1, on our lines, four young men to learn telegraphy, to qualify for situations paying $75 to $100. Apply immediately to Union Telegraph Superintennent, 102 N. 3d st.; take elevator.

SITUATIONS WANTED—FEMALE.

Stenographers.

WANTED—By lady stenographer, a situation. Address K 93, this office. 45

WANTED—Lady stenographer and type-writer desires situation; has had two years' experience; can give best references. Ad. N 89, this office. 45

Dressmakers and Seamstresses.

WANTED—By a competent seamstress work in families; terms reasonable. Call or address 2623 Pine st. 46

WANTED—A thorough, competent dressmaker wishes a few more engagements in families; best reference. Address 1929 Division st. 46

WANTED—First-class dressmaker would like a few more engagements in families; superior in fitting and draping; terms reasonable. Address G 95, this office. 46

Housekeepers.

WANTED—A lady and daughter wish a place as housekeeper. Address S 94, this office. 45

General Housework.

WANTED—Situation by woman to do housework or laundry. Call at 814 N. 22d st. 48

WANTED—I have first-class female help on hand with reference. Call at once 314 N. 8th st. 48

WANTED—By two German girls, situations, one for cook, kitchen and one for work in the dining-room in a boarding-house or hotel. Ap. 400 S. 12th.

WANTED—An honest, reliable woman with a little girl 8 years of age wishes situation to do light general housework in a small family; no questions as to section to country. Call at 2303 La Salle st., upstairs. 48

STOVE REPAIRS!

For every stove or range made in the United States to be had at A. G. Brauer's, 219 Locust st. 48

Cooks, etc.

WANTED—A good cook wants a place in a private family. Call at the Franciscan Convent, 1284 N. 14th st. 49

WANTED—Situation by a Swedish woman as cook; best of reference; no washing; no postals. 720 N. 15th st. 49

Nurses.

WANTED—Situation by a German girl to nurse or do light housework. Call or address 2531 S. 10th.

Laundresses.

WANTED—Situation by a colored lady in a private laundry. Call at 9 N. 14th st. 67

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—Situation by a first-class dining-room girl; best reference; 309 S. 3d. 71

WANTED—Situation by an experienced English milliner. Address this office. 38

WANTED—Position by a first-class house and dining-room girl; will help with children and mend; seven years' experience in family. Address J 92, this office. 52

HELP WANTED—FEMALE.

General Housework.

WANTED—A girl to do general housework. 1119 Locust st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 2609 Market st. 66

WANTED—A woman for general housework at 806 S. 18th st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework, at 1814 Lucede av. 66

WANTED—A girl to cook, wash, and iron. 2513 Olive st. 66

WANTED—Girl to do general housework. 2632 Lafayette av. 66

WANTED—Two German girls; housegirl and cook. 1910 Gratiot st. 66

WANTED—Young German girl to assist with housework 3528 Pine st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; in small family. 1081 S. 12th st. 66

WANTED—A young girl for general housework in small family. 1715 Park st. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework at 3124 N. 13th st. Mrs. Mary Bailey. 66

WANTED—Girl for general housework in small family; good wages. 1227 Dolman st. 66

WANTED—German girl for general housework. 1226 Park st., between Jefferson and Cook avs. 66

WANTED—A good girl for general housework. Call at Phœnix House, northwest corner 13th and Pine sts. 66

WANTED—A girl for general housework; no washing. Apply at L. Kurth's, southeast corner 4th and Market. 66

Cooks.

WANTED—A good cook, at 1604 Olive st. 68

WANTED—Woman to cook at 1305 Washington av. 68

WANTED—German girl for cooking; good wages. 3528 Pine st. 68

WANTED—A good cook for boarding-house. Inquire at 216 S. 4th st., at office. 68

WANTED—Girl to cook, wash and iron in small family. Call at 3635 Lindell av. 68

WANTED—A good girl to cook and do general housework; small family, at 2635 Chestnut st. 68

WANTED—Two English-speaking German women in private family; one to cook, wash and iron, the other for housework. 1503 Chestnut st. 68

WANTED—$20 per month will be paid a good German girl to cook for army officer's family in the West; references required. Call evenings or Sunday morning. 2707 Dickson st. 68

Nurses.

WANTED—Nurse-girl 12 to 14 years old. 2626 Chestnut st. 70

Miscellaneous.

WANTED—A German girl of 13 to 15 years old at 58 S. 20th st. 71

WANTED—Neat, clean girl to do chamber work and help in dining-room. 2308 Pine st. 71

WANTED—Nov. 1, on our lines, four young ladies to learn telegraphing, to qualify for situations paying $60 to $90. Apply immediately to Union Telegraph Superintennent, 102 N. 3d st.; take elevator.

WANTED—Ladies to work for us at their own homes; $7 to $10 per week can be quietly made. No peddling; no canvassing. For full particulars, please address at once, Oriental Art Company, 19 Oriental Street, Boston, Mass., Box 3170.

PERSONAL.

Advertisements under the head of "Personal" are received subject to revision or rejection entirely. The money paid for rejected advertisements will be refunded when address is given, or by calling at this office with ticket. All personals not of a business nature, ten cents a line; nothing less than two lines.

PERSONAL—No. 2: Will look for you Saturday night, same time and place as last.

PERSONAL—Two gentlemen wish to meet two young ladies; object social amusement. Address W 94, this office.

PERSONAL—A widow, 24 years old wishes the acquaintance of a gentleman of refinement and means, whom willing to lend her $50 at once. Address O 84, this office.

WANTED—By two young gentlemen ages respectively 22 and 25 the correspondence of two refined young ladies; object social amusement. Address box 129, Neosho, Mo.

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M.D., 1422 Olive st., electro-magnetic hand baths. See personal sundries

PERSONAL SUNDRIES.

ATTENTION—Young Dr. Hammond, trance clairvoyant; past, present and future. 1423 Morgan st.

ALL those who wish to have their nails and hands beautified should call at the Manicure Parlor, Room 26, Emily Building, Ninth and Olive. 74

IF you need a suit of clothes call and see the fine misfits at Dunn's Loan Office. 74

BARGAINS—Go to Mrs. E. Walsh, 825 Franklin av., for dress hats from $2 up and elegant plush hats from $4 to $5. 74

ELECTRIC, medicated and vapor baths for cure of rheumatism, blood and nervous diseases. 1938½ Franklin av.

MADAME UNA F. SILVA, magnetic physician, treats with magnetism by laying on hands. Office and residence, 1425 Pine st. 74

TRANCE CLAIRVOYANT.

"YOUNG DR. HAMMOND," born with double veil; has the power of any two clairvoyants you ever met. Every hidden mystery revealed. Tells your entire life, past, present and future, in a dead trance. Tells full names of his callers and full name of your future husband or wife, with age and date of marriage. Gives names of absent friends without any trickery or fraud, but by spirit help. Restores lost love, unites the separated and causes speedy marriage. Removes evil influences and gives good luck. Dr. Hammond unites the separated in one-half the time that any other clairvoyant can do. Dr. Hammond is the only one in the city who possesses the wonderful mesmeric charm by which he has wonderful power. Advice on business, marriage, divorce, numbers, lawsuits, wills, etc. If you are afflicted or in trouble of any kind call and see this world-renowned and highly celebrated trance clairvoyant without delay. Persons will save time and disappointment by calling on this genuine trance medium than by writing for appointments. He is meeting with great success here, as crowds are calling every day. $5,000 CHALLENGE to any medium who can excel him in the above mentioned line of PAST, PRESENT and FUTURE of one's life. Letters answered. Parlors 1423 Morgan st., near 14th. Fee $1 and upwards. Cut this out and call early. 74

CLAIRVOYANT—All call on Mme. Maree, the great and noted clairvoyant and astrologist, the most powerful mystic sight in clairvoyance of the nineteenth century; the greatest self-existing test medium in America; has been publicly tested and challenges the world; consult her on dead and living friends or enemies, on business matters, marriages and losses of every description; reveals mysteries, designates hidden coins or minerals, locates lingering disease and gives the name of the perfect physician for luck, breaking evil influence, witchcraft, causing those who forsake you to return. Ladies in trouble call. Mme. Maree asks no questions and no cards of any description in her profession. 928 North High st. (old Thirteenth), corner of W. sh. one square north of Franklin av. Hours from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Consultations sent by mail. 74

MME. MAREE is the greatest living natural clairvoyant on earth. She reads your secret and open life from the cradle to the grave with as much ease as though an ordinary conversation. Mme. Maree asks no questions, uses no cards of any description in her profession. 928 North High st. (old Thirteenth), corner of Wash. one square north of Franklin av. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Consultation sent by mail. 74

GREATEST of all fortune tellers, Mrs. Wilcus of 1400 Olive st. can be consulted daily (Sunday excepted) on matters of business, love and matrimony; separated lovers brought together in nine days; tells your sweetheart's name, and name of future husband; as evidences of her greatness as a fortune teller, Mrs. Wilcus received a gold medal from the Paris (Tenth), corner of Wash. one square north of Franklin av. Office hours from 8 a. m. to 5 p. m. Consultation sent by mail. 74

GREATEST of all fortune tellers, Mrs. Wilcus of 1400 Olive st. can be consulted daily (Sunday excepted) on matters of business, love and matrimony; separated lovers brought together in nine days; tells your sweetheart's name, and name of future husband; as evidences of her greatness as a fortune teller, Mrs. Wilcus received a gold medal from the Paris Exposition of '78, and of Chicago in '85, besides hundreds of other testimonials from her many friends; if you wish to see the truest and greatest of all fortune tellers, give her a call; have no office at 502 N. 15th. 74

Yielding to the urgent solicitations of his numerous friends and admirers, PROF. LAREDO, the great, famous and phenomenal astrologer, has decided again to enter public life again, after a retirement of two years from the arduous duties of his profession, and for his permanent location has opened parlors for reception of visitors at 907 N. 15th st., between Franklin av. and Wash st.

Prof. Laredo is no common fortune-teller; he resorts to no method to impose upon the credulity of his visitors; the silly trick of telling visitors' names is not in his line, but will be exposed by him upon request. He is a man gifted by nature with the most miraculous powers of disclosing the dearest secrets of the human heart, as well as the most complicated events of the future. His powers in this respect are marvelous, and the crowned heads of Europe have, in order to express their satisfaction and wonder at his ability in predicting coming political events, conferred upon him many costly orders and medals, and have presented him with many testimonials of their appreciation and gratitude.

Prof. Laredo offers his services to all who are in trouble, with the assurance of success in all the concerns of life. Business men should consult him and obtain his advice in all matters relating to speculations, stocks, auction deals, lawsuits, divorces, contested wills, journeys and all other commercial ventures. Lovers as well as married people should not fail to consult him in relation to all matters pertaining to courtship and marriage. He removes estrangements and causes reconciliations. Treats all diseases spiritually. Send for his infallible cure for drunkenness and his Indian-healing Balm. Office-hours 8 a. m. to 8 p. m., 907 North Fifteenth street. 74

PARTICULAR NOTICE—Young Dr. Hammond, the trance clairvoyant, is a genuine spirit medium, and the only trance medium in the city who can tell your full name; no cards used or faked up star fortune tellin.; remember the only true way is by the trance method. Parlors 1423 Morgan st., near 14th st. 74

PROF. WENDELL & CO.'S cosmetique parlors, for beautifying the face and form; superfluous hair removed; satisfaction guaranteed. 1933½ Franklin av

MRS. G. LUBY, mother of the great fortune teller, Mrs. Wilcus, gives luck, tells fortunes, can be consulted on affairs of business, love and matrimony; tells name and age of caller and present sweethearts; satisfaction guaranteed. 502 N. 15th st., between St. Charles and Washington av. 74

MRS. ROSINE SABINE, the great and unequalled fortune-teller, clairvoyant and astrologer, gives positively successful advice in all matters of love, matrimony, business, lucky numbers, journeys, lawsuits, contested wills, divorce, speculations, etc. She unites friends and lovers; causes speedy marriages, removes family troubles, recovers stolen, mislaid or buried property; treats spiritually all diseases; female complaints a specialty; positive cure of drunkenness guaranteed. 811 N. 15th st., between Morgan st. and Franklin av. Send 10c for instructor. 74

PERSONAL—Miss Fletcher, massage and magnetic treatment; hand bath. 1128 Pine. 2d floor front. 74

PERSONAL—Mrs. Dossen, practical and competent midwife; business strictly confidential; attended to, with board; charges reasonable. 115 S. 14th st. 74

PERSONAL—Rebecca L. Ady, M. D., 1422 Olive st., treats with magnetism, electricity and baths, medicated and vapor, for ladies and gentlemen. Magnetism is the chief feature of my baths, hence patients have preference of male or female assistants. Baths are a luxury for the healthy, a necessity for the sick. 74

SELL your cast-off clothing to N. Jacobs. Address postal card, 318 Locust st. 74

DR. D. I. JOCELYN of Colton Dental Association, who introduced the use of gas in St. Louis for the painless extraction of teeth, gives it his personal attention. Gas always pure. All branches of dentistry practiced at lowest prices. Office 517 Olive st. 74

1,000 BUSINESS CARDS, $1.

H. B. Crole & Co., printers, 925 Olive st.

DRESSMAKING.

MME. CASSIDEY, 623½ Olive, dress and cloakmaker; cutting, fitting, purchasing a specialty; orders solicited.

WANTED—AGENTS.

WANTED—Energetic canvassers to sell staple household articles by sample; liberal commissions to live men. Add., with references, N 94, this office.

SOMETHING new that parties can make from $15 to $20 per day. Parties wishing to engage will call on Judge Mahan, at Sprague's restaurant, opposite Market, N. 5th st., for four days only between the hours of 9 a. m. and 4 p. m. Judge Mahan. 79

WANTED—TO EXCHANGE.

WANTED—To trade or sell three No. 1 improved farms of 80 acres each, part coal land, situated on railroads and close to markets, will trade land and cash for a good stock of general merchandise or groceries. Address W. S. Johnson, Du Quoin, Ill. 24

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

WANTED—To buy grocery shelves and counter. Call at A. C. Hall & Schneider, 1604 S. Broadway.

FOR RENT—ROOMS.

3 S. 23D ST.—Nicely furnished room for gentleman in private family; gas, fire and bath. 18

161½ S. 9TH ST.—Furnished rooms for gent or man and wife. 13

1141 S. 14TH ST.—Three rooms, handsomely furnished; all modern conveniences, bath, etc. 13

121 N. 7TH ST.—(Southwest corner Pine)—Nicely furnished rooms, gas and fire; terms moderate. 18

205 CENTER ST.—Two rooms, kitchen and cellar in good order. 13

205 N. 6TH ST.—Two rooms, second floor, unfurnished. 13

315 N. 20TH ST.—Handsomely furnished second-story front rooms; new house; bath; fire; private family. 18

519 FRANKLIN AV.—Neatly furnished front room for two gents, or man and wife. 13

611 N. 12TH ST.—Nicely furnished front room, with or without board; private family. 18

702 N. 4TH ST.—People's House, fully furnished rooms from 25c to $1 per day; open all night. 18

710 PINE ST.—Desirable rooms with fire and gas; very easy terms to good parties. 13

806 OLIVE ST. — Opposite Post-office—Elegantly furnished front room, suitable for two gents; all conveniences. 13

815 LOCUST ST.—Nicely furnished room, suitable for two gents or gent and wife. 13

816 WASHINGTON AV.—A nice, large furnished room, suitable for two gents, or man and wife. Inquire up-stairs. 13

908 CHOUTEAU AV.—Finest furnished room in the city; without board; free fire, gas, etc. 13

910 WASH ST.—One neatly furnished room with gas and fuel 13

927 N. 16TH ST.—One furnished second-story front room; $8. for one gent, or $9.50 for two. Franklin av. 13

1015 CHESTNUT ST.—Nice furnished front room; gents or married couples; $1.50 and $3 per week 13

1109 S. 10TH ST. (near Hickory)—Unfurnished second-story front room and board; also furnished room and board. 13

1112 CHOUTEAU AV.—Two furnished front and back rooms, single or en suite 13

1119 LOCUST ST.—Furnished and unfurnished rooms; suitable for housekeeping; rent low. 13

1120 CAROND'ELET AV.—Four rooms, second floor; gas, bath, water closet; use of laundry; stone front. 13

1412 CHESTNUT ST.—One furnished room suitable for one or two gents; 1st floor. 18

1429 PINE ST.—Two elegant furnished rooms for rent; home comfort. 13

1437 N. 23D ST.—Nice tenement rooms; two rooms and kitchen; $7 for small family. 13

1513 CHESNUT ST.—Furnished rooms for housekeeping, $5 and $10; also 3d floor front, unfurnished. 18

1607 CHESTNUT ST.—Nicely furnished room; southern exposure; for two or four gents. 13

1609 BIDDLE ST.—Three rooms and kitchen, $9; two rooms, $5. 13

1617 CHESTNUT ST.—One nicely furnished room; suitable for one gent; family references. 13

1618 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms to gents; first-class location; attention and all conveniences. 13

1712 N. LEFFINGWELL AV.—Three rooms on first and second floor; water inside; house new; rent cheap. 13

1812 CASS AV.—Five rooms on second floor. Inquire on premises. 13

1928 LUCAS AV.—Three rooms, furnished or unfurnished. 13

2011 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished third-story front and connecting back, suitable for gentlemen or family for housekeep ng. 13

2024 EUGENIA ST.—Two pleasant housekeeping rooms, bath, w. c. 13

2024 WASH ST.—Two rooms on first floor for housekeeping; water inside. 13

2026 PINE ST.—Nicely furnished rooms, with board; references exchanged. 13

2120 OLIVE ST.—Desirable rooms, single or en suite, convenient to first-class board; references required 13

2123 WALNUT ST.—Two nicely furnished parlors. 13

2216 CHESTNUT ST.—Furnished rooms; references exchanged. 13

2348 PINE ST. (cor. Jeffe son av.)—Handsomely furnished second-story rooms, single or en suite, at moderate rates, for gentlemen or gentleman and wife; gas, fire, hot and cold bath; good board convenient. 13

2621 OLIVE ST.—Nicely furnished hall room on second floor 13

2726 WRIGHT ST.—Three rooms, first floor; folding doors, marble man els, water; key at 2724. 13

2735 OLIVE ST.—Handsomely furnished rooms, en suite or single, every convenience; terms reasonable. 13

2811 WASH ST.—Four beautiful rooms to good permanent tenant on second floor. 13

2840 CLARK AV.—Nice large, unfurnished front room; also furnished hall room; reasonable. 13

2922 CHESTNUT ST.—Three or four desirable unfurnished rooms; rent reasonable. 13

2937 OLIVE ST.—Newly furnished front room. 13

3039 CLARK AV.—Furnished front room; southern exposure; suit two; no objection to light housekeeping; no other roomers. 13

3112 SHERIDAN AV.—Two completely furnished rooms for light housekeeping. 13

3112 SHERIDAN AV.—One nicely furnished room at $4 a month; private family. 13

3600 OLIVE ST.—Furnished room in private family. 13

3845 FINNEY AV.—Two large rooms, light and airy, furnished or unfurnished to suit parties. 13

3932 EVANS AV.—Three fine rooms, second floor, hall, cellar, water; rent moderate. 13

4029 FAIRFAX AV.—Elegant suite of 4 rooms, first floor; cool cellar. $12. 13

FOR RENT—Handsomely furnished or unfurnished parlors; location 27th and Lucas av. Address C 95, this office. 13

FOR RENT—Two rooms and kitchen, second floor, 16 South 3d st.; water on porch (cellar), $10. Inquire top floor. 13

FOR RENT—Flat; 3 beautiful rooms at 1828 Morgan; new house; all conveniences, water and gas. $13. R. H. BETTS & CO., 208 N. 8th.

FOR RENT—Partly owning her home (vicinity 15th and Olive) will rent to let room to one or two gentlemen. Address W 92, this office. 13

FOR RENT—DWELLINGS.

1018 MISSISSIPPI AV.—Two-story stone front house, mansard roof, containing eight rooms Inquire at Jos. Schnaider's Brewing Co., office 2000 Chouteau av. 14

1022 MISSISSIPPI AV.—Two-story stone front house, mansard roof, containing eight rooms; Inquire at Jos. Schnaider's Brewing Co., office, 2000 Chouteau av. 14

1125 VANDEVENTER AV.—Six-room house. 14

1307 DILLON ST.—A nice 3-story stone-front house in good order; $40. Apply to TAAFFE, EMERSON & CO., 710 Chestnut st. 14

3121 ADAMS ST.—Nicely furnished 7-room house to parties with suitable references 14

3653 FINNEY AV.—Elegant nine-room stone front, furnace, etc. 14

F. S. NOONAN, Agent, 800 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—Three, four and six room houses. Barnard, 4105 Easton av. 14

FOR RENT—Cheap, 2944 Clark av. and 413 Montrose av., six room houses; all conveniences. Apply to J. RYAN, 14 605 Chestnut st.

FOR RENT—Nine-room house, completely furnished and in first-class order on Lucas av., between 32d and 33d sts. Apply at room No. 5, fourth floor, 417 Pine st. 14

FOR RENT—3854 DELMAR AV.

A new 3-story stone-front; has hard-wood mantels; hall, gas, bath, furnace, nice yard, etc.; this is one of the nicest houses in the city; will lease from two to five years; it is open for examination every day from 8 to 5 o'clock.

TAAFFE, EMERSON & CO., Agents, 710 Chestnut st. 14

HOUSES, ROOMS, ETC., WANTED.

WANTED—One or two unfurnished rooms, for family of two ladies (mother and daughter); in central part of city. Address Mrs. McGill, 2633 Papin st. 21

WANTED—Two light airy rooms and kitchen for small family first floor, no stairs, with use of yard and stable or shed; $10 to $12 a month. Address 703 Market st. 21

HORSES AND VEHICLES.

For Sale.

FOR SALE—A good, sound and gentle lady's buggy horse. 3638 Cook av. 12

FOR SALE—A good surrey cart. Apply at Stahl's stables, Garrison av. and Olive. 12

FOR SALE—Party leaving city—A good family team; bay mare 9 years old weighing 950 lbs.; ladies or children can drive her; harness cost $25; piano box buggy cost $125, only run two months; good as new; a bargain for right party. 1726 Franklin av. 12

I AM selling out 4 new, latest style surreys; 4 new top buggies; 4 new park wagons; 3 second-hand, in good running order, business top wagon; 1 new, heavy, three-spring open wagon, suitable for butcher or express wagon; 3 light open spring wagons; anyone needing anything in that line will save money by calling and price them at John King's Carriage Repository, 3611 Market st.

BOARDING.

112 S. 14TH ST.—Boarders by the month, $17.50; meals, $3 a week. 18

323 S. 2D. ST.—Nicely furnished rooms for light housekeeping or gents; also board from $3 to $3.50 per week. 18

414 N. LEFFINGWELL AV.—Elegant furnished 2d-story front; private family; good board. 18

1012 CHOUTEAU AV.—Elegantly furnished second floor front room, with board; also other rooms. 18

1101 CHOUTEAU AV.—Newly furnished rooms, with board. 18

1413 OLIVE ST.—Furnished rooms, with board. 18

1424 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms; first-class board; permanent boarders solicited; terms reasonable. 18

1512 WALNUT ST.—Front parlor furnished suitable for two gents or gent and wife, with board. 18

1605 WASHINGTON AV.—Handsomely furnished rooms, with or without board, to permanent parties; terms moderate. 18

1718 OLIVE ST.—Large furnished room suitable and reasonable for three or four gents, with private board. 18

1718 OLIVE ST.—Large furnished 2d-story front room with board; also hall room 18

1811 WASHINGTON AV.—Nice rooms and good board for single gents; terms reasonable. 18

1831 OLIVE ST.—Delightful rooms, nicely furnished, with board; s. e. c.; terms reasonable. 18

2308 PINE ST.—Board—Newly furnished rooms; all improvements; new party taken house.

2603 OLIVE ST.—Parties desiring superior accommodations at reasonable rates will do well to call; private hall and bath-rooms heated by steam; day board at popular prices; meals sent out. 18

2610 MORGAN ST.—Second-story front front room; suitable for gentleman and wife, or two gents, with or without board. 18

2808 MORGAN ST.—Two furnished rooms suitable for light housekeeping or board. 18

2838 FRANKLIN AV.—Nicely furnished third-story front room, stone front, only $8 month; board if desired. 18

3107 LUCAS AV.—Pleasant second-story room, nice yard, with or without board. 18

3137 CHESTNUT ST.—One room furnished, with or without board. 18

3242 OLIVE ST.—Good board and lodging $4 per week; boarding-house changed hands; gentlemen only. 18

TO LET FOR BUSINESS PURPOSES.

804 CHESTNUT ST.—Two connecting rooms on second floor, with w. c. and bath; suit a lawyer, doctor, or make nice offices; $20. 17

1420 WASHINGTON AV.—Nice roomy stable; rent low; also 2 rooms over stable; cheap. 17

FOR RENT—For manufacturing purposes, with 7 steam power, first and second floors and basement of building s. e. cor. 8th and Walnut sts.; now occupied by my paper bag factory. Apply on premises to James West, Supt. Sam Cupples. 17

IMP'D CITY PROPERTY FOR SALE.

$1,600—TWO-STORY brick house, 6 rooms and bath. 2830 Ohio av. 7

For Sale at a Great Bargain.

A first-class 3-story stone front house and lot, 3850 Delmar avenue, has 11 rooms, hardwood mantels, hall, gas, bath, furnace, nice yard, etc.; we want this to be one of the best built homes in the city; location first-class. Open every day from 8 to 5 o'clock for examination.

TAAFFE, EMERSON & CO., Agents, 7 710 Chestnut street.

LOST AND FOUND.

LOST—$5 reward for the return of a black horse mule to the owner, R. Cook, 2426 Chouteau av. 30

LOST—Pair smoked pearl opera-glasses left at Union Depot Saturday night 7:30 Kirkwood train; reward to finder leaving at 221 N Main st. Wm. E. 30

LOST—Lady's Russian leather purse yesterday morning bet. 32d and Olive and 23d and Dickson sts.; any one returning it to 3121 Olive, will be suitably rewarded. 30

LOST—A brown leather book; left same in window at the Post-office; I think contents show who the owner is; a reward will be paid for the return of the book and all of fortune tells me. 30

IF the person seen taking the satchel with jewelry on Clinton st., between 13th and 14th, will return same to 1319 Clinton st. a reward will be paid and family reliabled. 30

STOLEN—On the 27th, a white goat with a yellow head, small ears and horns; any person returning her to 2711 Rutger st. will be rewarded. 30

FOUND—Two blue shirts left on our counter a few days ago. Owner will please call at once, identify same, pay for this ad. and remove goods. Post-Dispatch. 30

ALL SORTS.

HIGHEST prices paid for cast-off clothing. Send postal. M. Bloch, 1004 Morgan st. 32

WELLS bored, eased and pumps inserted at lowest prices; terms easy. Sanderson, 506 Olive st. 32

LEECHES, LEECHES, LEECHES,

At Wholesale and Retail. Chas. H. Zahn Drug Co., n. e. cor. 2d and Walnut sts. 32

THE

ZEPHYR!

A PORTABLE $50 HEATER,

Dispenses with grates, stoves and furnaces, and is placed in any part of a house or hall, heating five ordinary rooms sufficiently with a perfectly uniform temperature throughout For dwellings, schools, churches, banks, warehouses, etc. Guaranted to do as represented or refunded; 808 Chestnut st. 32 ZEPHYR MANUFACTURING CO.

NICKEL PLATING.

Stove trimming replated at small cost. M. D. Degge & Co., 113 and 115 S. 8th st 32

FOR SALE—MISCELLANEOUS.

COAL—10 bushels, $1; 21 bushels, $2; by the load, $3. T. F. Carroll, 21 Franklin av. 5

FOR SALE—Cheap—A seven-horse Otto gas engine in good order; also lot 2-in. shafting, patent hangers, pulleys, etc. Address O 93, this office. 5

HALL'S Reliable Coal Market, 2137 Morgan st.; sold in quantities to suit from $1 up. Send postal. 5

$26 TO $100 buys the best folding beds on easy payments; can only be had of us on credit. STALEY'S, 807 Franklin av. 5

HEATING stoves, hard and soft coal base burners on payments. 5 STALEY'S,

TABERNACLE TALK.

ITEMS OF INTEREST GATHERED IN LOCAL RELIGIOUS FIELDS.

Church with a Checkered History to Be Dedicated Sunday—Dr. Sonneschein Says the Obstacles Are Removed—Archbishop Kenrick's Movements—Special Services at the Gary Mission—Pulpit Points and Personals.

Like a drowning man, who, having reached the bank, shakes himself and takes a new lease of life, will be the North Christian Church at its dedication Sunday. This brave little church has not been living long but it has been living fast. The "fast" part, however, has lain entirely among its pastors and has not been an evidence of sorrow or piety. It was organized in 1882, by Rev. J. A. Berry, who shortly after was removed to another field. Its first pastor was really a Rev. Mr. De Schuller who, claiming to be a converted Catholic, fastened himself on the church. At the end of a year he proved to be a scalawag and skipped out. He was succeeded by the festive Gay Waters who in attempting to continue reportorial and ministerial work failed of such in each field and gave up his pulpit at the end of five months. When the church at last lost faith in Gay it nearly lost faith in life, and stood ready to step down into an untimely grave, when Rev. B. W. Johnson of the Christian Evangelist moved up in its vicinity and has since, with Rev. U. U. Grafton, kept its head above water.

The new edifice it has succeeded in erecting after all these tribulations is a frame structure 36x56 feet, situated on Penrose street and Blair avenue. In style it is a blending of Gothic and Queen Anne. Its seating capacity is 350 but, it has two pleasant Sunday-school rooms in addition. The membership of the church is nearly 100, and the Sundayschool numbers about 125. In the past the people have been worshipping at the hall, 4106 North Broadway. The dedication services will occur Sunday afternoon at 3 o'clock. All the Christian pastors of the city will be present and take part in the exercises. Rev. J. H. Garrison will preach the sermon of the occasion.

DR. SONNESCHEIN TALKS.

Rev. Dr. S. H. Sonneschein was in Indianapolis the other day and to a Journal reporter talked quite freely about his affairs in St. Louis. Among other things he said: "I am rid of my enemies and the obstacles they placed in my path as a progressist. My friends will sustain me and I will sustain them. Doubtless I will, in due time, publish a full account of the disagreements and differences. We are looking for a location to build. The place we now occupy is opposite the place where I preached for seventeen years. This choice was an accidental one, though some people will not believe that. But there I am opposite the old stand. Within five days from the time I left my old charge I had a new congregation of its members, a host of families. In Temple Israel we take a new departure. Ladies will talk and take equal part in the church work. For the first time 'she' is as good a member as 'he.'"

MEMORABLE VISITS.

The vigor of Archbishop Kenrick continues to astonish his friends. After an arduous tour of visitation among the interior parishes he starts for Baltimore, attends an important meeting requiring great thought and involving much responsibility and really expects to be back Sunday. At least he has promised to be at Crystal City Sunday week, and he never misses an appointment.

Few people in the city know what a big thing the Archbishop's visit is to a country parish or to a small town is. He is always received with the most distinguished honors. At Washington, Mo., last Saturday week he arrived in the evening. Besides the crowd at the depot, large bonfires were built all over the town and the whole place was illuminated by other means. Colored fire was heaped in front of houses, Catholic and Protestant alike, and as the procession passed the fire was lighted and the beautiful colors thrown over the line. The Archbishop was particularly pleased with that reception and said the illumination was one of the prettiest he ever saw. His grace arrived at Jefferson City last Saturday noon and indeed it seemed like an event in the town's history. Cannons were fired from the Capitol and a great procession with music and banners passed through the principal streets. In the evening there was a beautiful torchlight procession and fireworks.

Notes.

The Baptist Church at Kirkwood was reopened last November 14.

The annual week of prayer for young men begins November 14.

Presiding Elder Finney will be at St. Paul's Southern Methodist Church Sunday.

Bishop Granbery's next conference is the Virginia, at Norfolk, on November 17.

Rev. Frank K. Brooke, St. Peter's new pastor, will preach Sunday at that church.

A branch of the National Unitarian Temperance Society is to be formed in St. Louis.

Dr. I. W. Marston, Baptist District Mission Secretary, has been quite ill the past week.

Bishop Bowman has gone to New York to attend the Missionary Society's anniversary.

Ben Deering has been holding out at the Southern M. E. Church, Bridgeton, this week.

Dr. J. D. Vincil will dedicate the new Southern Methodist Church at Gallatin, Mo., Sunday week.

The Goode Avenue Methodist Church's membership has doubled under Rev. J. P. Marlatt's pastorate.

The ordination of Rev. Edward L. Clifton took place at the Sixth Street Baptist Tabernacle last night.

John T. Triplett will read for St. Mark's Episcopal Church Sunday. The Sunday School will meet at 9:30.

Rev. H. J. Messing has instituted at the United Hebrew Temple a series of short Friday evening talks.

The Ladies' Society of B'nai El Congregation will give their ball on Thanksgiving eve at Liederkranz Hall.

Rev. Richard W. E. Green of Toronto, Ont., has been selected to conduct the city mission work of the Episcopal Church.

The Jewish Free Press publishes a complete stenographic report of Rabbi Philipson's sermon on "Ideals" last Sabbath.

The protracted meeting of North Christian Church will open Sunday, under the conduct of Rev. J. M. Canfield of Indianapolis.

A Pastor's Aid Society, to assist the pastor, was organized at the Third Baptist Church Monday night with Harry Trevor Secretary.

The members of the McAli Mission are not idle. This week they decided to personally solicit the aid of every evangelical minister in the city.

Dr. J. P. Greene of the Third Baptist Church will occupy his pulpit Sunday morning and evening. There will be baptism at the evening service.

This evening Rabbi Spitz delivereș at B'nai El Temple the first of a series of lectures, his subject being "Equal Confidence in the Rabbi and in God."

A meeting of the Mt. Sinai Cemetery Association will be held Monday evening next to consider Temple Israel's application, more fully mentioned below.

St. James A. M. E. Mission in West St. Louis does not see any way out of the difficulties that beset it. It cannot support a pastor, and has flatly told the conference so.

Sunday the Young Men's Sodality of St. Xavier's Parish approach Holy Communion in a body at the 7 o'clock mass, after which there will be an election of new members.

Dr. J. M. Freeman, Assistant Secretary of the Sunday-school Union and Tract Society, has been in the city arranging for the anniversary exercises to be held here November 20.

The State Convention of the Missouri Y. M. C. A. opened at Independence, Mo., last night. Dr. M. Rhodes of St. Louis made the address. A number of workers from this city are in attendance.

The Southwestern Methodist gets things tangled up this week and credits the St. Louis Evangelist (Presbyterian) with publishing a stinging article on Mgr. Capel which was in the Central Baptist.

This evening Rev. W. H. Black will address the St. Clair County (Illinois) Sunday-school Convention in the Presbyterian Church, East St. Louis, and to-morrow evening, Rev. W. W. Boyd will do the same.

The Christian Evangelist drops prohibition this week long enough to touch up the New York mayoralty contest. It unblushingly declares Henry George a Socialist and his platform one of land confiscation.

Prof. William Deutsch, who has been for so many years the Superintendent of the United Hebrew Congregation Sabbath-schools, has resigned that trust and assumed charge of the Sabbath-schools of Shaare Emeth.

A scheme is on foot to unite St. James and St. Mark's, the new Episcopal Church. It has been worked chiefly on the St. James side. Mr. De Forrest has sounded his own members on the subject but it is not known that St. Mark's have been approached.

The committee looking into the feasibility of building a new Southern M. E. Church opposite Lafayette Park is composed of the local pastors and laymen. A lot worth aoout $5,500 is now owned in that vicinity by the church, and all that is needed is an edifice.

Rev. John A. Wilson of the United Presbyterian Church leaves for his new pastorate at Wooster, O., next week. It is considered very probable that his successor will be Rev. D. C. Stewart of the seminary at Xenia, O., who preached for Mr. Wilson two Sundays ago.

Rev. J. P. Lytton has been called by St. Paul's Episcopal Church of Carondelet. He has accepted and will move his family this week. This church was formerly ministered to by Rev. Joseph De Forrest, who resigned some six months ago to take the Church of the Advent.

The Executive Committee of the Ladies' Auxiliary Board of the Protestant Hospital Association is as follows: Mrs. A. J. Fischer, Chairman; Mrs. D. Arnold, Vice-Chairman; Mrs. E. H. Semple, Secretary and Treasurer; Mesdames F. H. Ludington, Jos. Specht, F. C. Sharp and Julia Haffner.

Next week there will be special meetings each night at the Gary Mission, at Eleventh and Locust streets. The music has been improved by the addition of a flute and a cornet. Messrs. Garrison and Stover will lead several of the meetings. Prospects are good for a very interesting series of meetings.

Rev. J. H. Shields of the Cote Brilliant Presbyterian Church, believing that variety is the spice of things spiritual as well, has inaugurated a system of bi-weekly exchanges with his brethren. In accordance with this plan he and Rev. Dr. Brank of Central Church exchange pulpits Sunday evening.

The Glasgow Avenue Presbyterian muddle is very near a settlement. After dickering around with Rev. E. N. Barrett, who wouldn't come for a cent less than $2,000, they wired him Monday that $1,800 was pledged and that the rest would be all right. But as nothing has been heard from him it is presumed he isn't sure about the $200.

At the semi-annual meeting of the directors of the Montifiore Hebrew Free Schools, a balance in the treasury was reported of $297.29. The board as reconstructed was follows: Rev. Max Lieberstein, Messrs R. Horwitz, P. Diehevy, H. Cohn, A. Spoetzer, M. Spilker, Rev. I. Fleischmann, L. Lichtenstein, A. Lifansky, S. Goldman and B. Bornstein.

Speaking about the future probation theory the Christian Evangelist, Campbellite organ, declares that Henry Ward Beecher is not in the New York and Brooklyn union, although it is scarcely a year since a Congregational pastor of this city declared in a local church paper that Mr. Beecher is in the union. The Evangelist improves the opportunity to throw some mud at Henry Ward.

The late session of the St. Louis M. E. Conference (South) adopted the following resolution, which is being promulgated by Presiding Elder Finney: "That in every pastoral charge, during the month of November next, a sermon be preached on 'Christian Education,' and a collection taken for our Conference School and forwarded at once to R. M. Scruggs, Treasurer, St. Louis."

There is not that harmony in the Presbyterian Union that was looked for and its effectiveness, it is said, is threatened by that. The original idea with its organizers was to make it a sort of Presbyterian social club which would draw in men outside of the church. But now, it is said, it is fallen into the hands of those who are trying to turn it into a sort of monthly prayer meeting.

As first indicated in the POST-DISPATCH Shaare Emeth congregation last night called Rev. David Philipson to their pastorate to succeed Dr. Sonneschein, fixing his salary at $4,000. The vote on his call was unanimous. As already stated he is a very young man, scarcely 25, and is liberal to an extreme. Dr. Philipson is now enjoying his honeymoon, having been married seven weeks ago.

In the matter of the seven collections ordered by the General Conference for aggressive evangelical work Grand Avenue Church, Kansas City, which was fifth in 1883 and ninth in 1884, heads the St. Louis Conference M. E. Churches with an average per member of the 775 members of $6.33. Union Church, St. Louis, with 641 members, is second, with $5.37. Union was first in '85, '84, '83 and '82.

Acting under instructions of the Presbyterian Union, a committee consisting of Gen. Geo. H. Shields, J. R. Lionberger, Dr. Nelson, A. W. Spence, W. S. Garesché, John Patton and J. M. Breckenridge are looking for a suitable location for several projected missions. In line with their search will be the subject discussed at the next monthly meeting of the Union—"The obligation of Presbyterians to meet the Spiritual Destitution of St. Louis."

The Ladies' Society, Daughters of Israel, held their first annual meeting and election of officers Sunday last. The report read by Mrs. showed that the society had done some very charitable work amongst the poor, and that the society itself was growing financially and in membership. The following officers were elected: Mrs. Fred Reichsthaler, First President; Rev. A. Rosentreter, Second President; Mrs. Markus, Vice-President; Mrs. A. Samuels, Treasurer, and Mr. E. Loewe, Secretary.

Since the publication in the POST-DISPATCH the other day about Temple Israel's burying-ground it seems the new congregation have been endeavoring still further to get admitted to Mt. Sinai Cemetery Association. At a meeting of the cemetery directors Moses Fraley is said to have offered $2,500 for the admission of Temple Israel. But the charter stands in the way and it looks as if the new church would have to open a cemetery of their own.

The installation of Rev. Dr. Henry A. Stimson took place at Pilgrim Congregational Church last night in the presence of a large audience. Prof. Geo. N. Boardman, D. D., delivered the sermon, Rev. Dr. F. A. Noble of Chicago, Revs. F. B. Doe, J. G. Merrill, George O. Adams, T. M. Post assisting in the service. The prayer of installation was made by Rev. George C. Adams, the right hand of fellowship was given by Rev. Dr. Merrill, the charge to the pastor and to the people by Dr. Post and Dr. Noble respectively.

Sunday morning, at Pickwick Hall, Dr. Sonneschein of Temple Israel will commence the delivery of a series of Sunday lectures, his theme being: "Our New Institution, Sunday Lectures—their Scope and Aim." This is considered a very important departure in Hebrew circles, principally because, it is stated, Dr. Sonneschein, in an article in the Cincinnati Israelite, in 1874, declaimed strongly against Sunday lectures as a desecration of the Sabbath, and less than four years ago in a sermon at Shaare Emeth he declared before he would desecrate the Sabbath with a Sunday lecture, his arm would have to lose its cunning.

Secretary Kessler's complaint that the Evangelical Alliance in deploring the want of religious influences at the City Hospital overlooked the work of the German Branch, Y. M. C. A., which, since 1879, has been furnishing the hospital with religious literature, calls more attention to the way the Alliance has of overlooking independent evangelization. When they were lamenting the sad condition of the church in the region east of Twelfth, in 1885, they systematically ignored the Gary Gospel Mission at Eleventh and Locust streets, which has now been the first of a series of the most flourishing missions in the city.

The Methodist readers of the Central Christian Advocate have been treated so long to articles in favor of prohibition that no doubt they are surprised this week to read such a defense of beer as is contained in Dr. A. Stevens' letter to the Advocate from Germany. He devotes all the letter to the subject of the Germans' beer drinking and concludes that the brewery is one of the greatest institutions of Germany. Although not advocating it openly, he puts a number of arguments into the mouth of a friend who talks strongly in favor of beer throughout the article and is not especially refuted by Dr. Stevens in any important point. What makes the article so peculiar is, that it is rightrover the page from one of Dr. Fry's red hot editorials on prohibition.

Rev. Dr. John Matthews of Centenary Church, though not so large a man, much resembles in face Col. R. G. Ingersoll. His face is smooth shaven and he has the same roguish twinkle in his eye. His humor is quite abundant, and he chuckles a great deal in telling how the first day he preached at Centenary Church he made the people laugh, and how Dr. Tudor, who was present, prayed for those who laughed. Another amusing thing is to hear him tell of how near he came to locating next door to Uhrig's Cave. "I saw 'cave' written on the wall, and I asked what kind of a cave it was, any way. They told me, 'Oh, you don't want to stay here,' and I concluded I didn't and so I moved. I like music though and lots of it—but of a different kind." By a coincidence he was Dr. Tudor's successor at New Orleans too years ago. Dr. Matthews is surprised at the small salary paid here in proportion to that at New Orleans and Kansas City, and comparing the cities he is at a loss to account for it.

DIAMONDS, Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., COR. FOURTH AND LOCUST.

THE CIVIL COURTS.

JUDGE DILLON TO PRESIDE IN COURT NO. 4 AFTER NEXT WEEK.

The New Judge to Sit in Court No. 2—The Granite-Paving Nuisance—Proceedings in the Probate Court To-Day—Cases on Trial and Matters in Litigation Under the Dome.

The death of Judge Horner necessitates changes in the division of business among the Circuit Judges. On and after Monday, November 8, Judge Dillon will sit in Court No. 4 and take up the business docketed for that division. The Judge to be elected next Tuesday will sit in Court No. 2 and take charge of the cases assigned to that division. On account of the granite paving the noise of the traffic on Chestnut street interferes greatly with the trial of cases in court-room No. 2, and the city authorities will be compelled to take steps to remedy the matter if legal business is to be conducted in that corner of the building any longer. The new Judge will have to face the difficulty at the outset of his judicial career. A layer of tanbark on the north side of the Court-house would somewhat alleviate the nuisance.

Matters in Probate.

The will of Christian Pott was admitted to probate to-day. The property is left to the widow, passing at her death to the children; or in the event of her second marriage, to the children.

The will of Frederick Hutzfeld was admitted to probate to-day. The property passes to the widow and at her death to the children.

Letters of administration were granted today to Catherine M. Petring on the estate of Henry Petring. The estate is valued at $70,000.

Letters of administration were granted today to Frank J. Karleskind on the estate of Elizabeth Hill. The estate is valued at $15,000.

Letters of administration were granted today to John O'Leary, executor of the estate of Michael Fitzpatrick. The estate is valued at $7,200.

Letters of administration were granted today to Frank J. Karleskind on the estate of Eliza J. Smith. The estate is valued at $3,500.

The Probate Court will adjourn to-morrow for the term.

The Writ Refused.

The Court of Appeals to-day refused the writ of prohibition applied for by Davis & Davis, attorneys, who were ruled by Judge Lubke to give up certain papers belonging to their clients, the Supreme Lodge, Knights and Ladies of Honor. The order of the Circuit Judge will now have to be complied with; otherwise a commitment for contempt will follow.

A Justice's Reply.

Justice of the Peace Nacke filed in Court today his return or answer to the order to show cause in the Burmeister case. The Justice had refused to perfect an appeal in a suit of Conrad Klor against Henry Burmeister for $175.12. Judgment was rendered against Burmeister who wanted to appeal. The Justice states that the surety offered on the appeal bond was not satisfactory.

A Legal Cobweb.

Judge Dillon is engaged to-day in wrestling with an old suit in equity, Frances J. Kelsey, Mollie Kelsey, C. C. and Susie Sanders and Orville T. and Nellie Smith against John W. Munson. The controversy relates to property in this city of which the defendant is the fourth successive owner, and the proceeding was entered by the plaintiffs. Kelsey, who alleged fraud and collusion in the conveyance by the deceased of certain property to which they were entitled from the estate of their mother.

Notes in Court.

The jury in the suit of Capt. Wm. C. Trumbour against John Maguire, manager of the George R. Taylor estate, brought in a verdict for the plaintiff for $1,000, and rendered a verdict in his favor on the counter-claim. The litigation arose from the running of Barnum's Hotel after the retirement of Col. Pratt.

Judge Lubke to-day is hearing the arguments of counsel in the matter of the party-wall controversy between the Ely & Walker Dry Goods Company and Frank & Co., Broadway and Washington avenue.

The photographers' partnership squabble, Martin Scherer against Charles Klutter, was disposed of to-day in court, the plaintiff entering a dismissal of the proceeding for appointment of a receiver.

The Hufnagel Shoe Company was incorporated to-day, with a capital stock of $12,000, of which $10,000 was paid up. The shares are held as follows: Wm. H. Hufnagel, 69 shares; Frederick Hufnagel, 43 shares; Harvey J. Tettemer, 8 shares.

Suit on a note for $150 was filed to-day by the New York State Banking Company against Frederick Müller.

At the request of counsel, the Judges of the Court of Appeals will, contrary to custom, sit on election-day, next Tuesday, for the purpose of hearing a special case.

ANOTHER CLEW.

A Profuse Display of New Silver Certificates in a Confectioner's Window.

In the money taken from the express car on the 'Frisco Monday night there was a large package of the new $1 silver certificates. As they were perfectly fresh and crisp it would be impossible for a person to dispose of them without attracting notice. The detectives have been waiting to hear from these bills. Their attention was called to the fact that at least $2,000 of silver certificates are displayed in the show-window of Oakes' confectionery on Broadway, near Olive street. The window is full of them, and all day people stand there two and three deep looking at the handsome show. A card reading the placards, one of which is: "One of these given (at its par value) with every one-dollar box of candy." Another misleading and mystifying placard informs the crowd that "these are genuine imitations of the $1 silver certificates." The suspicious presence of this money in the confectioner's window was commented on freely along Broadway this morning.

Thieves and Their Plunder.

Yesterday afternoon thieves entered the residence of Patrolman Eugene Punshon, No. 2647 Sarah street, by forcing a rear door and stole $10 and $20 worth of jewelry.

John Weber's residence, No. 1813 Goode avenue, was entered by thieves yesterday afternoon and an old silver watch and pair of gold bracelets, all valued at $10, stolen.

About midnight Wednesday burglars broke into the saloon of Jacob Gruen & Bros., northwest corner of Broadway and Elm street, and took $15 from the money drawer.

Gus Oberbeck's saloon in Baden was entered by burglars Wednesday evening and two shotguns, a rifle and 200 cigars taken.

The other day $31 was stolen from the the drawer of a bureau in the front room of the residence of Dominic Froman, No. 1717 North Twenty-third street.

A VISIT to the art-rooms of the Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., corner of 4th and Locust, is like visiting Fairyland, so lovely and beautiful are the goods that are displayed. Everyone goes there to buy wedding presents.

Killed by the Fall.

About 5 o'clock last evening Frank Reitenberger, employed at Lemp's brewery, accidentally fell down the hatchway of the elevator of the brewery, a distance of forty feet, and received injuries which caused his death two hours later at the Alexian Brothers' Hospital, to which he had been removed. Reitenberger was a German, 39 years of age, and formerly stopped at Fink's boarding-house, No. 3434 South Broadway. The Coroner was to-day notified and will hold an inquest.

DIAMONDS, Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., COR. FOURTH AND LOCUST.

Before Judge Noonan.

James Sweeney, James Burns and Patrick McCormick had a preliminary examination before Judge Noonan in the Court of Criminal Correction this morning on a charge of stealing $65 worth of tobacco from the Dausman Tobacco Company and were held for the Grand-jury in the sum of $1,000 each to answer to a charge of grand larceny.

Patric Casey was tried on a charge of assaulting Neil Francis Gallagher and was discharged.

The case of George McGee, charged with cruelty to animals, was dismissed for want of prosecution.

John Craemer, charged with assault and battery, failed to put in an appearance when his case was called and his bond, in the sum of $300 with T. C. Martin as security, was declared forfeited.

1,000 SILK UMBRELLAS AT $5.

The Handsomest and Finest Ever Offered for the Price,

furnished in either gold or solid silver heads; do not buy an umbrella till you have seen these at Mermod & Jaccard Jewelry Co., corner of Fourth and Locust.

MISSOURI RIVER COMPACT.

A Cracker Association Now in Session at the Southern Hotel.

There was a meeting of the Missouri River Compact, an association of cracker manufacturers, at the Southern this morning. The organization takes six-months leases on life and was reorganized on September 15, the date of last meeting, for the ensuing half year. H. F. Vorhies of the Higgins Cracker Company, Kansas City, presided, and J. L. Loose of the Corle Cracker & Confectionery Company occupied his position as Secretary and Treasurer. There were present L. D. Dozier, Messrs. Manewal and Lange of the St. Louis Company; Mr. Gehring of the Wichita (Kan.) Cracker Co.; Mr. Richardson of Somer, Richardson & Co., St. Joseph; N. J. Riley of Riley Brothers, St. Joseph; Jos. Garneau, Jr. of Joseph Garneau Cracker Company, Omaha, Neb.; Alfred Welsh, Atchison, Kan.; A. H. McClurg of the McClurg Cracker Company, Council Bluffs, Io.; Jas. W. Smithers of Burlington, Io.; Mr. Rupke of the Rupke-Schmidt Cracker Company, Davenport; J. M. Christy, Des Moines; M. F. Farley of the J. F. Farley Manufacturing Company, Dubuque, and E. W. Albee, Dubuque. The meeting was called for a discussion of matters of interest to the members of the compact, and to endeavor to adopt some plan for placing more restrictions upon traveling men. It has been claimed that some drummers have adopted a system of gifts to customers that effects as a rebate, and in spirit if not in letter the price is cut. As the maintenance of rates in the spirit of the compact is essential to its permanence, members object to these perquisites to customers and insist that traveling men shall not secure trade in that manner. Exactly how the drummers are to be restricted in this way is not given out. The newly organized Jos. Garneau Cracker Company of St. Louis was admitted to the membership, and was represented by James Garneau, who will have charge of that company's business here. It will be remembered that five years ago last month Joseph Garneau sold his business in this city to the Dozier-Weyl Cracker Company, and entered into an agreement with the purchaser not to do business in this city for five years. He went to Omaha and there started the business, which is still carried on under his name, and on the expiration of the time limit of the contract with Dozier-Weyl returned to St. Louis and began preparation for business. The Arkansas City (Kan.) Cracker Company was admitted to membership in the association.

In the Criminal Court.

James Hayes was tried in the Criminal Court the other day on a charge of assault to kill and the jury returned a verdict finding him guilty of assault without intent to kill and fixing his punishment at six months in jail and to pay a fine of $200. As this is a greater punishment than the law allows for such an offense, Judge Van Wagoner this morning commuted the sentence to a fine of $100 and costs.

George Meyers, convicted of assault to kill, was sentenced to three years in the penitentiary in accordance with the verdict in the case.

The motion to commute the sentences of Herman Becker and Albert Mobers was overruled.

At Rest.

Forever at rest is the question, "Can Catarrh be cured?" "Carbolic Smoke Ball" has settled that point definitely in the affirmative. Free test southeast corner Broadway and Olive. East St. Louis parlors over Post-office.

They Dropped the Clothing.

Jacob Stuvers' residence, No. 201 Chambers street, was entered by thieves shortly after 1 o'clock yesterday afternoon, who stole an overcoat, a dress coat, a vest and a pair of pants. Officer Schmittker was notified of the robbery and seeing two men who were acting suspiciously and had in their possession some loose clothing he started toward them. They took on his approach, however, and he gave pursuit, chasing them several blocks and firing four shots at them. None of the shots took effect and the thieves escaped. They dropped the clothing, however, and it was identified by Mr. Stuevers. The officer says he can identify the men if some one will arrest them.

Hello, Hello, Another Drive in Men's Underwear.

T. B. Boyd & Co. are closing out several broken lines of Norfolk and New Brunswick underwear at 20 per cent discount. These are choice goods.

New Warrants.

Ruben Beal is charged, in a warrant, with stealing a pair of shoes valued at $2 from Max Glassman of 1733 Franklin avenue.

John Burley is accused of breaking into the residence of Chas. Hollkamp, No. 2607 North Nineteenth street, and stealing $20 worth of clothing and a revolver.

A warrant for robbery in the first degree was issued this morning against Michael Churchill, who was arrested last night on a charge of holding up Patrick Ford and robbing him of $3.

The Week's Failures.

NEW YORK, October 29.—The business failures throughout the country during the week as reported by R. G. Dun & Co. number for the United States, 196, and for Canada, 19. Total, 215.

A Natural Womanly Instinct.

From the Washington Post.

One of the strongest of feminine instincts is to spank. The little girl of 6 spanks her doll even while the sympathetic tears roll down her cheeks. She keeps up the practice when grown to young ladyhood upon her little brothers and sisters, if she be fortunate enough to have any; and from then on her children and grandchildren—or somebody else's children and grandchildren—receive the benefits, in a matured form, of an art learned in infancy, until she goes hence to a better land, and even then, perhaps, a wide field for the exercise of her powers is before her among the little angels in Heaven.

One day last week a young man sauntering about the National Museum saw two very pretty girls examining a large terracotta vase which stood in one corner of the room devoted to exhibits of that ware. In the bowl of the vase several unclothed urchins were represented as playing, while one little cherub, with a chubby and dimpled form, was leaning over the edge, evidently attempting to reach his companions, and innocently offering an awful temptation to spanking femininity. The young ladies stood before the ornament for some time in apparent admiration of the excellent workmanship, when suddenly a thought seemed to strike one of them. She looked cautiously around to see if she was observed, and, seeing no one, for the writer was hid behind a pillar, and no one else was in sight, she smiled happily, took the glove from off her right hand, raised that member and administered to the little clay image a most thorough spanking. If it was a fair sample of her skill in that direction her future children are entitled to heartfelt pity.

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Horsford's Acid Phosphate

INVALUABLE.

DR. B. A. CABLE, Dunphin, Pa., says: "I find it invaluable in all cases for which it is recommended, and I cheerfully attest my appreciation of its excellence."

POPE LEO AT HOME.

Daily Occupations of His Holiness—Life in the Vatican.

From the Philadelphia Times.

The news which reached us the other day that Pope Leo XIII. was dangerously ill caused lively excitement in certain circles. However, it turned out to be only another of the many "canards" which the Paris press is so fond of turning loose on the world when there is no real news, and it was promptly contradicted by Mgr. de Rende, the Papal Nuncio. It would be a great pity if his Holiness should sicken and die, for he is undoubtedly a man of great intelligence and energy, and I look on him as much less bigoted than any of the Popes whom we have ever had. Moreover, I have had the honor of being presented to him, and as he has treated me most charmingly I am bound to think of him in the fairest possible manner. He occupies the second floor of that portion of the Vatican which lies to the north of the San Damaso court, immediately facing the loges de Raphael, with which all who have visited Rome are familiar. His apartment consists of five rooms—a small waiting-room, a study, a bed-room, a library and an oratory. Before reaching the apartment I had to pass through two rooms, in the first of which were the Swiss Guards and in the second the private assistant chamberlains. All these rooms are very plainly furnished, there having been no change made in them during the past forty or fifty years.

Leo XIII. is a tall, slender man. His features are strongly marked and very mobile, so much so that none of his portraits, or even any photograph, gives a perfectly exact idea of his physiognomy. What at once strikes all who see him is that he is a man of intelligence and energy. His glance is clear and penetrating, his forehead high and broad, his mouth has a somewhat severe expression when he is not speaking, but it begins to smile the moment his lips part, and it is a smile which gives an expression of goodness and kindness to his face. At first glance you are apt to think that he is physically a feeble man, but you change your opinion when you have seen him walk or have heard him speak. He has not suffered materially from his self-imposed confinement in the apartments and grounds of the Vatican nor from the incessant work entailed on him by his position. His daily routine of life is exceedingly simple. He gets up at 6 in the morning and, after his private devotions, says mass personally in the little chapel next to the throne-room. This is followed by another mass, celebrated by one of the chaplains, and for which he always remains. On Sundays he says mass in one of the larger halls, though only such can, to which thirty or so persons are admitted and to whom he gives the holy communion. After the second mass, at about 9 o'clock, the Pope takes a light breakfast, which he dispatches very rapidly, and then begins his day's work by receiving Cardinal Secretary of State, the Cardinal Prefects of the congregations, the Secretary for Latin Correspondence and the Secretary for Briefs to Princes. After these official audiences, persons who have secured private audiences are received, and in this way the day is filled up until half-past 2 o'clock, when he dines. His table is very plain one, and in accordance with etiquette he eats entirely alone. Although his brother, Cardinal Pecci, is frequently present during his meal, he never shares the repast of his Holiness. The only exception known to have been made to this rule by any Pope was when Pius IX. seated himself at table with the Bishops of the Church, who had assembled in Rome from all parts of the world for the purpose of holding the celebrated Council of the Vatican. After dinner Leo XIII. rests for a quarter of an hour, reads his breviary and then goes to his desk, where he writes until 5 o'clock. At that hour he receives such bishops as desire private interviews, and also the Secretaries of the congregations, who report as to what is being done in their several departments. These audiences at an end, the Pope resumes his writing or the reading of dispatches until 10:30 o'clock, at which hour he takes supper. At 11 o'clock, at the earliest, he retires to his bedroom.

In this way Leo XIII. manages to get through a prodigious amount of work. Every affair of any real importance is examined by him personally, especially those connected with the intercourse and relations of the Holy See with the various governments of the world. He prepares the drafts of nearly all the dispatches to Nuncios and a great many letters, and those prepared by the Secretary of State and the heads of the congregations are usually examined and often modified by him before they are sent out. He is subject to attacks of insomnia, and in such cases not infrequently gets up and goes to his writing-table, where he sometimes passes the rest of the night at work over a pile of letters or dispatches, sometimes falling asleep over them. The only exercise he takes is to walk rapidly up and down one of the halls of his palace for a quarter of an hour a day, and when the weather is fine he takes a carriage ride in the gardens of the Vatican. On such occasions he is carried in a Sedan chair through the loggia di Raphael and down the grand stairs, at the foot of which the carriage is waiting. In these rides he is accompanied by one of his chamberlains and attended by a few of the Noble Guard, who, mounted on horseback, follow the carriage at a distance. While riding he reads his breviary or examines dispatches. If he gets out of the carriage it is only for a short time in order to indulge in an amusement of which he is very fond, that of snaring birds with a net—a sedentary sort of sport, full of learned complications and said to call for no little skill, which has many fervent votaries in Italy. He does not give much of his time to this amusement, and when he returns to the palace is carried up to his apartment in the same way that he left it. This use of a sedan chair is not caused by any physical inability to go up and down stairs; it is a part of the etiquette and ceremony connected with his position to which the Pope is expected to submit.

Reading in Total Darkness.

From the St. James Gazette.

Though M. Chevreul, the French chemist, will complete his 100th year on the last day of this month, he had an experience a day or two ago of which it is safe to say he would search his souvenirs in vain for a parallel. He received a visit in his laboratory from the members of the Chinese mission in Paris, and the conversation naturally turning on the subjects of light and color, which M. Chevreul had spent his life in investigating, one of the party astonished him by declaring that he could see perfectly without light, and he actually read some pages of a book in the dark. M. Chevreul doubtless knows that a predecessor of his own, Jerome Cardan, a famous savant of the sixteenth century, was credited with the same power. And the younger Scaliger assures us that when he awoke from his brief slumbers he was able to read in the dark without lighting his lamp. The younger Scaliger was rather given to boasting, and this statement of his has usually been classed with that of his eminent contemporary and philological rival, the learned Buchmann, who claimed to have discovered a key to the language of the angelic choir, but the feat of the living Chinese goes some way to establish the genuineness of this particular pretension of the dead Grecian.

PARISIAN CLOAK CO.

N. E. Corner Broadway and Washington Ave.

As might be supposed something Extraordinary will be offered.

It is an undoubted fact we sell **CLOAKS** for less money than any house in St. Louis.

168

Astrachan Walking Jackets, $1.50

136

Elegant Short Wraps, In 50 Different Styles..... **$15.00**

431

Handsome Plush Cloaks

Trimmed with Four Stylish Seal Ornaments, Chamois Pockets, With Extra Patent Side Pocket. Also, Patent Storm Collar. Sold by all Dry Goods Stores as a Great Bargain at $35.

50 Shetland Seal Plush WRAPS.

Short Backs, Long Fronts, the Most Stylish and Effective Wrap worn this season, lined with rich quality Satin, selling

Thursday Morning at $17.75

Real worth, $32.50.

Be on Time! The rush will be great!

Our Price, : : $25.00

THEY ALL SAY

That Our **4** LINES OF GENTS' SHOES are "Dandies," and what the Masses say must be so. We have them in All Styles of Lasts, Toes and Widths. Prices $2.50, $3.00, $4.00 and $5.00.

If you want Good Value for your money, come to see us at the

SHOE BAZAAR OF

Carter & Parrish,

Northwest Corner Seventh and Olive Streets.

DANGEBOUS PHOTOGRAPHY.

A Warning to Young Ladies Who Forget That Pictures Are Enduring.

From the Boston Courier.

It has become high time that a protest were entered in regard to the abuse of confidence in amateur photography. Society girls allow themselves to be taken in attitudes which are far more careless and familiar than they would think of assuming before the camera of the professional photograper, and they seem entirely to forget that the picture is quite as enduring when taken by the one as by the other. It seems much like a jest to most people to sit down to be photographed by their friends that they commit a hundred follies which are harmless enough, but of which such a record as the photograph, makes it at least a pretty severe trial to good taste. There are floating about in the hands of all society young men, pictures in which young ladies of the most careless propriety are represented in a way which would give to strangers the impression that they were decidedly fast. Once a negative is secured, the amateur photographer, if a man, is usually open to the persuasions of his friends for copies of any of the work that pleases them, while young lady artists are, it is said, a great deal worse in the freedom with which they sc

ICE Perfectly Pure. **CREAM**
BOWMAN & CO., 818 and 820 Morgan St. Telephone No. 2,122.

CITY NEWS.

The "Hero" Shirt at D. Crawford & Co.'s for the money, fifty cents each, beats all creation; just opened up 500 dozen of this brand. See it. There won't be a shirt of them left by Saturday night.

Dr. E. C. Chase, 117 Olive street. Set of teeth, $3.

PRIVATE matters skillfully treated, and machines furnished. Dr. Dinsbeer, 814 Pine street.

DR. WHITTIER, 617 St. Charles, cures diseases of indiscretion, indulgences. Call or write.

ST. LOUIS MADE CLOTHING.

If you want to see what the tailors of St. Louis can make go through our clothing department. You will see the best fitting and best made garments ever offered for sale.

MILLS & AVERILL,
S. E. Cor. Broadway and Pine.

BREAKING IN A NEW MEMBER.

The "Warm" Reception Given Ed Norton by the New York Stock Exchange.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, October 29.—Norman B. Ream, the big Chicago operator; Alfred Sidman, for eighteen years with the old firm of Daler & Timpson, and now junior partner of Timpson & Co., their successors, and Edward L. Norton, of Henry Allen & Co., were admitted to the membership in the Stock Exchange yesterday. When "Ed" Norton came on the floor, about 2:30 o'clock in the afternoon, he found the brokers in a rare humor for amusement. Everybody who knew him well, and the few who had to find out who he was, hastened to him with the grip of an athlete, and having shaken and crunched his hand till his arms hung limp, and all this with an air of welcome for a long lost Robinson Crusoe, they proceeded in the language of the street to "hustle" him. After a short space of this style of greeting "Ed" didn't know whether a stampede of cattle or a cyclone had toyed with him. He was totally unprepared for a "scrimmage," and words left him when he saw his new derby used as the projectile in a game of football. He did not have a chance to see much more. Everywhere a gauntlet opened for him to run. His chair was pulled, he was bunted from side to side, and his trim clothes were changed to a plight fit for Baxter street. Norton lost his breath, but still the "hustling" went on, and no appeal against a playful, if rough, indignity was of any avail. He was raced across the floor, flung from one man to another, and again used as a broom. These things kept on until he cried for mercy and offered to reinstate all his persecutors with the best in the vicinity, an offer which was unanimously accepted.

WEDDING PRESENTS.

Beautiful Styles at Very Low Prices.

New European importations and choice selections from leading Eastern manufacturers.

SOLID SILVER pieces in plush cases $3.50 to $50.

SILVER-PLATED ware at very low prices.

ROYAL WORCESTER vases, $8 to $25.

CHOICE BOHEMIAN glass vases, $2.50 to $15.

AFTER-DINNER coffees, new styles, in handsome plush cases, $15 to $50.

FRENCH MARBLE CLOCKS, finest line in the city, $12 to $75.

BRASS TABLES, fifteen styles, $10 to $75.

BRASS SCONCES, brass mirrors, brass inkstands, brass candlesticks, at very low prices.

BISQUE FIGURES, fine assortment.

REAL and IMITATION BRONZES, extensive collection of choice pieces.

E. JACCARD JEWELRY CO., 307 N. Fourth st., Near Olive; formerly at Fifth and Olive.

Send for our grand illustrated catalogue; also for samples of our elegant wedding invitations and visiting cards.

MORMON IMMIGRANTS.

Acting Secretary Fairchild to President Garrett of the B. & O.

PHILADELPHIA, Pa., October 29.—President Garrett of the Board of Charities received a communication yesterday from Acting Secretary of the Treasury Fairchild, relating to the landing of Mormons in this port. The Acting Secretary encloses copies of some correspondence, in part of which, on October 8, our Vice Consul at Liverpool informs the Department that "for more than twenty years all Mormons emigrating to the United States from England and from the Continent of Europe have sailed from this port via steamer for New York. Suddenly this system, so long continued, has been changed, and Philadelphia is now to become the port of debarkation."

In another part of this correspondence is enclosed a copy of a letter, dated August 12, 1886, from the Treasury Department to the President of the Board of Emigration at New York, saying that "with reference to the point argued that our immigration laws should be invoked for the purpose of excluding Mormons from our shores, it is sufficient to say that there is no warrant of law for any such course of procedure."

If the stomach performs its functions actively and regularly, the food of which it is the receptacle is transformed into blood of a nourishing quality, which furnishes vigor and warmth to the whole body, the best remedy to give tone to the stomach is Dr. J. H. McLean's Strengthening Cordial and Blood Purifier.

LOCAL NEWS.

The Iron Moulders' Union No. 59 will give a ball to-morrow evening at Druids' Hall.

The alarm about 11 o'clock last night was for a fire in a shed at the rear of 1504 Clark avenue. Damage about $25.

A man named Michael Churchill was arrested last night on a charge of robbing Patrick Ford of 212 Plum street of $5 several evenings ago.

A testimonial benefit was given at Uhrig's Cave last night to Prof. John De Bilaco by his many friends. The event was a great success in all respects.

FRANK BREIDENBERG, aged 27 years, employed at Lemp's brewery, fell through a hatchway about 5 o'clock yesterday afternoon and was fatally injured.

John Shank, a fireman and watchman at Peper's tobacco factory, while passing along Second street between Convent and Chouteau avenue last evening was struck by engine No. 447, and badly injured.

Belle Brodie of 1015 North Sixth street, and Steve Shepard, both colored, were in the saloon at 613 Wash street last night, when they became involved in a quarrel, and Shepard stabbed Belle in the left side. The wounds are not dangerous.

Mrs. Annie Steber of 109 North Thirteenth street requested the police last night to assist her in recovering her child who had been kidnapped by her brother, Richard Steber of 2420 Menard street. An officer accompanied her to her brother's house and the child was recovered by the mother.

The Trades' Assembly met last evening. The Trades and Labor Convention to be held here in December was talked of and it was decided to elect delegates at next meeting. Messrs. Stanton and Grune, who were delegates to the Richmond convention, gave an account of the proceedings.

Receiver's Sale of Engravings, Etc.

Great bargains in engravings, etchings, etc., at Redheffer & Koch's, 1009 Olive street.

Allen Thorndyke Rice for Congress.

NEW YORK, October 29.—The Irving Hall Convention last night nominated Allen Thorndyke Rice for Congress in the Tenth Congressional District.

FUN IN THE RAIN.

HOW THE PRESIDENTIAL PARTY WERE AMUSED AT THE STATUE DEDICATION.

Senator Evarts Rings in a Chestnut About the "Boodle" Aldermen—Secretary Lamar's Gallantry—Two Ladies Cause a Sensation—Comments on the Action of the French Government—Indignant Female Suffragists Adopt Resolutions—English Jealousy.

NEW YORK, October 29.—The position of the Presidential party on the reviewing stand at Madison Square amid the drizzling rain yesterday was made comfortable, except for the President, whose undivided attention was given to the review, by the jokes that were flung about. Some were occasioned by incidents of the parade. When the Board of Aldermen passed by Senator Evarts caused a laugh by remarking in a grim sort of way that some of the gentlemen belonging to his party were unavoidably detained, but were in positions to send in writing their heartfelt regrets that they were unable to attend. The allusion to the exiled aldermen and ex-aldermen was promptly recognized, and even the President, who overheard the remark, let a smile lurk around the corners of his mouth. Secretary Whitney took great interest and pride in the 1,200 armor-navvies, who were placed early in the parade. When the boys of the training school reached the stand, the Secretary started a round of applause for them by clapping his hands vigorously. He says that he likes the looks of the manly young fellows. As the last of the shore battery dragged by Secretary Whitney said: "Every fellow likes his own best, I have seen the part of the parade that interests me, and further proceedings are tame."

GALLANT LAMAR.

Secretary Lamar is already known as the most gallant man of the Cabinet. He demonstrated his gallantry again yesterday by an occurrence at the reviewing stand. The President had been presented with a basket of beautiful flowers. Secretary Lamar had espied not far away a young lady of his acquaintance.

"If those flowers were mine," he said to Col. Lamont, "I would present one to my friend, the young lady yonder."

"Take one to her," was the reply of the Colonel.

"I will if you will steal it for me," was the Secretary's response, and the words were scarcely out of his mouth before the Private Secretary had reached down and plucked from the basket one of the most delicate of pink roses, which shortly afterward was in the possession of the young lady referred to. His fellow Cabinet members smiled as they noted Secretary Lamar's gallantry, and nodded to each other as if they enjoyed it hugely when he brought the young lady to be presented to the President before he left the stand.

There were no ladies with the Presidential party, but two who had tickets to the stand in the mixing process drifted along until they found themselves in the small box-like space reserved for the President. They became placed immediately behind him and in front of the Cabinet officers and others of the party. There was immediately a craning of necks among the ladies on the stand on the east side of Fifth avenue and even on the main stand, as it became whispered around that Mrs. Cleveland had arrived and was reviewing the parade with the President. One of the ladies was gray-haired, while the other was middle-aged. The situation soon became known to the members of the Cabinet, who thought they had a good joke on the President. One of them said: "He would have done better if he had brought Mrs. Cleveland with him."

Secretary Bayard, commenting on the music, remarked as the band played the Marseillaise while marching by the stand: "That tune strikes me with an inexpressible sadness. It is not martial music. It smacks of the revolution and bloodshed."

COMMENTS

I heard some comment on the main stand about the absence of the Charge d'Affaires of France, who is temporarily the head of the French legation at Washington during the absence of M. Roustan. It was said that one of the reasons for not appointing a Minister Plenipotentiary in place of M. Roustan, who is not expected back, was to avoid committing the French Government, through its Minister, to anything that might be said or done on the occasion of the unveiling of the statue of Liberty. Coincident with this noticeable absence was the action of the French ship of war, Minerve, which has been in this harbor. Three days ago the Minerve sailed out to sea ostensibly for naval practice, and nothing has been heard of her since. The failure of the ship to be present to take part in the exercises of the day may be fairly taken as an indication of some hitch in the relations between the French Government and the gentlemen who were here with M. Bartholdi and Count de Lesseps. I have heard two reasons assigned. One had reference to the Panama Canal. It was said that the statue of Liberty exercises were being used to forward the schemes of De Lesseps, and that the French Government is unwilling, through its officials here, to countenance that project over which there is so much dissension at home. The other reason has reference to the political situation in France. My informant said that the delegation to this country is largely impregnated with "Gambettaism," whatever that may be, and that there is some friction on that account.

"Sour Grapes."

Special Cablegram to the Post-Dispatch.

LONDON, October 29.—The second article in the Times of this morning is devoted to the dedication ceremonies of the statue of Liberty. It designates the whole affair as being a curious festival, and asks why liberty should be exported from France, which has so little there of it, to America which has so much. The article is written throughout in an altogether spiteful and contemptible vein, which shows but too clearly the prevailing jealousy of the United States in this country, as well as the old hatred of France. M. Bartholdi is designated as an Alsatian sculptor, who is a convinced republican with a propensity for doing things that shall insure him against obscurity and oblivion. Of the statue itself it says: "A height of 150 feet is, to say the least, respectable. It beats the Rameses of Egypt. It beats the Colossus of Rhodes. Above all, to the great satisfaction of the French sculptor and of his committee, it very decidedly beats the Arminius of the Teutoburger-Wald, the person of which is the genius of Germany. Set down in Trafalgar square, the lady with her uplifted torch would reach, excluding her pedestal, pretty nearly to the top of the Nelson column. In one sense this is a great work of art, though perhaps not in the best sense; for great artistic do not indulge in tours de force. It is quite enough, anyhow, to have taken old De Lesseps across the Atlantic, and to have led him to fall on M. Spuller's neck at the reception on Tuesday night, and there to embrace him in an ecstacy of fraternal and republican enthusiasm."

Indignant Female Suffragists.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, October 29.—The members of the New York State Woman Suffrage Association were the only people who looked with disfavor upon the grand pageant yesterday in celebration of Liberty's unveiling. They had been denied a part in the ceremonies on Bedloe's Island, and when they applied for a position in the naval parade, had been advised to go on the same boat with the Cercle Français de L'Harmonie. To emphasize their disgust at this treatment by the male managers of the pageant, the women hired a boat for themselves, and, without asking anybody's leave, took up one of the most favorable positions for viewing the ceremonies on the island. They chartered the steamer John Lenox and it started from West Twenty-first street Pier at 1 o'clock with 200 members of the association and their friends. There were twenty-five men on board besides the crew. Among the company were Mrs. Lillie Devereaux Blake, Mrs. Caroline Gilkey Rogers, Mrs. Mary Seymour Howell, Mrs. Marguerite Moore, Mathilde Joslyn Gage, Harriet R. Shattuck, Miss Ray Hall, Mrs. Margaret A. Parker and Mrs. Belle Thompson. Immediately after the veil had been drawn from before Liberty's face Mrs. Blake called an indignation meeting on the lower deck. After denouncing the ceremonies just witnessed as a farce, she offered resolutions declaring "That in erecting a statue of liberty, embodied as a woman in a land where no woman has political liberty, men have shown a delightful inconsistency which excites the wonder and admiration of the opposite sex," and other sentiments of a like sort. The resolutions were unanimously carried, and were followed by speeches from Mrs. Moore, Mrs. Rogers and Mrs. Howell in a similar strain. Mrs. Shattuck read a poem, and Miss Ray Hall of Brooklyn sang an anthem prepared specially for the occasion.

The World's Big Sales.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, October 29.—The WORLD was in great demand yesterday, and although an unusually large edition was printed, thousands of people who were desirous of procuring copies were unable to do so after an early hour in the morning. At 5 a. m. there was not a paper for sale at the publication office, and less than two hours afterward nearly every newsdealer within a radius of fully two miles had disposed of his stock of WORLDS, and was at the office asking for more. Besides the newsdealers, thousands of other people wanted the paper, and the result was that a continual stream of humanity poured into the publication office in search of copies until a few minutes past 8 o'clock, when an order was given to start the presses again. Several thousand copies of the WORLD were printed to supply the demands which were so great, that in less than an hour and a half every extra paper was gone. The rush continued, however, as great as ever and in consequence the presses had to be again set in motion. Many thousand more copies were printed, and were handed out to eager purchasers before the ink had even a chance to dry. Before noon-time the last paper was sold, but people still continued to come for copies until the head of the procession was in sight of the WORLD'S mammoth arch.

A USEFUL WORK.

The Transatlantic Guide Issued by the Hamburg Packet Company.

Among the most useful and convenient works in this day of constant travel of Americans to Europe is a series of guides now being issued by the Hamburg-American Packet Company for the use of their passengers. The first volume of the series has just been issued, and if it is any index of the rest the series will be of great value to all transatlantic travelers. It is printed in English, German and French, and is full of useful information concerning Europe. It combines all the features of other guides, and is given away free of cost. There are maps of the principal cities, a list of the best hotels, banking-houses and manufactories. There are also the names of the theaters and pleasure resorts, and the most important points of interest.

In addition to this valuable information, the forms of government of every country, the consulates, postal telegraph and custom-house services, leading newspapers, usages and customs are described.

The work is called the Transatlantic Travelers' Guide, and will be issued monthly, with corrections and general reviews written by popular and able writers.

THE STEWART MILLIONS.

An Irish Claimant to the Great Estate Puts in an Appearance.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

NEW YORK, October 29.—A next-of-kin claimant to the estate of A. T. Stewart has been in this country for some weeks, and was present yesterday at Mrs. Stewart's funeral. His name is Nicholas Hastings Torney. He is a commission agent in the wine and tea trade in Middle Abbey street, Dublin. He was seen yesterday by the POST-DISPATCH correspondent and related the following story and the grounds upon which he seeks to claim a large portion of the big fortune which Mrs. Stewart has left:

"John Torney," he began, "was A. T. Stewart's grandfather and a brother of George Torney, Nicholas H. Torney's father. I am Nicholas H. Torney. A. T. Stewart's father eloped with Margaret Torney, who was the only child of John Torney, a brother of George Torney. Before A. T. Stewart was born his father died, thereupon John Torney took back his daughter, A. T. Stewart's mother, to his home at Lisne, Lisburn, County Antrim. There Mr. Stewart was born. The boy grew up under the tutelage of my uncle, Nathan Torney, who educated him for the church. My uncle, unfortunately, died when young Stewart was only 18 years old, but he left him a legacy of £2,300, which he could claim when he was of age. At this time young Stewart left Ireland and came to this country and this city, where he spent three years as a clerk. He then of 21 years of age, and returned to Ireland to claim the £2,300 which was passed over to him by Abraham Lamb and Nathaniel Dickey, John Torney's executors. Richardson & Amden, the well-known linen manufacturers of Lisburn, Ireland, induced young A. T. Stewart to invest his money in Ulster linens. Stewart did this, re-embarked for New York and opened a place in Broadway, nearly opposite the present big building at Chambers street. A. T. Stewart married, and in the year 1867 he, with his wife, stayed for some time on a visit at Shorehouse, County Down, where my father and mother lived. At that time Mr. Stewart assured us that he would

LEAVE US SOMETHING SUBSTANTIAL.

The niece of Abraham Lamb, one of the executors of my uncle, John Torney, was married to E. J. Denning, and it was on this account that Mr. Denning was taken into the Stewart firm and occupied his present position. My brother Henry came to this country three years ago. Besides him and me there are two other brothers, Thomas and John Torney, and a sister, Elizabeth Carlisle, widow of the late President of the Queen's College, Belfast. A. T. Stewart's mother is a full cousin of ours. At the time when my brother Henry arrived, an offer was made to him, through Mrs. Stewart, of $100,000 to him and each of us and my sister in consideration of what we would be entitled to when she should die. My brother Henry refused this, although all the other claimants, seven in number—three Stewarts and four Begleys (Stewart's father's sister was a Mrs. Begley)—accepted a similar arrangement for themselves. I had an interview with Mrs. Stewart two days before she started for Saratoga last June. She spoke in a kindly way of our claims, and said she would entertain them upon her return.

"In case you are ignored in the will, what course do you intend to pursue?"

"Unless she has left a substantial sum we shall most decidedly oppose the probate of the will and contest it. We are now the legal heirs at law of the entire property."

Mr. Torney is a good-looking man, well educated, stylishly attired and not more than 37 years of age. A close friend of the Stewart family, who speaks with authority, said last evening of Mr. Torney and his pretensions: "The family knows nothing of Mr. Torney or his claims and is not aware that he is a relative. Still he may be such. However, as he claims only to be of kin to Mr. Stewart and not of Mrs. Stewart, he can not appear as a contestant of her will. The only will he could contest in the Stewart family, granting that he is a relative of A. T. Stewart, would be Mr. Stewart's will, and that is rather late in the day. It is rather peculiar that these claimants have not appeared or do not appear on hand during the life of the testator or testatrix, but wait until after their death before putting forth their pretentious claims. No trouble is expected from Mr. Torney."

DECOY ducks, duck, goose and turkey calls, loaded shells and rubber boots are among the seasonable goods offered at especially low prices by C. & W. McClean, 410-412 North Broadway. The "Sternberg" duck call is among the latest novelties in this line.

"NOT MUCH."

Hon. Daniel N. Lockwood Does Not Believe in Civil Service Reform.

By Telegraph to the POST-DISPATCH.

BUFFALO, N. Y., October 29.—The Hon. Daniel N. Lockwood yesterday afternoon took the oath of office as United States District Attorney before Commissioner Hirshbeck. He kissed the Bible with a hearty smack, and said that he should move as much of the office as was necessary from Troy to Buffalo next week. "I have about thirty applications for the two offices which I expect to fill," said Mr. Lockwood, "and I shall appoint them as soon as possible."

"Will you have them pass the civil-service examination?"

"Not much. There is going to be no civil-service nonsense attached to my office."

Mr. Lockwood will make his first official appearance at the term of court on November 16.

OVERCOATS

FOR

MEN

AND

YOUTHS.

10,000

On our counters, in Cheviots, Kerseys, Fur and Plain Beavers, Cassimeres, Chinchillas, Corkscrews, Diagonals, etc., embracing all the

Latest - Styles

The Marquis of Lorne,
The Prince Charles,
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The Dress,
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The Business,
The Ridi ng Coat,
Ulsterettes,
The Arctic Ulster,
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In fact, every style that is manufactured in the American market, ranging in price

$ 5.00,	$ 7.50,
10.00,	12.50,
15.00,	16.50,
18.50,	20.00,
22.50,	25.00,
27.50,	30.00,
35.00,	40.00,
	$45.00,

AT LEAST

33 Per Cent

CHEAPER

Than any house in St. Louis or the United States.

Young Gents' Overcoats	$4.00 to $22.50
Boys' Overcoats	3.00 to 15.00
Children's Overcoats	2.50 to 12.50
See our Men's All-wool Suits at	$7.50, $10, $12.50 and $15
See our Young Gents' Suits at	$5, $7.50 and $10
See our Boys' All-wool (14 to 18) Suits at	$5
See our Boys' All-wool (4 to 13) Suits at	$3.50
See our Big Drive in Men's Cassimere Suits at	$5
See our Big Drive in Men's Calf Shoes at	$3
See our Big Drive in Men's All-wool Scarlet Underwear at	$1
See our Big Drive in Men's Stiff Hats at	$1.65
See our Leader in Boys' School Shoes at	$1.75
See our Great Bargain in Misses' Shoes at	$1.50
See our Boys' Polo Caps at	15c, 25c and 50c
See our Great Slaughter of Linen Collars at	10c
See our Boys' School Hats at	50c and 75c
See our Men's Fur Beaver Overcoats at	$5

We are loaded down with Bargains and Fine Staple Outfittings for COLD WEATHER and we UNDERSELL ANY HOUSE IN THE WORLD.

FAMOUS

Broadway and Morgan.

Largest Retailers in the World of Clothing, Shoes, Hats, Furnishing Goods, Cloaks, Rubber Goods and Garments, Millinery and Chinaware.

TELEGRAPHIC BREVITIES.

Nashville had a $15,000 fire yesterday.

Lord Lonsdale suddenly sailed from New York yesterday for England.

The King of Mozambique has revolted against the Portuguese rule.

Lord Lytton is to succeed Lord Lyons as British Embassador at Paris.

To prevent any more conspiracies, 1,400 sergeants were dismissed from the Spanish army.

The Catholic prelates' meeting at Baltimore, Md., decided not to interfere with the Knights of Labor.

Wm. Betz, foreman of Caffrode and Taylor's iron-works, Pottstown, Pa., was killed yesterday by a piece of falling iron.

J. L. Barkley, Treasurer of Laurel Township, Clermont County, O., was slugged and robbed of $4,000 in Cincinnati yesterday.

It is said the Czar killed his aide, Count Reutern, because the latter had violated the sanctity of the imperial household.

West Clare (Ireland) landlords made a heavy reduction in rents yesterday, the decrease in some places amounting to 40 per cent.

Wm. Turner, a young farmer of Lebanon, Ky., was killed yesterday by Capt. N. R. Christie with a shot intended for Wm. Mills.

M. Gallet and his family, who forcibly took his daughter from the convent at Auxerre, France, were each fined yesterday for trespass.

A boiler explosion at Little Rock, Ark., yesterday, injured several persons and killed Frank Waters and Mr. and Mrs. George Chandler.

A freight elevator fell ninety feet yesterday in Boston. J. W. Knowles, Henry Currier and Simon Morris were seriously and probably fatally hurt.

Clerks in the departments in Washington have received a circular calling their attention to the Democratic campaign book which costs $100 per copy.

C. O. Gardiner, G. H. Tuttle and Timothy Sullivan, three students of Dartmouth College, were seriously hurt yesterday while at work on a memorial tower.

The aggregate length of all mail routes last year was 507,886 miles. In the railroad service there was an increase of eighty-one routes, amounting to 2,901 miles.

The attempt of the Nationalists to gain control of the Royal University Dublin, created an uproar yesterday in the University election. The nomination of T. P. O'Connor to a seat in the senate was badly defeated.

The diary of Bishop Hannington, recently massacred in Uganda, Africa, has been published in London, giving an account of the last week of his life, including the horrible treatment he was subjected to.

AN elegant Hunting Coat, Heavy Canvas, Leather bound, with Corduroy Collar, for three dollars and fifty cents, is one of the prevailing attractions of the season at C. & W. McClean's, 410-412 North Broadway.

The Twenty-five-dollar Gun they offer is also a popular institution. It is a double barrel breech-loader, sound, clean and well-made, and a close shooter.

SAFE AND SOUND.

Gave the Old Folks the Slip—Texas Topics.

GALVESTON, October 29.—Ned McGrath, a fisherman, who was supposed to have perished in the recent storm, turned up last night at the wharf with his sloop. He had sheltered in a bayou.

LAREDO, October 29.—John Laungale and Miss Carrie Reeves eloped yesterday from Burnett County. The relatives of the girl pursued them, but they were too late to prevent the marriage.

DALLAS, October 29.—The attendance at the two-fairs keeps up well. There is an excellent live stock exhibit. Last night there was a pyrotechnic display.

BONHAM, October 29.—John Galloway committed suicide yesterday in a barn by cutting his throat from ear to ear. He had been despondent for a long time.

PAIN is never felt after St. Jacobs Oil has been once used. It conquers pain.

PARTICULARLY

ATTRACTIVE

Are the thousands of fine Tailor-Made Suits we show this season for Men's Dress and Every-Day Wear. Fit and style of garments, style and quality of goods and trimmings considered, our prices are positively low.

PRINCE ALBERTS, 1 and 4 Button Cutaway Frocks, High Button, Low Roll, Straight Cut and Cutaway Sacks, in all the newest and most fashionable materials. Will you wear a ready-made Suit when you have a stock like ours to choose from, or have a Suit made to measure and pay tailors' prices, which are fully one-third higher than ours?

F. W. HUMPHREY & CO.

Fine Clothing, Hats and Furnishings for Men and Boys,

Northeast Cor. Broadway and Pine.

The Cheapest Shoe in Town! The Best Shoe in Town!

"SWOPE'S" $3 SHOE

For MEN, in BUTTON, LACE and CONGRESS STYLES. Now is your opportunity to get a pair of Genuine SEWED CALF SHOES for a small outlay of money.

JOEL SWOPE & BRO.

311 N. Fourth St.,

Make a specialty of this line of Shoes, and Guarantee Perfect Satisfaction in

STYLE, FIT and DURABLE QUALITIES.

$3.00 PER PAIR.

Send for Illustrated Catalogue.

WONDERS

WILL NEVER CEASE!

Ladies' French Kid Button Shoes, sold elsewhere for $5.00; our price	$3.50
Ladies' Fine Hand Turn Kid Button Shoes, reduced from $4.00 and $4.50 to	$2.75

Men's Boots and Shoes, Ladies', Misses', Children's and Infants' Shoes in endless variety and at such low figures which other dealers cannot touch.

STRICTLY ONE-PRICE HOUSE.

GLOBE Shoe Department.

705, 707, 709, 711 & 713 Franklin Avenue.

Open until 9 p. m.; Saturday, 11 p. m.

Oysters, Per Dozen, 25c.
Turkey, with Jelly, 25c.
Pork and Beans, 15c.

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118 N. Fourth Street.
712 Olive Street.
718 North Broadway.

HEALTH RESTORED.

Nervous Debility, Early Decay, Loss of Manhood, Wasting Weakness, Failing Body, Mind, &c., quickly and permanently cured. Our brochure containing full information of a remedy which will restore perfect health sent sealed by mail FREE to all afflicted. Address The Clarke Medical Co., East Haddam, Conn.

RAILROAD RACING.

The Van Zandt Tragedy—Weary of the World—Missouri Matters.

KANSAS CITY, October 29.—The inquest in the case of W. C. Parker, a railroad employe who was run over and killed by a construction train, developed the fact that trains on the Hannibal and Wabash tracks were racing at the time.

INDEPENDENCE, October 29.—Jeff and Van Bates, who were arrested in Kansas on the charge of complicity in the murder of John Van Zandt, arrived here last night in custody. The tenth annual session of the State Y. M. C. A. is being held here. Rev. M. Rhodes of St. Louis delivered an address last evening.

STURGEON, October 29.—Judge Urias H. Owings died last night after a short illness. He settled in Polk County in 1839. Geo. W. Smith of Harrisburg, Boone County, a victim of heart disease, committed suicide yesterday by hanging.

SEDALIA, October 29.—Judge Strother last evening denied the application for the appointment of a receiver for the Campbell Mercantile Company. The petition was presented by Curran Brothers.

BOONVILLE, October 29.—A St. Louis family of orphans separated for twenty years came together yesterday. Miss Annie Bucholtz accompanied Mrs. John R. Walker of this city to St. Louis and there discovered a clew to the whereabouts of her brother.

ROLLA, October 29.—Gov. Marmaduke visited this city yesterday and inspected the School of Mines.

"I WOULD not live always." No; not if disease is to make my life a daily burden. But it need not, good friend, and will not if you will be wise in time. How many of our loved ones are mouldering in the dust who might have been spared for years. The slight cough was unheeded, the many symptoms of disease that lurked within were slighted and death came. Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery" cannot recall the dead though it has snatched numbers from the verge of the grave, and will cure consumption in its earlier stages.

Capital Unlimited.

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Special Bargains in Diamonds, Watches, Fine Jewelry, Silverware, Clocks, Music Boxes, Guitars, Zanjos, Accordians, Violins, etc., Guns, Pistols, Poker Checks, Trunks, Traveling Bags, Clothing, etc. Highest amount loaned on the above. All goods warranted as represented.

BEN WALKER.

GOLD MEDAL, PARIS, 1878.

BAKER'S

Breakfast Cocoa.

Warranted *absolutely pure Cocoa*, from which the excess of Oil has been removed. It has *three times the strength* of Cocoa mixed with Starch, Arrowroot or Sugar, and is therefore far more economical, *costing less than one cent a cup*. It is delicious, nourishing, strengthening, easily digested, and admirably adapted for invalids as well as for persons in health.

Sold by Grocers everywhere.

W. BAKER & CO., Dorchester, Mass.

NEW PUBLICATIONS.

The Bartholdi Statue,

Its full history, how it was modeled, made and put together, were clearly described in ST. NICHOLAS Magazine of July, 1884, with profuse illustrations. Nowhere have better accounts been given of the Brooklyn Bridge, Bringing over the Obelisk, the Elevated Road, than in ST. NICHOLAS. It is a magazine for young folks, but its articles on practical subjects are read by young and old. The November number, just out, contains an illustrated description of "Boring for Oil." In December will appear "How a Great Battle-Panorama is Made," with many pictures. An early issue will contain an account of the natural gas-wells of Pennsylvania. November begins the volume, which costs $3.00 a year.

THE CENTURY CO., N. Y.

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KENTUCKY MAN OF WEALTH AND A Life experience. Remarkable and quick cures. Trial package. Consultation and Books by mail FREE. Address Dr. WARD & CO., LOUISIANA, MO.

MANHOOD RESTORED. A victim of youthful indiscretion, Premature Decay, Nervous Debility, Lost Manhood, etc., having tried in vain every known remedy, has discovered a simple means of self-cure, which he will send FREE to his fellow-sufferers. Address J. H. REEVES, 43d 45th Street, New York City.